THE DISCIPLESHIP EVANGELISM COURSE

48-lessons

Condensed Version and Workbook

by

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with Andrew Wommack
Unless otherwise indicated, all Scripture quotations are taken from the *King James* Version of the Bible.

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One of the most familiar passages of Scripture is John 3:16. It seems like everybody knows that verse from a young age, yet I believe it has really been misunderstood and misapplied. John 3:16 says, “For God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish but have everlasting life.”

Traditionally, this scripture has been used to teach that Jesus came and died for our sins so that we wouldn’t perish. As true as this is, this verse is saying that the real purpose of Jesus coming to this earth and dying for us was so that we could have everlasting life. It just so happened that our sins were a barrier that stood between us and this everlasting life.

It is true that Jesus did die for our sins, and it is true that if we believe on Jesus, we will not perish, but there is much more to the Gospel than that. The real message of the Gospel is that God wants to give you everlasting life. Now let me explain that.

The night before His crucifixion, Jesus was praying, and He said this, “This is life eternal, that they might know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ” (John 17:3).

This says that everlasting life is knowing the Father, the only true God, and knowing Jesus Christ, whom He has sent. That’s what everlasting life is. Many people think that everlasting life is living forever. Well, every person lives forever. It’s a misconception to think that when a person dies they cease to exist. The spirit and the soul go back to God. The body decays in the grave. The truth is, every person who has ever lived on the face of the earth will continue to live in spirit form. So to say that eternal life is living forever is not the whole truth – everybody lives forever. This verse makes it very clear that eternal life is not given to everyone.

Some people would say, “Eternal life is living forever in heaven versus living forever in hell.” But eternal life is just what Jesus said in John 17:3 – to know God and Jesus Christ. It’s more than an intellectual knowledge. This word “know” is used throughout Scripture to describe the most intimate, personal relationship that you can have.

The real purpose of salvation is not living forever in heaven, as great as that will be. The real purpose of salvation is to have intimacy – a personal relationship with the Lord God. There are multitudes of people who have cried out to God for the forgiveness of their sins but have never had intimacy with God as a goal.

By not explaining the real purpose of salvation, we are doing a disservice to the Gospel. When we present salvation as something that deals with just spiritual things that will only benefit us in the future, in eternity, we are not helping people. There are some people who are living in such a literal hell right now on earth. Many are depressed, living in poverty, dealing with strife, rejection, hurt, and failed marriages. People are just trying to survive day to day. They are just trying to keep their heads above water. By making salvation something that deals only with the future, many people put off that decision.
because they are too busy just trying to survive today.

The truth is that Jesus not only came to affect our eternal destinies so that we can live forever in heaven in blessing instead of the punishment and curse of hell, but Jesus also came to deliver us from this present evil world (Gal. 1:4). Jesus came to give you intimacy and a personal relationship with God the Father today.

Jesus came to bring you back into close, personal relationship with Him. Jesus loves you. Jesus wants to know you personally. Jesus wants to give you a quality of life that is greater than anything you could obtain through any other source.

Jesus put it this way in John 10:10: “The thief [speaking of Satan] cometh not, but for to steal, and to kill and to destroy: I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly” (brackets mine). God wants to give you eternal life. God wants to give you abundant life, and I believe that you need that today – that you want that. Christ died not only to forgive your sins, but to bring you close to him. If you don’t know the Lord, you need to know Him for that purpose. If you’ve already been born again, you need to go beyond just getting your sins forgiven and enter into everlasting life with the Father.

**Facts about Eternal Life**

A. The purpose of the Gospel is eternal life. (John 3:16).
B. Eternal life is knowing God. (John 17:3).
C. Knowing God is an intimate relationship. (1 Cor. 6:16-17).
D. Eternal life is available now. (1 John 5:12).
E. God wants a personal relationship with you. (Rev. 3:20).

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read John 3:16. What was the purpose of God sending Jesus into the world?

2. The biblical usage of the word “know” means to have an intimate, personal relationship with a person (Gen. 4:1). Read John 17:3. What is eternal/everlasting life, according to this verse?

3. Read 1 John 5:11-12. According to these verses, when does eternal, or everlasting, life begin?

4. Read John 10:10. What kind of life did Jesus come to give us?

5. Explain in your own words the quality or attributes of an abundant life.

6. Do you believe that God sent His Son Jesus into the world to die for the sins of the world, thereby giving us who believe eternal/everlasting life?

7. Is it clear to you that eternal/everlasting life is not only a length of time (eternity) but a quality and quantity of life?
Scriptures to Use with Questions

John 3:16 – “For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life.”

Genesis 4:1 – “And Adam knew Eve his wife; and she conceived, and bare Cain, and said, I have gotten a man from the LORD.”

John 17:3 – “And this is life eternal [eternal life], that they might know thee the only true God, and Jesus Christ” (brackets mine).

1 John 5:11-12 – “[11] And this is the record, that God hath given us eternal life, and this life is in his Son. [12] He that hath the Son hath life; and he that hath not the Son of God hath not life.”

John 10:10 – “The thief cometh not, but for to steal, and to kill, and to destroy: I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly.”

Answer Key

1. Read John 3:16. What was the purpose of God sending Jesus into the world? To save the world, giving all who believe on Jesus everlasting life by removing sin’s penalty.

2. The biblical usage of the word “know” means to have an intimate, personal relationship with a person (Gen. 4:1). Read John 17:3. What is eternal/everlasting life, according to this verse? Eternal life is knowing God and Jesus Christ (not physically but intimately).

3. Read 1 John 5:11-12. According to these verses, when does eternal/everlasting life begin? When we receive the Son (Jesus Christ) into our lives.

4. Read John 10:10. What kind of life did Jesus come to give us? Abundant life!

5. Explain in your own words the qualities or attributes of an abundant life. Abundant life would be the opposite of what Jesus said the thief came to do.

6. Do you believe that God sent His Son Jesus into the world to die for the sins of the world, thereby giving us who believe eternal/everlasting life? Yes.

7. Is it clear to you that eternal/everlasting life is not only a length of time (eternity) but a quality and quantity of life? Yes.
Jesus many times used parables, stories which illustrated spiritual truths. Luke 18:9-14 begins, “And he spake this parable unto certain which trusted in themselves that they were righteous, and despised others.” Jesus was targeting a certain audience: those who trusted that they were righteous and automatically despised and looked down on everyone else. He told this parable to these people who trusted in the things they did. We would call them self-righteous, which is what Jesus was speaking about when He said they looked down on everyone else saying, “I am better than you!”

In verse 10, Jesus says, “Two men went up into the temple to pray; the one a Pharisee, and the other a publican.” We would say in modern language that they went to the church to pray, and one was a Pharisee. A Pharisee was a very religious person. The word actually means “separated one”, someone who was so religious that in a sense they would say, “Don’t defile me! Don’t get too close to me. I’m not like other men! I am better than everyone else!” The other man Jesus mentioned was a publican. Publicans were tax collectors and were known to be very evil, sinful people who cheated and defrauded. They collected taxes by any means they could, stuck a lot of the money in their pockets, and gave some of it to the Roman government, so they were not looked upon favourably by their peers.

The story continues in verse 11, “The Pharisee stood and prayed thus with himself, God, I thank thee, that I am not like other men are, extortioners, unjust, adulterers, or even as this publican.” I want you to notice that. Who was he praying to? He was actually praying to himself even though he was saying “God” and using the right words. God was not acknowledging his prayer, and we’ll see later why that was so. Notice that he prayed, “God, I thank You I am not like other men.” This Pharisee, this religious man, said, “I am not like other men. I am not sinful. I am not an extortioner, not unjust, not an adulterer, and I am not like this publican right here who came to pray.” You see, he despised and looked down on others because he thought he was better than them.

In verse 12, the Pharisee said, “I fast twice in the week, I give tithes of all that I possess.” He was saying, “Notice what I do?” Do you know what it means to fast? It actually means to go without food. He also gave money to the church. He was one of those people who say, “Don’t bother me! I live a good life! I give to charity! I give money down at the church!”

Then we come to the tax collector in verse 13: “And the publican, standing afar off, would not lift up so much as his eyes unto heaven, but smote upon his breast, saying, God be merciful to me a sinner.” Notice his body language: “standing afar off”. He didn’t even go all the way into the church. He was so ashamed of his life and the things that he had done that he stood afar off and wouldn’t even look up, wouldn’t lift his eyes to heaven, but smote his breast. When the Bible talks of smiting the breasts in the Old Testament, many times they also tore their garments, which was a way of saying, “I am sorry, God, for what I have done!” It was a sign of repentance, a contrite heart, and a broken spirit, which God would not despise. This tax collector, sinful man that he was, cried out to God and prayed, “God be merciful to me, I am a sinner!”
Verse 14 says, “I tell you, this man went down to his house justified rather than the other: for every one that exalteth himself shall be abased; and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted.” The publican went home justified, declared righteous before God, in right-standing with God, forgiven by God. Why was he forgiven? Why did he go to his home in right standing before God and not the religious Pharisee? It was because the Pharisee exalted himself, saying “I am better than other people! I am not sinful! I am not like other men,” while the tax collector knew he had no standing before God, nothing he could offer Him. He was a sinful person. The Bible says Jesus didn’t come to save righteous people but sinners, and we have all sinned and come short of the glory of God. This tax collector humbled himself and found forgiveness and pardon.

We’re talking about salvation by grace. Grace is a wonderful word, and I am going to give you an accepted definition of what it means, but grace means much more. In the Greek language in which the New Testament was written, grace is the word charis. An accepted definition of grace is this: the free, unmerited favour of God toward people who don’t deserve it. This tax collector didn’t deserve anything from God, but he found God’s favour because he humbled himself. There is another word in the Greek, charisma, which is charis with the suffix ma on the end. It means a specific manifestation or form of God’s grace, and this tax collector found justification, right standing, before God as a gift.

Romans 5:17 says, “They which receive abundance of grace and of the gift of righteousness shall reign in life by one, Jesus Christ.” God offers you and me right standing before Him as a gift and, according to our passage, the tax collector found that gift of justification, that gift of righteousness that only comes through Jesus Christ. The Bible says in John 1:17, “For the law was given by Moses, but grace and truth came by Jesus Christ.” This grace is only offered to one kind of person – those who humble themselves and know they have no standing before God, who cry for God’s mercy. These people will find God’s mercy and pardon.

Discipleship Questions


3. Read Luke 18:9 (the last part of the verse). People that are self-righteous always reveal an attitude toward others. According to Luke 18:9, what is that attitude?
   A. They like others.
   B. They despise others or look down on others.
   C. They love others.

4. Read Luke 18:10. Two people went to pray; in modern language, where did they go to pray? ______________________________________________________________

5. Read Luke 18:10. Who were these people? ________________________________

6. Read Luke 18:11. What was the Pharisee’s prayer? __________________________


9. Read Luke 18:13. Where was the tax collector standing? __________________ Why?
_________________________________________________________________

10. Read Luke 18:13. Why did the tax collector hang down his head and not look up?
_________________________________________________________________

11. Read Luke 18:13. What was this tax collector’s prayer? ______________________

12. Read Luke 18:14. Which one of these men was declared righteous before God when he
went to his home? _______________________________________________________

13. Read Luke 18:14. Why was the tax collector declared righteous and not the Pharisee?
_________________________________________________________________


15. Read Romans 10:13. If you right now got down on your knees and cried out to God
from your heart “God be merciful to me, a sinner,” would God treat you the same way
He treated the tax collector? _____________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Luke 18:9 – “And he spake this parable unto certain which trusted in themselves that they
were righteous, and despised others.”

Luke 18:10 – “Two men went up into the temple to pray; the one a Pharisee and the other a
publican.”

Luke 18:11 – “The Pharisee stood and prayed thus with himself, God, I thank thee, that I
am not as other men are, extortioners, unjust, adulterers, or even this publican.”

Luke 18:12 – “I fast twice in the week, I give tithes of all that I possess.”

Luke 18:13 – “And the publican, standing afar off, would not lift up so much as his eyes
unto heaven, but smote upon his breast, saying, God be merciful to me a sinner.”

Luke 18:14 – “I tell you, this man went down to his house justified rather than the other: for
every one that exalteth himself shall be abased; and he that humbleth himself shall be
exalted.”

Romans 10:13 – “For whosoever shall call upon the name of the Lord shall be saved.”

1 John 1:8-9 – “If we say that we have no sin, we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not in
us. If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us
from all unrighteousness.”

**Answer Key**

1. Read Luke 18:9. What is a parable? A **biblical parable is a story that illustrates**
**spiritual truth.**
2. Read Luke 18:9. To whom did Jesus direct this parable? **To those who trusted in
themselves that they were righteous; that is, they were self-righteous.**
3. Read Luke 18:9 (the last part of the verse). People that are self-righteous always reveal an attitude toward others. According to Luke 18:9, what is that attitude? **B. They despise others or look down on others.**

4. Read Luke 18:10. Two people went to pray; in modern language, where did they go to pray? **To the church.**

5. Read Luke 18:10. Who were these people? **A Pharisee and a publican/tax collector.**

6. Read Luke 18:11. What was the Pharisee’s prayer? **God, I thank you I am not like other men (I’m not a sinner). I’m not a swindler, unjust, an adulterer, or even like this tax collector.**


8. Read Luke 18:12. What does it mean to give tithes? **To give a tenth of one’s income.**

9. Read Luke 18:13. Where was the tax collector standing? **Afar off.** Why? **He was ashamed to go into the church (or temple) because he was such a terrible sinner, so he stayed outside.**

10. Read Luke 18:13. Why did the tax collector hang down his head and not look up? **He was ashamed. Have you ever done something wrong and would not look a person in the face?**

11. Read Luke 18:13. What was this tax collector’s prayer? **God be merciful to me; I am a sinner!**

12. Read Luke 18:14. Which one of these men was declared righteous before God when he went to his home? **The tax collector.**

13. Read Luke 18:14. Why was the tax collector declared righteous and not the Pharisee? **Because he humbled himself before God. The Pharisee was full of pride; he didn’t think he needed a Saviour.**


15. Read Romans 10:13. If you right now got down on your knees and cried out to God from your heart “God be merciful to me, a sinner,” would God treat you the same way He treated the tax collector? **Yes, He would. He would forgive me and cleanse me from all unrighteousness. See 1 John 1:8-9.**
Today we are going to look at the subject of righteousness by grace. Romans 3:21-23 says, “But now the righteousness of God without the law is manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets; Even the righteousness of God which is by faith of Jesus Christ unto all and upon all them that believe: for there is no difference [distinction]: For all have sinned, and come [fall] short of the glory of God” (brackets mine).

Notice that this scripture says, “But now the righteousness of God without the law is manifested.” I once asked a man, “What do you think you have to do in order to go to heaven?” He responded that he should keep the Ten Commandments, be faithful to his wife, live a moral life, plus a number of other things. I said, “Do you know what you have to do in order to go to heaven, to be in God’s presence or in His kingdom? You would have to have a righteousness that equals God’s righteousness.” He said, “I beg your pardon? There is no one who can have a righteousness that equals God’s. Only one man had such righteousness, and that was Jesus Christ!” I said, “You have the point! That is exactly right! None of us in our own selves have ever kept the Law or commandments perfectly, outwardly or inwardly, but we need a righteousness that equals God’s in order to be acceptable before Him.”

That is exactly what is said in verses 21-22, “But now the righteousness of God without the law is manifested...even the righteousness of God which is by faith of Jesus Christ unto all and upon all them that believe...” The kind of righteousness that God offers you and me is a righteousness that is “through faith in Jesus Christ”, and it’s unto all and upon all who believe. There are two kinds of righteousness – the righteousness of man and the righteousness of God. The righteousness of man is a person’s very best behaviour and the good works they do, but that can’t make you acceptable before God. You need a righteousness that equals God’s, and He is offering it to you – the righteousness of God that is without the law.

In the Greek, there is no definite article, which means that this text is really saying God is offering His own righteousness without Law. A righteousness that is according to Law is a righteousness of doing, earning, and achieving in order to be accepted before God. All the world religions today think you have to do, earn, and achieve in order for God to accept you. The word “Gospel” means “good news”, and the good news of the Gospel is that God is offering His very own righteousness and acceptance to all who will believe in what Jesus Christ provided – His death on the cross for our sins, imputing to us the righteousness that equals the Law. This is the righteousness of God that is apart from the Law, without us doing, earning, and achieving; and it comes through faith in Jesus Christ.

Notice in verse 22 that it is the righteousness of God that is through faith in Jesus Christ unto all and upon all. Why is God offering His righteousness to everyone? “For there is no difference [no distinction]: For all have sinned, and come short of the glory of God” (brackets mine). You have sinned, I have sinned, and we all come short of God’s standard or perfection. Because of our sin, the greatest thing we need is acceptance, right relationship, and right standing with God … and God has offered this not through the works of the Law but through faith in Jesus Christ. The righteousness of God doesn’t come by your working, your trying, your earning, or your attempts to achieve; it comes through faith, dependence,
and reliance upon the Lord Jesus Christ.

How was Abraham (the Jewish forefather) saved? The Bible says he believed God – believed the promise God gave him – and then righteousness was imputed to his account. The fact that Abraham was declared righteous before God through his faith was not just for him alone. We read in Romans 3:21-22 that a man is declared righteous through his faith in Jesus Christ. The Bible says that because of the payment Christ made on the cross when He shed His blood for our sin, righteousness (right standing) will be imputed to any person’s account who simply believes upon Christ.

Romans 5:17 says, “For if by one man’s offence death reigned by one; much more that which receive abundance of grace and of the gift of righteousness shall reign in life by one, Jesus Christ” (emphasis mine). God is offering you a gift of righteousness, a gift of right standing before Him. A gift does cost something but not to the person who receives it. If you gave me a gift and asked me to pay for it, it wouldn’t be a gift, but it did cost you something. God made righteousness available to you and me as a gift, and this gift of righteousness, acquittal, and right standing before God comes through faith in Jesus Christ.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Titus 3:5. Is the righteousness that we need a righteousness that we can produce?

2. Read 2 Corinthians 5:21. What kind of righteousness do we need?

3. Read Romans 3:22. How do we receive this righteousness?

4. Read Philippians 3:9. What is the righteousness of the Law?

5. Read Galatians 2:21. How could we frustrate God’s grace?

6. Read Romans 5:17. The righteousness of God is received as what?

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Titus 3:5 – “Not by works of righteousness which we have done, but according to his mercy he saved us, by the washing of regeneration, and renewing of the Holy Ghost.”

2 Corinthians 5:21 – “For he hath made him to be sin for us, who knew no sin; that we might be made the righteousness of God in him.”

Romans 3:22 – “Even the righteousness of God which is by faith of Jesus Christ unto all and upon all them that believe: for there is no difference.”

Philippians 3:9 – “And be found in him, not having mine own righteousness, which is of the law, but that which is through the faith of Christ, the righteousness which is of God by faith.”

Galatians 2:21 – “I do not frustrate the grace of God: for if righteousness come by the law, then Christ is dead in vain.”
Romans 5:17 – “For if by one man’s offence death reigned by one; much more that which receive abundance of grace and of the gift of righteousness shall reign in life by one, Jesus Christ.”

Answer Key

1. Read Titus 3:5. Is the righteousness that we need a righteousness that we can produce? No.

2. Read 2 Corinthians 5:21. What kind of righteousness do we need? The righteousness of God (that comes through Christ).


4. Read Philippians 3:9. What is the righteousness of the Law? A righteousness belonging to me – a works righteousness that I can produce.

5. Read Galatians 2:21. How could we frustrate God’s grace? We could frustrate God’s grace by trying to be saved by our own good works instead of trusting Christ and His death for us for our salvation.

6. Read Romans 5:17. The righteousness of God is received as what? A gift.
One of the most important things about relationship is to understand the person with whom you’re going to have relationship, and that also applies to God. You need to understand the basic nature and character of God in order to have a healthy relationship with Him. Misunderstanding His character and nature is one of the reasons many people don’t have a positive relationship with Him. This is exactly what happened in the Garden of Eden when Adam and Eve were tempted by the serpent. They entered into temptation, ultimately disobeyed God, and plunged the whole human race into sin. Their lack of understanding God’s nature was actually a part of the temptation.

The story in Genesis 3:1-5 is familiar to most people: “Now the serpent was more subtle than any beast of the field which the Lord God had made. And he said unto the woman, Yea, hath God said, Ye shall not eat of every tree in the garden? And the woman said unto the serpent, We may eat of the fruit of the trees of the garden: But of the fruit of the tree which is in the midst of the garden, God hath said, Ye shall not eat of it, neither shall ye touch it, lest ye die. And the serpent said unto the woman, Ye shall not surely die: For God doth know that in the day ye eat thereof, then your eyes shall be opened, and ye shall be as gods [God], knowing good and evil” (brackets mine).

There is a subtle statement by Satan here that God is really not a good God … that He was trying to withhold something from Adam and Eve … that He didn’t want them to reach their full potential … that He didn’t want them to be like Himself … and that the reason He made the rule about not eating of the Tree of the Knowledge of Good and Evil was to hinder or hurt them. In a sense, Satan came against the very nature and character of God when he maligned Him by saying God did not want the best for them. The same thing is exactly what’s happening to people today. Satan tells them, “If you follow God and don’t experiment with all these things that are contrary to His Word, you’ll never experience true happiness. Life will be boring … dead.” The sad fact is that people try various experiences such as drugs, alcohol, sex, rebellion, indulgence of self, success in jobs, and many others, and by the time they realise that they do not give the desired satisfaction, they’ve already destroyed their lives, their families, and their health.

The truth is that God is a good God, and His will for us is only good. But Satan uses the same temptations on us today that came against Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden, basically implying that God is not a good God. Those who have only a little understanding of the Bible could get that impression because there are instances in the Word where He treated people in harsh, cruel ways. In Numbers 15:32-36, a man picked up sticks on the Sabbath Day and was stoned to death for failing to observe the Sabbath. That sounds harsh, but there was a purpose behind such punishments, though it’s not obvious to most people in a casual reading of Scripture. Careful study reveals that Old Testament Law was given to make the sin that we’ve committed become exceedingly sinful, as Paul says in Romans 7:13. The purpose was that people didn’t realise how deadly their transgressions were and that they were an offence against God. They made the mistake of comparing among themselves and measuring their actions by what other people were doing.

If someone committed a sin and wasn’t struck dead, they thought sin must not be so
bad, and they lowered their standards. They had lost the true perspective on what right and wrong was. God had to bring mankind back to a plumb line, a proper standard of what right living was, so they would reject the devil and his temptations and recognise what the end result of wrong choices would be. Then when He did that, He had to enforce the Law He gave.

God did not give the Old Testament commandments for the purpose of saying, “Until you do all these things, I can’t accept you or love you.” That is not His nature or character. Rather, He gave them to make our sense of right and wrong more acute and to bring us back to the fact that we need a Saviour. The problem has been that people thought God was demanding perfection before He could love them, which led to the attitude many have that His love for them is directly proportional to their performance. They feel that until they try to do everything exactly right, they will not be accepted by God, and that is not the message of the Bible.

God’s heart is to reconcile mankind to Himself not to judge them…not to impute their sins…not to hold their sins against them. That’s the heart of God for people in the Bible and also His heart for you today. You need to understand His real heart, that “God is love” (1 John 4:8). He seeks to take away your sins and anything that would separate you from Him. He’s already done it through Jesus, and He’s offering you relationship today, not based on your performance but on your faith and acceptance of Jesus bearing your sins. You can have relationship with God today regardless of the failures in your life. All He asks is that you put your faith in the Lord Jesus Christ.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read Genesis 3:1. What question did Satan ask Eve?

2. Read Genesis 2:17 and Genesis 3:3. What word or words did Eve add to what God actually said to Adam?

3. Read Genesis 3:6. Once Satan was able to instil doubt into Eve’s mind regarding the Word of God, what did she do in this verse?

4. Read Genesis 3:9-10. After Adam and Eve sinned, did God still communicate and pursue a relationship with them?

5. Read Genesis 3:22-24. Why did God drive Adam and Eve from the Garden?

6. Can you see that this was an act of mercy by God rather than a punishment?

7. Read Romans 5:17. How do we attain God’s abundance of grace and gift of righteousness?
   A. Buy it
   B. Earn it
   C. Receive it

8. Read Romans 6:23. What do we really deserve if we sin?
9. By grace, what does God give us instead?
___________________________________________________________________

10. Read Romans 10:3. If we try to establish our own righteousness before God, what do we fail to do?  
___________________________________________________________________

11. Read 1 John 1:9 and Romans 4:3. What does God promise to do with ALL our sins and iniquities against Him if we would only believe?  
___________________________________________________________________

12. What does this tell you about the character of God?  
___________________________________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Genesis 3:1 – “Now the serpent was more subtle than any beast of the field which the LORD God had made. And he said unto the woman, Yea, hath God said, Ye shall not eat of every tree of the garden?”

Genesis 2:17 – “But of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil, thou shalt not eat of it: for in the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die.”

Genesis 3:3 – “But of the fruit of the tree which is in the midst of the garden, God hath said, Ye shall not eat of it, neither shall ye touch it, lest ye die.”

Genesis 3:6 – “And when the woman saw that the tree was good for food, and that it was pleasant to the eyes, and a tree to be desired to make one wise, she took of the fruit thereof, and did eat, and gave also unto her husband with her; and he did eat.”

Genesis 3:9-10 – “[9] And the LORD God called unto Adam, and said unto him, Where art thou? [10] And he said, I heard thy voice in the garden, and I was afraid, because I was naked; and I hid myself.”

Genesis 3:22-24 – “[22] And the LORD God said, Behold, the man is become as one of us, to know good and evil: and now, lest he put forth his hand, and take also of the tree of life, and eat, and live for ever: [23] Therefore the LORD God sent him forth from the garden of Eden, to till the ground from whence he was taken. [24] So he drove out the man; and he placed at the east of the garden of Eden Cherubims, and a flaming sword which turned every way, to keep the way of the tree of life.”

Romans 5:17 – “For if by one man’s offence death reigned by one; much more they which receive abundance of grace and of the gift of righteousness shall reign in life by one, Jesus Christ.”

Romans 6:23 – “For the wages of sin is death; but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord.”

Romans 10:3 – “For they being ignorant of God’s righteousness, and going about to establish their own righteousness, have not submitted themselves unto the righteousness of God.”

1 John 1:9 – “If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness.”
Romans 4:3 – “For what saith the scripture? Abraham believed God, and it was counted unto him for righteousness.”

Answer Key

1. Read Genesis 3:1. What question did Satan ask Eve? “Hath God said, Ye shall not eat of every tree in the garden?”

2. Read Genesis 2:17 and Genesis 3:3. What word or words did Eve add to what God actually said to Adam? That they shouldn’t touch it.

3. Read Genesis 3:6. Once Satan was able to instil doubt into Eve’s mind regarding the Word of God, what did she do in this verse? Took and ate of the Tree.

4. Read Genesis 3:9-10. After Adam and Eve sinned, did God still communicate and pursue a relationship with them? Yes.


6. Can you see that this was an act of mercy by God rather than a punishment? Yes.

7. Read Romans 5:17. How do we attain God’s abundance of grace and gift of righteousness? C. Receive it


10. Read Romans 10:3. If we try to establish our own righteousness before God, what do we fail to do? Submit to Jesus as our righteousness.

11. Read 1 John 1:9 and Romans 4:3. What does God promise to do with ALL our sins and iniquities against Him if we would only believe? Remove them, forget them, and forgive them.

12. What does this tell you about the character of God? That He is merciful and loving.
To have a positive relationship with the Lord, we must know His nature and His real character. Is He angry because of our sin, or is He a merciful God who wants to give us His life and blessing, independent of our performance? The Scriptures actually give us two different views of God, not that He has ever changed or done anything differently. There was a period of time that in the terminology used in the Bible, God “held men’s sins against them.”

This can be compared to raising children. When they’re very young, it isn’t possible to reason with them, to tell them why they should act properly or why they shouldn’t be selfish and take toys away from their brothers or sisters. They have to be told the rules and, if they break them, be disciplined. The rules have to be enforced even though they don’t know about God and the devil, or that they’re giving place to the devil when they are selfish. They may not understand the concepts, but they can understand that if they repeat the action, they will be punished.

In a sense, that’s what the Lord did with the Old Testament. Before people were born again, they didn’t have the spiritual perception we have under the New Covenant, so He had to give laws and enforce them with punishment, sometimes even death, to deter them from sin. Because Satan was destroying people through sin, there had to be restraints placed on sin, and they had to be enforced. Although this left the false impression that God didn’t really love us because of our sin, that is not what the Word of God teaches. Romans 5:13 says, “Until the law sin was in the world: but sin is not imputed where there is no law.” “Until the law” means until the days of Moses when God gave the Ten Commandments and other ceremonial laws that applied to the Jewish nation. Up until that time, sin was in the world but wasn’t imputed. The word “impute” is a bookkeeping term; e.g., you go to the store to buy something and say, “Put it on my tab.” When it is put on your tab, it is recorded and charged against your account, and the purchase is imputed to you. If they failed to impute it, that means it wasn’t recorded and held against you.

This verse is saying that until the time the Ten Commandments came, sin was not being held against people. That’s an amazing statement. Look at Genesis 3 and 4. Most people have the concept that when Adam and Eve sinned against God, because He was holy and man was now sinful, He could have nothing to do with sinful mankind. They think God drove man out of the Garden to remove him from His presence because a Holy God couldn’t have anything to do with unholy man. They further think that until you clean up your act through right actions, God once again cannot have any relationship with you. That is contrary to the message Jesus brought. Romans 5:8 says God commended His love toward you, and while you were yet a sinner, Christ died for you; so the New Testament teaches that God extended His love to you while you were living in sin, not after you have cleaned up your act. One of the great truths of the Gospel that will change your life is to understand that God loves you just like you are. He loves you so much that if you receive His love, you won’t want to stay as you are. You will change, but you’ll change as a by-product of God’s love not in order to get His love.

In Genesis 4 you can see that God was still fellowshipping with man, still talking with Adam and Eve even after they sinned. He talked with Cain and Abel, and when they
came to offer sacrifices to Him, He spoke to them in an audible voice. By their reaction, we can see that they were accustomed to hearing His voice, and it didn’t scare them. When Cain killed his brother Abel and became the first murderer on the earth, God’s audible voice came from heaven: “Where is your brother Abel?” Cain lied to God, seemingly without compunction. That can happen only if a person is so used to hearing the voice of God that they take it for granted and have no fear of it. All this says is that God was still fellowshipping with mankind and had not broken fellowship, as is commonly believed. He was not imputing man’s sins to him. Does that mean that He condoned their sins or that they were not wrong? No, that’s the reason He eventually gave the Law. God had to give the Law to bring man back to a proper standard. God had to show man that he needs a Saviour and that he has to humble himself and receive forgiveness as a gift. Sadly, religion has manipulated and controlled these things to teach that the Law was given so you can keep it and thereby earn God’s forgiveness and acceptance. No! The purpose of Old Testament Law was to magnify your sin to such a degree that you would despair of ever saving yourself and say, “God, if this is your standard of holiness, I can’t do it. Forgive me, have mercy on me.” The overall nature of God has always been love.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Romans 5:13. What does the word “impute” mean? ______________________

2. Read Romans 7:7. What was the purpose of the Law? _________________________

3. Read Galatians 3:24. According to this verse, what was the purpose of the Law? _______________________

4. Read John 8:1-11. How did Jesus deal with the woman caught in adultery? _________________________

5. Did Jesus’ words and actions reflect the true nature of God? See John 3:34. _______________________

6. Read 1 John 4:8. According to this verse, what is the true nature of God? ______

7. Read Romans 5:6. God’s love was directed toward us when we were what? ______

8. Read Romans 5:8. God loved us while we were what? _________________________

9. Read Romans 5:10. God loved us while we were what? _________________________

10. If you asked Jesus Christ to forgive you and be your Saviour and Lord, trusting Jesus’ sacrifice as payment for your sin, would God show you His true nature of mercy and grace? ______________________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Romans 5:13 – “For until the law sin was in the world: but sin is not imputed when there is no law.”

Romans 7:7 – “What shall we say then? Is the law sin? God forbid. Nay, I had not known sin, but by the law: for I had not known lust, except the law had said, Thou shalt not covet.”
Galatians 3:24 – “Wherefore the law was our schoolmaster to bring us unto Christ, that we might be justified by faith.”

John 8:1-11 – “[1] Jesus went unto the mount of Olives. [2] And early in the morning he came again into the temple, and all the people came unto him; and he sat down, and taught them. [3] And the scribes and Pharisees brought unto him a woman taken in adultery; and when they had set her in the midst, [4] They say unto him, Master, this woman was taken in adultery, in the very act. [5] Now Moses in the law commanded us, that such should be stoned: but what sayest thou? [6] This they said, tempting him, that they might have to accuse him. But Jesus stooped down, and with his finger wrote on the ground, as though he heard them not. [7] So when they continued asking him, he lifted up himself, and said unto them, He that is without sin among you, let him first cast a stone at her. [8] And again he stooped down, and wrote on the ground. [9] And they which heard it, being convicted by their own conscience, went out one by one, beginning at the eldest, even unto the last: and Jesus was left alone, and the woman standing in the midst. [10] When Jesus had lifted up himself, and saw none but the woman, he said unto her, Woman, where are those thine accusers? hath no man condemned thee? [11] She said, No man, Lord. And Jesus said unto her, Neither do I condemn thee: go, and sin no more.”

John 3:34 – “For he whom God hath sent speaketh the words of God: for God giveth not the Spirit by measure unto him.”

1 John 4:8 – “He that loveth not knoweth not God; for God is love.”

Romans 5:6 – “For when we were yet without strength, in due time Christ died for the ungodly.”

Romans 5:8 – “But God commendeth his love toward us, in that, while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us.”

Romans 5:10 – “For if, when we were enemies, we were reconciled to God by the death of his Son, much more, being reconciled, we shall be saved by his life.”

**Answer Key**

1. Read Romans 5:13. What does the word “impute” mean? **To charge to one’s account.**

2. Read Romans 7:7. What was the purpose of the Law? **To make sin known.**

3. Read Galatians 3:24. According to this verse, what was the purpose of the Law? **To show mankind their need of the Saviour, Jesus Christ.**

4. Read John 8:1-11. How did Jesus deal with the woman caught in adultery? **In mercy and grace.**

5. Did Jesus’ words and actions reflect the true nature of God? See John 3:34. **Yes.**

6. Read 1 John 4:8. According to this verse, what is the true nature of God? **Love.**

7. Read Romans 5:6. God’s love was directed toward us when we were what? **Without strength; i.e., helpless and ungodly.**

8. Read Romans 5:8. God loved us while we were what? **Sinners.**
9. Read Romans 5:10. God loved us while we were what? Enemies.

10. If you asked Jesus Christ to forgive you and be your Saviour and Lord, trusting Jesus’ sacrifice as payment for your sin, would God show you His true nature of mercy and grace? Yes.
REPENTANCE
By Don Krow

Some people have a misunderstanding of what repentance is. Repentance is not perfection but a change in direction. We’re going to talk about the parable of the prodigal son, or the lost son. Jesus is telling a story that perfectly illustrates what it means for an individual to repent. In Luke 15:11-12 Jesus said, “And he said, A certain man had two sons: And the younger of them said to his father, Father, give me the portion of goods that falleth to me. And he divided unto them his living.”

The younger son wanted his inheritance before his father died, which is quite unusual, but his father granted the request and gave his sons their inheritance. Verse 13 says, “And not many days after the younger son gathered all together, and took his journey into a far country, and there wasted his substance with riotous living.” The younger son took all of his wealth, his part of the inheritance, went into a distant country, and wasted it in riotous living. One translation says, “partying and spending the money on prostitutes.”

Verses 14-15 read, “And when he had spent all, there arose a mighty famine in that land [The land became destitute and people were starving]: and he began to be in want. And he went and joined himself to a citizen of that country; and he sent him into his fields to feed swine” (brackets mine). He got a job working for a man in that country and was sent to feed the pigs. Verse 16 says, “And he would fain have filled his belly with the husks of that the swine did eat: and no man gave unto him.” He was so hungry, at the point of starvation, and he said “just give me the pig’s food – anything,” but no one gave him anything. He had squandered all of his inheritance. Verse 17 continues, “And when he came to himself, he said, How many hired servants of my father’s have bread enough and to spare, and I perish with hunger!” One translation says, “when he came to his senses.” In other words, his father’s servants had more than enough food, and he was dying from hunger.

He made a decision; he repented. Repentance is a change of mind, a change of heart that causes a person to turn around and move in a new direction. In verses 18-19, he said, “I will arise and go to my father, and will say unto him, Father, I have sinned against heaven, and before thee, And am no more worthy to be called thy son: make me as one of thy hired servants.” “Just make me a slave, father. I’ve sinned against you, squandered your living, and sinned against God. Just make me a slave.” Then he rose and went to his father.

Repentance is more than just a change of attitude, a change of mind, and a change of heart; it leads a person to act on what they believe, to turn around (or return) and go in a new direction. We’ve all turned away from God, our Father, and from heaven, our home. The Bible says in Isaiah 53:6 that “all we like sheep have gone astray; we have turned every one to his own way,” but God in His mercy took our sins and laid them on Jesus.

The story continues in verses 20-24. “And he arose, and came to his father.” One night I was telling this story to a man who had never heard it before, and he just knew that when the son returned, his father would say, “Son, look what you’ve done. You’ve wasted all my wealth, all I accumulated in my life. Be one of my slaves.” Most earthly fathers would probably be very angry and have an attitude like that, but notice the attitude of this father: “But when he was yet a great way off, his father saw him, and had compassion [love came out of his heart for his son], and ran, and fell on his neck, and kissed him. And the son
said unto him, Father, I have sinned against heaven, and in thy sight, and am no more worthy to be called thy son. But the father said to his servants, Bring forth the best robe, and put it on him; and put a ring on his hand, and shoes on his feet: And bring hither the fatted calf, and kill it; and let us eat, and be merry: For this my son was dead, and is alive again; he was lost, and is found. And they began to be merry” (brackets mine). They began to have a party.

I once told this to a man who said, “I see what Jesus is saying. If I’ll just turn to the heavenly Father for mercy and say ‘Father, I’ve sinned against you, and I’m not worthy to be your son,’ He’ll accept me.” Our heavenly Father will have compassion, and He won’t make you a slave. He’ll restore you to full sonship with Him. God is waiting. Have you turned away? Why don’t you turn to God, your Father, and to Heaven, your home, today?

Discipleship Questions

1. Define Repentance.


3. Read 2 Peter 3:9. What is God’s desire for all people? ____________________________


5. Read Luke 16:30. What must these brothers do in order to avoid this place of torment (hell)? ____________________________

6. Read Acts 26:18. Although it doesn’t specifically say, this verse is talking about repentance. What will happen to those who repent? ____________________________

7. Read Acts 26:20. In the last part of this verse, three things are stated that the Gentiles should do. What are these three things? ____________________________

8. Read Matthew 7:21-23. What did Jesus say these people practiced instead of the will of God? ____________________________

9. What does this show you about the importance of true repentance versus lip service toward God? ____________________________

10. Read Isaiah 55:7. What must the wicked do? ____________________________

11. What two things must the unrighteous do? ____________________________

12. What will God do for the person who does those things stated above? ____________

13. Read Luke 15:7. What is heaven’s reaction to one sinner who repents? ____________

14. Read Acts 3:19. If you repent and are converted, what will happen to your sins? ____________

Scriptures to Use with Questions
Luke 13:1-5 – “[1] There were present at that season some that told him of the Galilæans, whose blood Pilate had mingled with their sacrifices. [2] And Jesus answering said unto them, Suppose ye that these Galilæans were sinners above all the Galilæans, because they suffered such things? [3] I tell you, Nay: but, except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish. [4] Or those eighteen, upon whom the tower in Siloam fell, and slew them, think ye that they were sinners above all men that dwelt in Jerusalem? [5] I tell you, Nay: but, except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish.”

2 Peter 3:9 – “The Lord is not slack concerning his promise, as some men count slackness; but is longsuffering to us-ward, not willing that any should perish, but that all should come to repentance.”

Luke 16:19 – “[19] There was a certain rich man, which was clothed in purple and fine linen, and fared sumptuously every day: [20] And there was a certain beggar named Lazarus, which was laid at his gate, full of sores, [21] And desiring to be fed with the crumbs which fell from the rich man’s table: moreover the dogs came and licked his sores. [22] And it came to pass, that the beggar died, and was carried by the angels into Abraham’s bosom: the rich man also died, and was buried; [23] And in hell he lift up his eyes, being in torments, and seeth Abraham afar off, and Lazarus in his bosom. [24] And he cried and said, Father Abraham, have mercy on me, and send Lazarus, that he may dip the tip of his finger in water, and cool my tongue; for I am tormented in this flame. [25] But Abraham said, Son, remember that thou in thy lifetime receivedst thy good things, and likewise Lazarus evil things: but now he is comforted, and thou art tormented. [26] And beside all this, between us and you there is a great gulf fixed: so that they which would pass from hence to you cannot; neither can they pass to us, that would come from thence. [27] Then he said, I pray thee therefore, father, that thou wouldest send him to my father’s house: [28] For I have five brethren; that he may testify unto them, lest they also come into this place of torment. [29] Abraham saith unto him, They have Moses and the prophets; let them hear them. [30] And he said, Nay, father Abraham: but if one went unto them from the dead, they will repent. [31] And he said unto him, If they hear not Moses and the prophets, neither will they be persuaded, though one rose from the dead.”

Luke 16:30 – “And he said, Nay, father Abraham: but if one went unto them from the dead, they will repent.”

Acts 26:18 – “To open their eyes, and to turn them from darkness to light, and from the power of Satan unto God, that they may receive forgiveness of sins, and inheritance among them which are sanctified by faith that is in me.”

Acts 26:20 – “But shewed first unto them of Damascus, and at Jerusalem, and throughout all the coasts of Judæa, and then to the Gentiles, that they should repent and turn to God, and do works meet for repentance.”

Matthew 7:21-23 – “[21] Not every one that saith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven; but he that doeth the will of my Father which is in heaven. [22] Many will say to me in that day, Lord, Lord, have we not prophesied in thy name? and in thy name have cast out devils? and in thy name done many wonderful works? [23] And then will I profess unto them, I never knew you: depart from me, ye that work iniquity.”

Isaiah 55:7 – “Let the wicked forsake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts: and let him return unto the LORD, and he will have mercy upon him; and to our God, for he will abundantly pardon.”

Luke 15:7 – “I say unto you, that likewise joy shall be in heaven over one sinner that
repenteth, more than over ninety and nine just persons, which need no repentance."

Acts 3:19 – “Repent ye therefore, and be converted, that your sins may be blotted out, when the times of refreshing shall come from the presence of the Lord.”

**Answer Key**

1. Define Repentance.
   A. It is an “about face” to a new commitment.
   B. It is a change of mind.
   C. A change of heart that results in one turning to God, from one’s old ways to God’s ways.
   D. A change of direction, not perfection.
   E. To make a decision that changes the total direction of one’s life.
   F. Turning from old ways and totally committing to God and His ways.
   G. Turning to a Person, to God through Jesus Christ.


3. Read 2 Peter 3:9. What is God’s desire for all people? **That all come to repentance.**

4. Read Luke 16:19-31. In Luke 16:28, why did the rich man want someone to come back from the dead and speak to his brothers? **So that they could avoid coming to this place of torment.**

5. Read Luke 16:30. What must these brothers do in order to avoid this place of torment (hell)? **They must repent.**

6. Read Acts 26:18. Although it doesn’t specifically say, this verse is talking about repentance. What will happen to those who repent?
   A. Eyes will be opened.
   B. Turn from darkness to light.
   C. Turn from power of Satan to God.
   D. Receive forgiveness of sins.
   E. Receive inheritance.

7. Read Acts 26:20. In the last part of this verse, three things are stated that the Gentiles should do. What are these three things?
   A. Repent.
   B. Turn to God.
   C. Prove their repentance by their deeds.

8. Read Matthew 7:21-23. What did Jesus say these people practiced instead of the will of God? **Iniquity or lawlessness.**

9. What does this show you about the importance of true repentance versus lip service toward God? **Salvation is from the heart, not lip service.**

10. Read Isaiah 55:7. What must the wicked do? **Forsake their way.**

11. What two things must the unrighteous do? **Forsake their thoughts and return to the Lord.**

12. What will God do for the person who does those things stated above? **Have mercy and**
pardon abundantly.

13. Read Luke 15:7. What is heaven’s reaction to one sinner who repents? **There is rejoicing in heaven.**

14. Read Acts 3:19. If you repent and are converted, what will happen to your sins? **My sins will be blotted out.**
Level 1 - Lesson 7

 COMMITMENT
 By Don Krow

Luke 14:25-26 – And there went great multitudes with him: and he turned, and said unto them, If any man come to me, and hate not his father, and mother, and wife, and children, and brethren, and sisters, yea, and his own life also, he cannot be my disciple.

“\textit{And there went great multitudes with Jesus, and He turned, and said unto them …}” (Luke 14:25). At this time in Jesus’ ministry, there were multitudes of people who followed Jesus. The English language doesn’t bring this out, but in the Greek language, this is an imperfect tense. This means that at this time, the great multitudes began to repeatedly and continuously follow Jesus. Perhaps it was because of His miracles or because He fed them, we don’t know the exact reason, but great multitudes were following Him. It was at this time that Jesus turned and deliberately said something which appears to have caused many people to turn and follow Him no more.

“If any man come to Me [that means wants go with me, wants to accompany me, wants to follow me, this is the requirement], and hate not his father, and mother, and wife, and children, and brethren, and sisters, yea, and his own life also, he cannot be my disciple” (Luke 14:26, brackets mine). As I looked at that scripture, I thought, \textit{Lord, you can’t mean that. What does that word “hate” mean? It probably means to love less or something like that}. As I began to study, however, I discovered that the word literally means “hate”.

Jesus used the strongest possible word to emphasise a point. He said unless you hate your father, your mother, your sister, your brother, even your own life, you can’t be His disciple. I want to ask you something: What is the closest relationship you will ever have on this earth? It’s your mother and father or your spouse and children. What happens if your wife turns against you and divorces you, or your mother and father die? Who will stick with you then? It will be your brothers and your sisters. Jesus said, unless you hate them, you can’t be His disciple. What is He saying???

Jesus is talking about the closest relationships we will ever have. He is asking for a commitment from you, a commitment in which He is pre-eminent. He wants to be number one in your life. He is going to compare His relationship with you to the closest relationships you have on earth. “Hate” is a metaphor, a word of comparison, and Jesus is saying, “My relationship with you is so important that I want it to be above all earthly things.” There is one person you love more than your wife, your children, your mother, your father, or your sisters and brothers. Do you know who that is? It’s not God … it’s you. You love yourself more than you love your closest relationships.

Why do marriages break up? Why do people divorce? Because they love themselves more than they love their spouse. “You’re not doing it like I want you to, so I’m getting rid of you.”

Jesus said there is one relationship I want to be number one above – it’s your own selfish life. This is true discipleship. He is not talking about a no-cost discipleship. He’s asking us to follow Him. He’s asking to be number one in our lives.
Discipleship Questions

1. Read Luke 9:57-62. What does this passage teach about the level of commitment toward following Christ? _________________________________________________


3. Read Ezekiel 16:8. God uses the illustration of marriage to describe a relationship with His people. Whose possession does one become in this relationship? ________

4. Read 1 Corinthians 6:19. Who do you belong to? ______________________________

5. Read 1 Corinthians 6:20. Who does your body and your spirit belong to? ________________________________________________


7. What would constitute spiritual adultery in God’s eyes? See Romans 1:25. ______________________________

8. Read John 2:23-25. What can we learn about commitment and faith from these verses? ______________________________


Scriptures to Use with Questions

Luke 9:57-62 – “[57] And it came to pass, that, as they went in the way, a certain man said unto him, Lord, I will follow thee whithersoever thou goest. [58] And Jesus said unto him, Foxes have holes, and birds of the air have nests; but the Son of man hath not where to lay his head. [59] And he said unto another, Follow me. But he said, Lord, suffer me first to go and bury my father. [60] Jesus said unto him, Let the dead bury their dead: but go thou and preach the kingdom of God. [61] And another also said, Lord, I will follow thee; but let me first go bid them farewell, which are at home at my house. [62] And Jesus said unto him, No man, having put his hand to the plough, and looking back, is fit for the kingdom of God.”

Luke 8:13-14 – “[13] They on the rock are they, which, when they hear, receive the word with joy; and these have no root, which for a while believe, and in time of temptation fall away. [14] And that which fell among thorns are they, which, when they have heard, go forth, and are choked with cares and riches and pleasures of this life, and bring no fruit to perfection.”

Ezekiel 16:8 – “Now when I passed by thee, and looked upon thee, behold, thy time was the time of love; and I spread my skirt over thee, and covered thy nakedness: yea, I sware unto thee, and entered into a covenant with thee, saith the Lord GOD, and thou becamest mine.”

1 Corinthians 6:19 – “What? know ye not that your body is the temple of the Holy Ghost which is in you, which ye have of God, and ye are not your own?”

1 Corinthians 6:20 – “For ye are bought with a price: therefore glorify God in your body, and in your spirit, which are God’s.”
James 4:4 – “Ye adulterers and adulteresses, know ye not that the friendship of the world is enmity with God? whosoever therefore will be a friend of the world is the enemy of God.”

Romans 1:25 – “Who changed the truth of God into a lie, and worshipped and served the creature more than the Creator, who is blessed for ever. Amen.”

John 2:23-25 – “[23] Now when he was in Jerusalem at the passover, in the feast day, many believed in his name, when they saw the miracles which he did. [24] But Jesus did not commit himself unto them, because he knew all men, [25] And needed not that any should testify of man: for he knew what was in man.”

Luke 14:28-30 – “[28] For which of you, intending to build a tower, sitteth not down first, and counteth the cost, whether he have sufficient to finish it? [29] Lest haply, after he hath laid the foundation, and is not able to finish it, all that behold it begin to mock him, [30] Saying, This man began to build, and was not able to finish.”

Answer Key
1. Read Luke 9:57-62. What does this passage teach about the level of commitment toward following Christ? **Absolute surrender.**

2. Read Luke 8:13-14. Why do some people seem to fall away, or turn away, from the Christian faith? **They have never put down a root system in the Word of God. The cares, riches, and pleasures of this life take them away.**

3. Read Ezekiel 16:8. God uses the illustration of marriage to describe a relationship with His people. Whose possession does one become in this relationship? **God’s.**

4. Read 1 Corinthians 6:19. Who do you belong to? **God.**

5. Read 1 Corinthians 6:20. Who does your body and your spirit belong to? **God.**


7. What would constitute spiritual adultery in God’s eyes? A heart that is turned away from Him to idols (things that you have made more important that God). See Romans 1:25.

8. Read John 2:23-25. What can we learn about commitment and faith from these verses? **That Jesus wants all of our hearts (a total commitment).**

Level 1 - Lesson 8
WATER BAPTISM
By Don Krow

Question: “I need to know if you have to be baptised to go to heaven. I love God and was baptised when I was seven years old. I am now eighteen years old, and someone from a non-denominational church told me that no one can be saved and baptised at such a young age. They also said that you have to be baptised to go to heaven, but my Baptist family said that you don’t. I just want to go to heaven. I am living for God in every way that I can, but I need to know if I must be baptised again now that I am supposedly of age to be baptised. Please help me ASAP. God bless and thanks.”

Response: Salvation and the forgiveness of sins come freely as a gift through faith in Jesus Christ. Acts 10:43 states: “All the prophets testify about Him that everyone who believes in Him receives forgiveness of sins through His Name” (New International Version). Salvation comes through faith; that is, trust and reliance upon Jesus and His shed blood to give you a right standing before God. In Acts 10:44-48, the Holy Ghost was given to the believers (confirming their salvation) before they were baptised.

Even though this is true, at other times it seems that the forgiveness of sins happened at the time of baptism (Acts 2:38). This is because baptism is an expression, or act, of faith that was carried out at the time that a person turned to Jesus in repentance and faith (Mark 16:16 says, “He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned”). It was also a way of calling on the Lord for a clear conscience (Acts 22:16 and 1 Pet. 3:21).

If you truly turned to Jesus from your heart at the age of seven and were baptised, God accepts your childlike faith. Baptism does have requirements. One requirement is repentance. Did you have a change of heart and a change of mind that resulted in turning from sin to Jesus and His forgiveness (Acts 2:38, 20:21, and 17:30)? Did you exercise faith in Jesus as your Lord and Saviour (Mark 16:16, John 3:16, and Rom. 10:9-10)? If not, then turn to Jesus now, repent from your sins, turn to His grace to forgive you, and seal that decision to follow Him through water baptism.

Baptism is an act that expresses one’s faith in Jesus. Without that faith, the act means nothing. People who turned to Jesus as Lord and Saviour were willing to express that faith and openly confess Jesus in this public way. People who say “no” to Jesus’ command are showing, to some extent, a dead faith. Faith is dead when people are unwilling to express it (James 2:18-19). Faith alone saves, but saving faith is never alone. It is always willing to express itself. Baptism was a way of expressing that faith. Baptism is not what saves; it is Jesus. Water doesn’t wash away sins; it is the blood of Jesus. But faith applies His blood to you, and sometimes that faith was expressed at the time a person was baptised (Acts 22:16). The question is, have you repented? Do you believe in Him (Jesus)? If so, why do you delay – arise and be baptised!
Discipleship Questions

1. What is the question that this young man is asking? __________________________

2. According to Acts 10:43, salvation comes to us how? _________________________

3. Baptism is an expression of faith that usually takes place at the time of salvation. How does Acts 2:38 express this truth? __________________________

4. How does Mark 16:16 express this truth? ___________________________________

5. Baptism is a way of calling upon the Lord. How does Acts 22:16 express this truth? ____________________________________________________________________

6. Baptism is a way to call upon the Lord for a clear conscience. Does 1 Peter 3:21 confirm this truth? ____________________________________________

7. What are the requirements for baptism, according to Acts 2:38? ________________

8. What are the requirements for baptism, according to Mark 16:16? ______________

9. Can an infant repent? ____________________________________________________

10. Can an infant believe? __________________________________________________

11. Read Acts 10:43-48. What is the next step, after faith in Christ, that a believer should take? ______________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Acts 10:43 – “To him give all the prophets witness, that through his name whosoever believeth in him shall receive remission of sins.”

Acts 2:38 – “Then Peter said unto them, Repent, and be baptized every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins, and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost.”

Mark 16:16 – “He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned.”

Acts 22:16 – “And now why tarriest thou? arise, and be baptized, and wash away thy sins, calling on the name of the Lord.”

1 Peter 3:21 – “The like figure whereunto even baptism doth also now save us (not the putting away of the filth of the flesh, but the answer of a good conscience toward God,) by the resurrection of Jesus Christ.”

Acts 10:44-48 – “[44] While Peter yet spake these words, the Holy Ghost fell on all them which heard the word. [45] And they of the circumcision which believed were astonished, as many as came with Peter, because that on the Gentiles also was poured out the gift of the Holy Ghost. [46] For they heard them speak with tongues, and magnify God. Then answered Peter, [47] Can any man forbid water, that these should not be baptized, which have received the Holy Ghost as well as we? [48] And he commanded them to be baptized in the name of the Lord. Then prayed they him to tarry certain days.”

Answer Key
1. What is the question that this young man is asking? **If he needs to be baptised to go to heaven.**

2. According to Acts 10:43, salvation comes to us how? **Freely, as a gift through faith in Jesus Christ.**

3. Baptism is an expression of faith that usually takes place at the time of salvation. How does Acts 2:38 express this truth? **Peter said to “repent and be baptised.”**

4. How does Mark 16:16 express this truth? **Jesus said, “He that believes and is baptised shall be saved,” implying that it can happen at the same time.**

5. Baptism is a way of calling upon the Lord. How does Acts 22:16 express this truth? **This scripture says that as a person calls upon the name of the Lord, their sins will be washed away. It appears that calling on the name of the Lord can be vocal (Luke 18:13) or through the act of baptism, as it appears to be in this scripture.**

6. Baptism is a way to call upon the Lord for a clear conscience. Does 1 Peter 3:21 confirm this truth? **Yes.**

7. What are the requirements for baptism, according to Acts 2:38? **Repentance.**

8. What are the requirements for baptism, according to Mark 16:16? **A person must believe.**

9. Can an infant repent? **No.**

10. Can an infant believe? **No.**

11. Read Acts 10:43-48. What is the next step, after faith in Christ, that a believer should take? **Water baptism.**
IDENTITY IN CHRIST (Part 1)
By Andrew Wommack

Second Corinthians 5:17 says, “Therefore if any man be in Christ, he is a new creature: old things are passed away; behold, all things are become new.” The phrase “in Christ” is a terminology that is used over 300 times in the New Testament, always referring to a vital union relationship with God. Once that takes place, you become a new creature. Some translations actually say “a new creation”.

This leads to a critical issue that I believe is imperative to understanding your new identity in Christ: It did not take place in the physical realm. It isn’t talking about your physical body, saying that it completely changes, that your looks change. If a person was fat before they were saved, they’ll still be fat afterward, unless they go on a diet. It also isn’t talking about your mental or emotional part – what most people consider to be the real “them”. If you weren’t too smart before you were saved, you won’t be too smart after you’re saved, but you will still have a lot of the same memories and thoughts.

There is a third part, and according to this scripture, by process of elimination, it has to be the part of us that is changed – our spirit man. A scripture that verifies this is 1 Thessalonians 5:23 where Paul is praying for the Thessalonians, “And the very God of peace sanctify you wholly; and I pray God your whole spirit and soul and body be preserved blameless unto the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ.” That passage shows that we have a spirit, soul, and body. The body part is very obvious. It’s the part of us that is seen, our outward persons. We all recognise that there is another part beyond that; our emotional, mental part; which Scripture calls the soul. We know that even though a person may not physically touch you, they can touch you by their words, either in a positive or negative way. Most people are in tune with the physical and soulish parts, but according to Scripture, there is another part, which is the spirit.

The spirit is the part of us that is changed and is new after salvation. It is actually the life-giving part. James 2:26 says, “For as the body without the spirit is dead, so faith without works is dead also.” That shows that it is the spirit that actually breathes life into our physical bodies. It is where our life comes from. In Genesis 2 when God created Adam and Eve, Adam’s body was complete, but then God breathed into him the breath of life. This word “breathe” in Old Testament Hebrew was the exact same word that we use for breath, and it is translated “spirit” in other places. God created the physical body and the soulish person of Adam, but then He breathed into him the breath of life and he became a living soul. The spirit is the part of us that gives life.

Prior to salvation, before a person made a total commitment of their life and the Lord coming into them, the spirit within them was dead. Ephesians 2:1 says, “And you hath he quickened [made alive], who were dead in trespasses and sins” (brackets mine). We know we were alive before we were born again, but the word “dead” is speaking of spiritually. Death in the Bible doesn’t mean ceasing to exist, as some people today think of it. It literally means “separation”. When a person physically dies, they don’t cease to exist. The Bible teaches that they go immediately into the presence of God or into the presence of hell. The soul and spirit continue to live, but there is a separation from the physical body, which dies and decays.
When Genesis 2:17 says “In the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die,” it didn’t mean they would die physically but spiritually, that they would become separated from God. The spirit, the part that God breathes into us, which actually gives life and motivation, became separated from God’s supernatural life … His holy and complete life … what the Bible calls “zoe” life or “life in an absolute or abundant sense”. Man then began to degenerate. He still functioned, but he was functioning independent, separated from God. That’s really what causes all the problems in our lives … all of our emotional stress.

When a person comes to the Lord, they receive a new spirit and are born again, which is the terminology Jesus used in John 3:5. In the same way man is born physically with a spirit, soul, and body, when he is born again, he receives the Spirit of Christ. Galatians 4:6 says, “And because ye are sons, God hath sent forth the Spirit of his Son into your hearts, crying, Abba, Father.” God literally places His Spirit inside of us, and we now have a new quality of life, a new identity, and are a totally new person in our spirits.

The rest of the Christian life is learning in your soulish, mental realm what has taken place in your spirit. The truth is, one-third of your salvation is over when you receive Jesus Christ as your Lord. Your spirit becomes completely changed. It is the exact same spirit you will have throughout eternity. It already has love, joy, peace, and is full of the presence of God. There is no lack or inadequacy in your spirit, but you have to perceive that, which is the reason studying the Word of God is so vital to the Christian life. You are a totally brand-new person, but until you get knowledge, you won’t change. Victory in the Christian life comes when you are able to look into the Word, which is Spirit and life, see who you are, see what God has done, and begin to believe it.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read 2 Corinthians 5:17. If anyone be in Christ, they are what?
   ________________________________________________________________

2. Read 2 Corinthians 5:17. What happened to the old things?
   ________________________________________________________________

3. Read 2 Corinthians 5:17. What things have become new?
   ________________________________________________________________

4. Read Ephesians 2:1. What was your condition before you were born again, or made alive? _________________________________________________________________

5. Read Ephesians 2:2. As an unbeliever, how did you walk, or live?
   ________________________________________________________________

6. Read Ephesians 2:3-5. What is God rich in?
   ________________________________________________________________

7. Read Ephesians 2:4. Why is God so merciful? ______________________________

8. Read Ephesians 2:5. What did God do for us while we were still dead in trespasses and sins? _________________________________________________________________


10. Read 1 Corinthians 6:9-10. Can you relate with any of these descriptions on this list? 34
11. Read 1 Corinthians 6:11. Is the word “were” a past, present, or future condition?

12. Read 1 Corinthians 6:11. When you became “born again,” what three things happened to you? _______________________________________________________

13. Read 1 Corinthians 6:11. Is this a past, present, or future condition? _______________________________________________________

14. Read 1 Corinthians 6:17. “He that is joined unto the Lord is __________ with Him.”

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

2 Corinthians 5:17 – “Therefore if any man be in Christ, he is a new creature: old things are passed away; behold, all things are become new.”

Ephesians 2:1 – “And you hath he quickened, who were dead in trespasses and sins.”

Ephesians 2:2 – “Wherein in time past ye walked according to the course of this world, according to the prince of the power of the air, the spirit that now worketh in the children of disobedience.”

Ephesians 2:3-5 – “[3] Among whom also we all had our conversation in times past in the lusts of our flesh, fulfilling the desires of the flesh and of the mind; and were by nature the children of wrath, even as others. [4] But God, who is rich in mercy, for his great love wherewith he loved us, [5] Even when we were dead in sins, hath quickened us together with Christ, (by grace ye are saved;).”

1 Corinthians 6:9-10 – “[9] Know ye not that the unrighteous shall not inherit the kingdom of God? Be not deceived: neither fornicators, nor idolaters, nor adulterers, nor effeminate, nor abusers of themselves with mankind, [10] Nor thieves, nor covetous, nor drunkards, nor revilers, nor extortioners, shall inherit the kingdom of God.”

1 Corinthians 6:11 – “And such were some of you: but ye are washed, but ye are sanctified, but ye are justified in the name of the Lord Jesus, and by the Spirit of our God.”

1 Corinthians 6:17 – “But he that is joined unto the Lord is one spirit.”

**Answer Key**

1. Read 2 Corinthians 5:17. If anyone be in Christ, they are what? **A new creation.**

2. Read 2 Corinthians 5:17. What happened to the old things? **They are gone.**

3. Read 2 Corinthians 5:17. What things have become new? **All things.**

4. Read Ephesians 2:1. What was your condition before you were born again, or made alive? **I was dead in trespasses and sins.**

5. Read Ephesians 2:2. As an unbeliever, how did you walk, or live? **I followed the ways of the world, I obeyed the devil (the prince of the power of the air), and I lived in**
the spirit of disobedience.

6. Read Ephesians 2:3-5. What is God rich in? **Mercy.**

7. Read Ephesians 2:4. Why is God so merciful? **Because of His great love for us.**

8. Read Ephesians 2:5. What did God do for us while we were still dead in trespasses and sins? **Made us alive together with Christ.**

9. Read Ephesians 2:5. How did God save us? **By His grace.**

10. Read 1 Corinthians 6:9-10. Can you relate with any of these descriptions on this list? **Yes.**

11. Read 1 Corinthians 6:11. Is the word “were” a past, present, or future condition? **Past.**

12. Read 1 Corinthians 6:11. When you became “born again”, what three things happened to you? **You were washed, made holy, and justified (made righteous) before God.**

13. Read 1 Corinthians 6:11. Is this a past, present, or future condition? **Present.**

14. Read 1 Corinthians 6:17. “He that is joined unto the Lord is **one spirit** with Him.”
IDENTITY IN CHRIST (Part 2)
By Andrew Wommack

In our last lesson, we discussed what it meant to be born again, that in our spirits, our hearts are changed. We used 2 Corinthians 5:17, which says, “Therefore if any man be in Christ, he is a new creature: old things are passed away; behold, all things are become new.” We began to see that when we are born again, a total transformation has taken place in our spirits, and the only way to know what has transpired in our spirits is through the Word of God. We can’t perceive it through external things, and we can’t perceive it through our emotions, because that is in the soulish realm. But in the spirit part of us, there is a total transformation.

Let me use a few scriptures which show the things that took place when a person received Jesus into their life. Ephesians 4:24 says, “Put on the new man, which after God is created in righteousness and true holiness.” When a person is born again, their spirit becomes righteous and truly holy. The Bible actually speaks of two types of righteousness. There is a righteousness you produce through your own actions, and you must maintain that type of righteousness in relationships with other people. If you don’t live right and do right, your boss may fire you or your spouse may divorce you; so you need to have your own righteousness. God, however, doesn’t accept you based on your external righteousness. God literally gave you His righteousness.

In 2 Corinthians 5:21 it says that God the Father made the Son to become sin for us that we might be made the righteousness of God in Him. So there is a righteousness which goes far beyond our external righteousness and is based on what God did for us. We literally received the righteousness of God by faith in Christ. We were created in righteousness and true holiness. We aren’t growing into that righteousness; we are already righteous. A simple definition is that we are already in right standing with God.

God is pleased with us based on Christ, not on anything else. Our spirits are where the change took place. We’re already created in righteousness and true holiness and are brand-new creatures. Ephesians 2:10 says, “For we are his workmanship, created in Christ Jesus unto good works.” In our spirits, we are perfect and complete. There is no sin or inadequacy. Ephesians 1:13 says, “After that ye believed, ye were sealed with that holy Spirit of promise.”

Some of you may think, Well, when I first believed on the Lord, I did believe I was totally forgiven and cleansed, and everything was fine. But since that time, I have sinned, I have failed God again. If you did, you failed in your actions and your mental and emotional part, but your spirit did not sin. It was sealed just as a woman puts fruit into a jar and then puts paraffin over it to make it airtight and to keep all impurities out. God sealed you, so when you were born again, you received a new spirit, and sin does not penetrate your spirit. You have a new identity. For you to have relationship with God, you have to fellowship with and worship Him, based on who you are in your spirit not in your flesh.

This is really the great transformation in the Christian life, that a person has to change their identity. You have to relate to God based not on what you do in the physical realm, not what you think in your mind, but by who you are in the spirit based on what He
has done for you. That’s a completed work, something that does not fluctuate (change back and forth). You were created in righteousness and true holiness. That is the spirit part of you, and to fellowship with God, you have to worship Him in spirit and in truth. You have to stand in this identity of who you are in Christ.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read 1 Corinthians 6:17. The only way we can know that total transformation has taken place in our spirits is by the Word of God. What does this verse say has happened to us? ____________________________________________

2. Read Ephesians 3:17. Where does Christ now dwell? ____________________________________________

3. Read Ephesians 3:17. How does this happen? ____________________________________________

4. Read 1 John 5:12. Who must we possess to have salvation? ______________________________

5. Read Colossians 1:26-27. What is the mystery that was hidden from ages and generations but is now made known? ____________________________________________

6. Read Ephesians 4:23-24. What was created in righteousness and true holiness? ____________________________________________

7. Read 2 Corinthians 5:21. Whose righteousness do we possess? ______________________________

8. Read Ephesians 1:4. What is the standing of the believer before God? ______________________________

9. Read Ephesians 1:6. How were we accepted? ____________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

1 Corinthians 6:17 – “But he that is joined unto the Lord is one spirit.”

Ephesians 3:17 – “That Christ may dwell in your hearts by faith; that ye, being rooted and grounded in love.”

1 John 5:12 – “He that hath the Son hath life; and he that hath not the Son of God hath not life.”

Colossians 1:26-27 – “[26] Even the mystery which hath been hid from ages and from generations, but now is made manifest to his saints: [27] To whom God would make known what is the riches of the glory of this mystery among the Gentiles; which is Christ in you, the hope of glory.”

Ephesians 4:23-24 – “[23] And be renewed in the spirit of your mind; [24] And that ye put on the new man, which after God is created in righteousness and true holiness.”

2 Corinthians 5:21 – “For he hath made him to be sin for us, who knew no sin; that we might be made the righteousness of God in him.”

Ephesians 1:4 – “According as he hath chosen us in him before the foundation of the world,
that we should be holy and without blame before him in love.”

Ephesians 1:6 – “To the praise of the glory of his grace, wherein he hath made us accepted in the beloved.”

Answer Key

1. Read 1 Corinthians 6:17. The only way we can know that total transformation has taken place in our spirits is by the Word of God. What does this verse say has happened to us? Our spirits have been joined unto the Lord.


4. Read 1 John 5:12. Who must we possess to have salvation? The Son (Jesus Christ).

5. Read Colossians 1:26-27. What is the mystery that was hidden from ages and generations but is now made known? Christ in us, the hope of glory.


9. Read Ephesians 1:6. How were we accepted? In the Beloved (Jesus Christ).
Level 1 - Lesson 11

WHAT HAPPENS WHEN A CHRISTIAN SINS?
By Don Krow

Today we want to look at the subject of “What Happens When a Christian Sins?” The Bible tells us in 1 John 1:8-9, “If we say that we have no sin, we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not in us. If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness.” As Christians, we will eventually stumble and we will eventually sin. What makes us different from what we were before conversion is that now we have a new nature. It grieves us to sin. We don’t want to sin; we want to live a righteous life. But what happens when we do sin? Do we need to get saved again? Is that what the Bible is teaching? In that case, we have no security, and in some sense, we’re worse off than the world. At least the world is not tormented by a sin conscience. As believers, sin is not to be our focus of attention. Hebrews 10:2 states that through the sacrifice of Jesus, the believer should have no more conscience of sins. In other words, sin should not be the focus of our lives. God should be our focus.

Romans 4:2 says, “For if Abraham were justified [declared righteous] by works, he hath whereof to glory; but not before God” (brackets mine). If salvation was based on our merit, the things we do, then we could brag. We could say, “Hey, Lord, I really appreciate what you did on the cross, but remember the things I’ve done!” So throughout eternity, we’re going to pat Jesus on the back and pat ourselves on the back for the things that we’ve done. No! God has designed salvation in such a way that there will be no boasting or glory on man’s part. The only glory and boasting will be in the Lord Jesus Christ (Rom. 3:27). The gift of eternal life is indeed a gift, and it cannot be earned (Rom. 6:23).

Romans 4:2 says that if Abraham were justified by his own actions, he would have some reason to boast, but that’s not what happened. How does the Scripture say a man is saved? By his own performance? By his own works? By the things he does? How was Abraham counted righteous, or declared righteous? Was it through the things he did or didn’t do, or was it that he simply believed, trusted, and relied on God through faith? The Bible says in Romans 4:3, “Abraham believed God, and it was counted to him for righteousness.”

What holds me in position and keeps me from perishing, even though there are times when I fail and sin? It is that Jesus bore all of my sin on the cross, and through faith in Him (not by my own works), I am justified (made righteous before God).

Romans 4:6 says, “Even as David also describeth the blessedness of the man, unto whom God imputeth righteousness without works.” David of the Old Testament is saying there will be a day through a new covenant when God will impute righteousness, right standing, without man working for it. Then he said in verse 7, “Saying, Blessed are they whose iniquities are forgiven, and whose sins are covered.” This is the clincher: “Blessed is the man to whom the Lord will not impute sin” (Rom. 4:7). It doesn’t say He might not, sometimes He will and sometimes He won’t. It says, “Blessed is the man to whom the Lord will not impute sin.” In the Greek that’s what is called an emphatic negative. It means He’ll never, not ever put sin to our account. This is the good news of the New Covenant. Hebrews 10:16 says, “I will put my laws into their hearts [on their heart] and in their minds [upon their mind also] will I write them” (brackets mine), and part of that agreement is that God says this in verse 17: “And your sins and iniquities I will remember no more.”
What holds you in position, in righteousness and right standing, even when you sin and don’t have time to confess it? It’s your faith in Jesus Christ. His name is Jesus, and He saves people from their sins (Matt. 1:21).

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Romans 4:5. God justifies (makes righteous) people who are ______________.

2. Read Romans 4:2-3. God put something to Abraham’s account (when he believed) which he did not have before. What was this? ______________________________

3. Read Romans 4:22-24. If we believe as Abraham did, what will God put to our account? _______________________________________________________________

4. Read Romans 4:6. God puts righteousness (or right standing) to a person’s account:
   A. according to their works.
   B. apart from their works.
   C. according to how nice they are.

5. Read Hebrews 10:14. How long are believers perfected before God? ____________

6. Read Romans 5:17. Righteousness is received:
   A. by earning it.
   B. as a gift.
   C. by working for it.

7. What does the word “gift” imply? _________________________________________

8. To trust Jesus to be your personal Saviour, you must trust Him to take you all the way to
   A. church
   B. heaven
   C. Russia

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Romans 4:5 – “But to him that worketh not, but believeth on him that justifieth the ungodly, his faith is counted for righteousness.”

Romans 4:2-3 – “[2] For if Abraham were justified by works, he hath whereof to glory; but not before God. [3] For what saith the scripture? Abraham believed God, and it was counted unto him for righteousness.”

Romans 4:22-24 – “[22] And therefore it was imputed to him for righteousness. [23] Now it was not written for his sake alone, that it was imputed to him; [24] But for us also, to whom it shall be imputed, if we believe on him that raised up Jesus our Lord from the dead.”

Romans 4:6 – “Even as David also describeth the blessedness of the man, unto whom God imputeth righteousness without works.”

Hebrews 10:14 – “For by one offering he hath perfected for ever them that are sanctified.”

Romans 5:17 – “For if by one man’s offence death reigned by one; much more they which receive abundance of grace and of the gift of righteousness shall reign in life by one, Jesus
Christ.

Answer Key

1. Read Romans 4:5. God justifies (makes righteous) people who are ungodly.

2. Read Romans 4:2-3. God put something to Abraham’s account (when he believed) which he did not have before. What was this? **Righteousness, or right standing, with God.**

3. Read Romans 4:22-24. If we believe as Abraham did, what will God put to our account? **Righteousness, or right standing, with God.**

4. Read Romans 4:6. God puts righteousness (or right standing) to a person’s account: **B. apart from their works.**

5. Read Hebrews 10:14. How long are believers perfected before God? **Forever.**

6. Read Romans 5:17. Righteousness is received: **B. as a gift.**

7. What does the word “gift” imply? **Something freely given, without cost to the person receiving it.**

8. To trust Jesus to be your personal Saviour, you must trust Him to take you all the way to: **B. heaven.**
Mark 4 is a tremendous chapter about the integrity God’s Word has – the power, the character, and the faith in it. There were at least ten parables taught during this one day. You have to compare Mark 4 with Matthew 13 and Luke 8 to come up with that. There were a number of parables, one of which was about the sower sowing seed. In Mark 4:26 it says, “So is the kingdom of God, as if a man should cast seed into the ground.” Remember that in verse 14 it says this seed is the Word of God. God isn’t really teaching you how to be a farmer, but is using a natural thing to illustrate spiritual truth. Verse 27 says, “And should sleep, and rise night and day, and the seed should spring and grow up, he knoweth not how.” Now, I believe that’s important. It says the man doesn’t really understand. He doesn’t know how this is happening.

Some people say, “I just don’t understand what you’re talking about. How can reading the Word of God really change me and cause God’s life to come alive inside me?” I don’t totally understand it, but I know it works. I don’t understand how you can put a tiny seed in the ground and have an entire stalk of corn come up with ears of corn on it and reproduce a hundredfold. Nobody fully understands it, but it works, and I tell you that this works. Reading God’s Word and letting it begin to saturate you changes your attitude, your experience, and your perceptions.

Verse 28 says, “For the earth bringeth forth fruit of herself.” The earth was made to incubate seed, and to germinate and release that life. Your heart was made for the Word of God – it really was. God’s Word was created to be placed in your heart. Just taking a Bible and holding it close, putting it on your coffee table, or carrying it with you doesn’t have any virtue. It doesn’t release power in your life. You have to take the Word, make it a seed, and plant it in your heart. When you do that, your heart is designed to bring forth fruit of itself. It will automatically change the way things work in your life. The verse continues, “First the blade, then the ear, after that the full corn in the ear.” This implies that there are stages or steps to growth and maturity. People come to me all the time expressing that they’re believing God for something really good, a godly thing I can agree with. But if they have never done anything, if they have never led a person to the Lord, I can guarantee they aren’t going to have a television or radio ministry within the next few weeks.

You have to do things in steps. There are stages to receiving from God, and that’s what this parable is illustrating. First of all, you have to start, and then comes the hope, and then the faith, and then it produces results. There are always steps to victory. No one is going to go from zero to thousand miles per hour all at once. Though it may be a godly desire, it isn’t going to work that way. This Scripture is showing that the kingdom of God is like a seed. The Word has to be planted in your heart, and growth comes in stages: first the blade, then the ear, then the full corn in the ear. The next verse says, “But when the fruit is brought forth, immediately he putteth in the sickle, because the harvest is come.” There are stages, but eventually there will come a time of fruitfulness and maturity.

The point is made in verse 35, “And the same day when the even was come, he saith unto them, Let us pass over unto the other side.” Jesus had been teaching them all day about the power of the Word, how the Word is like a seed, and how it will release God’s life into your life.
He’d been teaching them this in at least ten parables, so here He gives them a test. He tells them, “All right, here’s the word from the Lord — let’s go to the other side of the lake.” He didn’t say “Let’s get into the boat, go halfway across the lake, and drown,” but “Let’s go to the other side.” Then He got into the boat and went to sleep. The story goes that a great storm came and water filled the boat. You have to remember that this wasn’t a cabin cruiser with berths below deck where Jesus was dry and didn’t know what was going on. It was an open boat and Jesus was asleep, sloshing around in the water. The reason this was significant is because He knew what was going on, but He was still trying to sleep. The disciples got upset, came to Him, and said, “Master, don’t you care that we perish?” In other words, they were saying, “Do something! Get a pail and bail water! Row, do something! You’re not pulling your weight!”

Many times people do the same thing with God today and say, “God, why haven’t you done something?” God has done something. He’s provided everything we need through the atonement of the Lord Jesus. He has produced His Word and given us all these seeds. It’s our job to sow them into our hearts. He’s given us the Scripture, and it’s our job to take the seed, put it in our hearts, and meditate on it until it releases life. But the disciples wanted to wake Jesus up and say, “Why don’t you do something?” He got up, rebuked the wind and the waves, there was a calm. Then He turned around and said to His disciples, “Why are you so fearful? How is it you have no faith?” He didn’t say, “Hey, guys, I’m sorry. I should have done something.” No, His part was to teach them the Word and give them promises, and it was their part to take the Word and believe the promises. God has provided everything through Jesus coming to this earth. He gave you everything it takes to succeed in every area of your life in seed form in the Word. All you have to do is take the seeds of the Word of God and plant them in your hearts through reading it, meditating on it, and letting it take root on the inside of you. As you do that, you will be able to stand up and stop the storms in your life.

I believe God’s best was for these disciples to take the teaching Jesus gave them that day and say, “Let’s go over to the other side.” They could have said, “According to everything He taught to us today, this is a promise. This is the Creator of the universe who said let’s go to the other side, not let’s go halfway and drown.” They could have taken that word, mixed it with faith, and rebuked the wind and the waves. That’s exactly what Jesus said: “O you of little faith, why did you doubt?” You know what? We need to believe God’s Word and act upon it.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Matthew 13:19. If we do not plant God’s Word into our hearts, what will happen to it? __________________________________________

2. Read Joshua 1:8. When should we meditate on God’s Word? __________________________

3. Read John 6:63. According to this verse, God’s Word is __________________________.

4. Read Matthew 4:4. Mankind should live not by physical food alone but by __________________________.

5. Read Ephesians 6:17. God’s Word is like what kind of weapon? _______________________

6. Can a sword do damage to its enemy? __________________________________________

7. Read Romans 8:6. When we give proper place to God’s Word in our lives, we will have __________________________.

8. Read 2 Corinthians 3:18. What we set our attention on is what we become full of. What
should we set our focus on? __________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Matthew 13:19 – “When any one heareth the word of the kingdom, and understandeth it not, then cometh the wicked one, and catcheth away that which was sown in his heart. This is he which received seed by the way side.”

Joshua 1:8 – “This book of the law shall not depart out of thy mouth; but thou shalt meditate therein day and night, that thou mayest observe to do according to all that is written therein: for then thou shalt make thy way prosperous, and then thou shalt have good success.”

John 6:63 – “It is the spirit that quickeneth; the flesh profiteth nothing: the words that I speak unto you, they are spirit, and they are life.”

Matthew 4:4 – “But he answered and said, It is written, Man shall not live by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God.”

Ephesians 6:17 – “And take the helmet of salvation, and the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God.”

Romans 8:6 – “For to be carnally minded is death; but to be spiritually minded is life and peace.”

2 Corinthians 3:18 – “But we all, with open face beholding as in a glass the glory of the Lord, are changed into the same image from glory to glory, even as by the Spirit of the Lord.”

Answer Key

1. Read Matthew 13:19. If we do not plant God’s Word into our hearts, what will happen to it? **The wicked one will take it away so it cannot produce in our lives.**

2. Read Joshua 1:8. When should we meditate on God’s Word? **Day and night.**

3. Read John 6:63. According to this verse, God’s Word is **spirit and life.**

4. Read Matthew 4:4. Mankind should live not by physical food alone but by **every word that proceeds from the mouth of God.**

5. Read Ephesians 6:17. God’s Word is like what kind of weapon? **A sword.**

6. Can a sword do damage to its enemy? **Yes.**

7. Read Romans 8:6. When we give proper place to God’s Word in our lives, we will have **life and peace.**

8. Read 2 Corinthians 3:18. What we set our attention on is what we become full of. What should we set our focus on? **The Lord and His glory.**
Level 1 - Lesson 13

GOD'S NOT GUILTY
By Andrew Wommack

Today I want to share one of the most important things God has ever done in my life. It seems people automatically believe everything that happens to them is from God, that He controls everything. The reason for this is that by definition, God is supreme and all-powerful, and they just assume He controls everything that happens in their lives. Even unbelievers believe it. There are many Christians who promote this doctrine, and it has become ingrained in their lives. I believe what Scripture teaches is contrary to this, and it’s very important that you learn this lesson. James 1:13-17 says, “Let no man say when he is tempted, I am tempted of God; for God cannot be tempted with evil, neither tempteth he any man: But every man is tempted, when he is drawn away of his own lust, and enticed. Then when lust hath conceived, it bringeth forth sin: and sin, when it is finished, bringeth forth death. Do not err, my brethren. Every good gift and every perfect gift is from above, and cometh down from the Father of lights, with whom is no variableness, neither shadow of turning.”

These verses make it very clear that God is the author of the good things. Jesus said in John 10:10, “The thief cometh not, but for to steal, and to kill, and to destroy: I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly.” If it’s good, it’s God; if it’s bad, it’s the devil. That’s very simple theology. The reason this is so critical is because James 4:7 says, “Submit yourselves therefore to God. Resist the devil, and he will flee from you.” This says we have to submit, or yield control, to God and resist the devil. The word “resist” means to actively fight against.

When people believe everything that happens in life is totally from God – for example, sickness, failure in business, losing a job, rebellious children, or divorce – that puts them in the position of being passive. If they really believe God is the author of a situation and is using it to punish them or change them, they would be fighting against Him if they resist. Yet, James 4:7 says to resist the devil and he will flee from you. You have to submit yourself to God. This shows that certain things are of God and certain things are of the devil. There is a force of evil in this world, and not everything that happens in your life comes from God. If you don’t understand that, you will end up submitting to the devil, and actually empowering Satan.

I want to bring out a passage in Romans because it is misused so often. I’ve actually been to funerals where people don’t know anything about God, don’t go to church, and know hardly any Scripture, but they know this one. Romans 8:28 says, “And we know that all things work together for good to them that love God, to them who are the called according to His purpose.” This has been interpreted to say that whatever happens in your life, God does it and works it together for good in some way. I actually was at a funeral for a young boy and girl who had been mixing alcohol and drugs, got into a car, drove too fast on a slippery road, skidded round a corner, hit a telephone pole, and were both killed. The preacher quoted this Scripture, “We know all things work together for good”, and said God must have a purpose in doing this. God didn’t kill those teenagers, and in a sense, you can’t even say the devil did it. It was the teenagers. I’m sure the devil enticed them to rebel against the standards their parents and others had taught them, but ultimately it was their choice. They’re the ones who did the dope and alcohol; they’re the ones that hit the
telephone pole. That was a natural thing, and God wasn’t the source of it.

What does it mean when it says “we know that all things work together for good”? First of all, it didn’t say we know all things come from God and work together for good. It says all things work together for good but puts qualifications on it: “to them that love God.” This Scripture doesn’t work for a person who doesn’t love God. That is so obvious that it should go without saying, but it is amazing how people apply it toward instances like these young people who were doing drugs and alcohol and were in total rebellion against God and His principles. This says it only works together for good to those who love God, and to those that are the called according to his purpose.

In 1 John 3:8 it says, “For this purpose the Son of God was manifested, that he might destroy the works of the devil.” God manifested Himself to destroy Satan’s work. That’s His purpose, and it will only work together for good for those who love Him and are called according to His purpose; that is, those who are walking in this calling, are resisting the devil, and are out to destroy His works. Those who are resisting the devil and living for God can say that regardless of what the devil does in their lives, God can turn it around and use it for good.

We need to start discerning that God does not control everything in our lives. There is an enemy that comes to kill, steal, and destroy, but Jesus has come to give us life. We have to choose life and wilfully recognise that God’s not guilty of everything that comes into our lives.

If God was a physical human being who did the things He is accused of, such as putting cancer, deformities, depression, sorrow, and grief on people, I guarantee there isn’t a government on earth that wouldn’t arrest, imprison, or try to stop Him. Yet we think God, who is much more merciful than any person we’ve met or imagined in our lives, is going around striking people and doing this. There are some things that are demonic attacks and some that are natural, and not all disasters are God ordained. The insurance companies write in their policies “acts of God, such as earthquakes and pestilence”. No, God is not the author of all these things.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read James 1:13. Does God cause men to be tempted by evil? __________________

2. Read James 1:17. Where do good gifts come from? ___________________________

3. Read John 10:10. Who is the thief? __________________________

4. Read John 10:10. What are his purposes? __________________________

5. Read John 10:10. What is the reason Jesus came? __________________________

6. Read James 4:7. What is the result of submitting yourself to God and resisting the devil? ______________________________________________________________________

7. Read Romans 8:28. Does Romans 8:28 say that all things are from God? _________


9. Read 1 John 3:8. What was the purpose that the Son of God was manifested? ______________________________________________________________________
Scriptures to Use with Questions

James 1:13 – “Let no man say when he is tempted, I am tempted of God: for God cannot be tempted with evil, neither tempteth he any man.”

James 1:17 – “Every good gift and every perfect gift is from above, and cometh down from the Father of lights, with whom is no variableness, neither shadow of turning.”

John 10:10 – “The thief cometh not, but for to steal, and to kill, and to destroy: I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly.”

James 4:7 – “Submit yourselves therefore to God. Resist the devil, and he will flee from you.”

Romans 8:28 – “And we know that all things work together for good to them that love God, to them who are the called according to his purpose.”

Acts 10:38 – “How God anointed Jesus of Nazareth with the Holy Ghost and with power: who went about doing good, and healing all that were oppressed of the devil: for God was with him.”

1 John 3:8b – “For this purpose the Son of God was manifested, that he might destroy the works of the devil.”

Answer Key


2. Read James 1:17. Where do good gifts come from? The Father of lights.


4. Read John 10:10. What are his purposes? To steal, kill, and destroy.

5. Read John 10:10. What is the reason Jesus came? To give us life more abundantly.

6. Read James 4:7. What is the result of submitting yourself to God and resisting the devil? He will flee from me.

7. Read Romans 8:28. Does Romans 8:28 say that all things are from God? No.


9. Read 1 John 3:8b. What was the purpose that the Son of God was manifested? To destroy the works of the devil.
Mark 16:15-16 is known as the Great Commission. Jesus said to His disciples, “Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature. He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned.” In Acts 8, verse 5 and 12, we see how this commission was worked out through the preaching of Philip in Samaria. “Then Philip went down to the city of Samaria, and preached Christ unto them ... But when they believed Philip preaching the things concerning the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Christ, they were baptized, both men and women.”

The question is, did these people of Samaria become Christians according to Mark 16:15-16. Yes, they did. Philip went to the city of Samaria, preached Jesus Christ, and through faith in Christ, they were baptised, both men and women. According to the Great Commission, we could say these people were saved, but had they received the baptism of the Holy Spirit?

The Bible speaks about John baptising in water, but only Jesus Christ could baptise with the Holy Spirit. According to the Scripture, people believed, were saved, and water baptised, but they had never received the baptism of the Holy Spirit. Acts 8:14-17 says, “Now when the apostles which were at Jerusalem heard that Samaria had received the word of God, they sent unto them Peter and John: Who, when they were come down, prayed for them, that they might receive the Holy Ghost: (For as yet he was fallen upon none of them: only they were baptized in the name of the Lord Jesus.) Then laid they their hands on them, and they received the Holy Ghost.”

We can see from the scriptures that just because a person has believed, been baptised, and saved doesn’t mean they received the baptism of the Holy Spirit. The Holy Spirit has come into their lives – in John 20:22 we see that the Holy Spirit regenerated the disciples – but it was on the Day of Pentecost that they were baptised with the Holy Spirit and empowered by God. There is a difference between the quickening of the Holy Spirit in salvation and the baptism of the Holy Spirit when He comes upon an individual. There is an immersion in the Holy Spirit that comes upon individuals and empowers them. Even though a person has been saved, it doesn’t mean they have been baptised with the Holy Spirit.

In Acts 19:1-2 it states, “And it came to pass, that, while Apollos was at Corinth, Paul having passed through the upper coasts came to Ephesus: and finding certain disciples, He said unto them, Have ye received the Holy Ghost since ye believed? And they said unto him, we have not so much as heard whether there be any Holy Ghost.” Paul said, “Have you received the Holy Spirit since you believed?” They said, “We don’t know anything about a Holy Spirit.” Paul said, “If you weren’t baptised with the Holy Spirit when you believed, what were you baptised with?” They said, “We were baptised with John’s baptism.” I believe Paul explained more perfectly about Jesus being the Christ, and these believers then identified with Jesus through water baptism. In verses 6-7 it says, “And when Paul had laid his hands upon them, the Holy Ghost came upon them; and they spake with tongues and prophesied. And all the men were about twelve.”

Even though these people were disciples who believed in the Messiah who was to
come, they hadn’t been baptised with the Holy Spirit. A person can be born again and water baptised without having been baptised in the Holy Spirit. The baptism in the Holy Spirit is a separate and distinct experience from conversion.

Although I can baptise a person in water, I can’t baptise them in the Holy Spirit; only Jesus can do that. If you have never asked Jesus to baptise you with the Holy Spirit, why don’t you ask Him now? Luke 11:13 says, “If ye then, being evil, know how to give good gifts unto your children: how much more shall your heavenly Father give the Holy Spirit to them that ask him?” Why don’t you ask Him today?

Discipleship Questions


2. Read Acts 8:14-16. Had these people received the baptism with the Holy Spirit? ______________________________________________________________________________________________________________________

3. Read Acts 19:1-5. Are these people believers? __________________________________________________________________________________________


6. Read 1 Corinthians 14:2. When a person speaks in tongues, what are they doing? ______________________________________________________________________________________________________________________

7. Read 1 Corinthians 14:14. When a person speaks in tongues, what are they doing? ______________________________________________________________________________________________________________________

8. Read 1 Corinthians 14:16-17. When a person speaks in tongues, what are they doing? ______________________________________________________________________________________________________________________

9. Read Acts 2:4. When someone speaks in tongues, is the Holy Spirit speaking or the personal individual speaking? _____________________________________________

10. Read Acts 2:4. Who is giving utterance to the person? ______________________________________________________________________________________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Mark 16:16 – “He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned."

Acts 8:5, 12 – “[5] Then Philip went down to the city of Samaria, and preached Christ unto them. [12] But when they believed Philip preaching the things concerning the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Christ, they were baptized, both men and women.”

Acts 8:14-16 – “[14] Now when the apostles which were at Jerusalem heard that Samaria had received the word of God, they sent unto them Peter and John: [15] Who, when they were come down, prayed for them, that they might receive the Holy Ghost: [16] (For as yet 50
Acts 19:1-5 – “[1] And it came to pass, that, while Apollos was at Corinth, Paul having passed through the upper coasts came to Ephesus: and finding certain disciples, [2] He said unto them, Have ye received the Holy Ghost since ye believed? And they said unto him, We have not so much as heard whether there be any Holy Ghost. [3] And he said unto them, Unto what then were ye baptized? And they said, Unto John's baptism. [4] Then said Paul, John verily baptized with the baptism of repentance, saying unto the people, that they should believe on him which should come after him, that is, on Christ Jesus. [5] When they heard this, they were baptized in the name of the Lord Jesus.”

Acts 19:6-7 – “[6] And when Paul had laid his hands upon them, the Holy Ghost came upon them; and they spake with tongues, and prophesied. [7] And all the men were about twelve.”

Luke 11:13 – “If ye then, being evil, know how to give good gifts unto your children: how much more shall your heavenly Father give the Holy Spirit to them that ask him?”

1 Corinthians 14:2 – “For he that speaketh in an unknown tongue speaketh not unto men, but unto God: for no man understandeth him; howbeit in the spirit he speaketh mysteries.”

1 Corinthians 14:14 – “For if I pray in an unknown tongue, my spirit prayeth, but my understanding is unfruitful.”

1 Corinthians 14:16-17 – “[16] Else when thou shalt bless with the spirit, how shall he that occupieth the room of the unlearned say Amen at thy giving of thanks, seeing he understandeth not what thou sayest? [17] For thou verily givest thanks well, but the other is not edified.”

Acts 2:4 – “And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance.”

**Answer Key**


2. Read Acts 8:14-16. Had these people received the baptism with the Holy Spirit? No.


4. Read Acts 19:6-7. Had they received the baptism of the Holy Spirit? No. NOTE: This shows this experience to be distinct from salvation.


6. Read 1 Corinthians 14:2. When a person speaks in tongues, what are they doing? Speaking to God and speaking mysteries.

7. Read 1 Corinthians 14:14. When a person speaks in tongues, what are they doing? Their spirit is praying to God.

8. Read 1 Corinthians 14:16-17. When a person speaks in tongues, what are they doing?
Blessing God with their spirit and giving thanks (praising God).

9. Read Acts 2:4. When someone speaks in tongues, is the Holy Spirit speaking or the personal individual speaking? **The person is speaking.**

10. Read Acts 2:4. Who is giving utterance to the person? **The Holy Spirit.**
Level 1 - Lesson 15

HOW TO RECEIVE THE HOLY SPIRIT
By Don Krow

We’re going to talk today about how to receive the Holy Spirit. Acts 10:1 says, “There was a certain man in Caesarea called Cornelius, a centurion of the band called the Italian band.” This was a military rank, probably a captain over a regiment. Verse 2 continues, “A devout man, and one that feared God with all his house, which gave much alms to the people, and prayed to God always.” He was righteous, did things that were right, feared God, gave much money to people in need, and the Bible says he prayed to God always. But we are going to find out, and it will be amazing, that even though he did things right, even though he feared God, and had a prayer life, he didn’t have a personal relationship with God through Jesus Christ.

It says in verses 3-6, “He saw in a vision evidently about the ninth hour of the day [about three o’clock in the afternoon] an angel of God coming in to him, and saying unto him, Cornelius. And when he looked on him, he was afraid, and said, What is it, Lord? And he said unto him, Thy prayers and thine alms [giving] are come up for a memorial before God. And now send men to Joppa, and call for one Simon whose surname is Peter: He lodgeth with one Simon a tanner, whose house is by the sea side: he shall tell thee what thou oughtest to do” (brackets mine).

This man, although he was God-fearing, righteous as far as doing things that were right, and had a prayer life before God, was sent an angel who told him to send for Simon Peter who would tell him what he must do. We see in Acts 10:43 exactly what Peter was instructed to tell him: “To give him all the prophets witness, that through his name [through the name of the Lord Jesus] whosoever believeth in him shall receive remission of sins” (brackets mine). Isn’t this amazing? This man who had all these things to his credit didn’t have a personal relationship with God through the person of Jesus Christ. God said, “The things you’re doing are great, they’re wonderful, and they are a memorial before me, but I tell you what I’m going to do. I’ve sent an angel down to tell you to send for a man named Peter, and he will tell you what you must do.” In Acts 10:43, when Peter went to Cornelius’ house, he said, “Whosoever believeth in him [the Lord Jesus Christ] shall receive the remission of sins” (brackets mine).

Now look what happened here. “While Peter yet spake these words, the Holy Ghost fell on all them which heard the word” (Acts 10:44). Cornelius was receiving as he heard of faith in Christ, and he put his faith in Christ for the remission of his sins. As soon as he did, the Holy Spirit fell upon him and all those that were in that house. It says in verse 45, “And they of the circumcision which believed were astonished, as many as came with Peter, because that on the Gentiles also was poured out the gift of the Holy Ghost.” How did they know that? “For they heard them speak with tongues, and magnify God” (verse 46).

Every time the Holy Spirit falls on an individual in the New Testament, a gift of the Holy Spirit manifests and gives evidence that they have received the infilling of the Spirit. In the New Testament, they usually spoke in tongues or prophesied.

I got down on my knees one evening in a field in Dallas, Texas, and said, “God, I don’t know about all this speaking in tongues and the baptism in the Holy Spirit that people...
are talking about, but if there’s a way I can praise you, a way I can magnify you, a way I can go beyond my human English language, I want it. I started worshiping God, and as I did, the Holy Spirit gave me a language, an utterance that I hadn’t known or learned. The Bible says in Acts 2:4, “And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance.” Who did the speaking? They did. Who gave the utterance? The Holy Spirit.

Luke 11:13 says, “If ye then, being evil, know how to give good gifts to your children: how much more shall your heavenly Father give the Holy Spirit to them that ask him?” All you have to do right now is ask, believe that you receive, yield yourself to God, begin to worship the Lord, and He will give you an utterance to worship and praise Him in a language you have never learned.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Describe some of the terms that the Bible uses for salvation.

2. Read Acts 11:15. How does this verse describe the experience of the baptism with the Holy Spirit?

3. Jesus’ disciples received the Holy Spirit (John 20:22), but a few days later were actually baptised with the Holy Spirit (Acts 2:1-4). Look at and compare these facts (John 20:22 and Acts 2:1-4).

4. Read Acts 1:8. What is the purpose of the baptism with the Holy Spirit?

5. Read Acts 2:38-39 and 1 Corinthians 1:7. Is the baptism with the Holy Spirit for us today?

6. Read Luke 11:13. If you have not received the baptism with the Holy Spirit, what should you now do?

7. Read Acts 2:4. Will you ask, receive, speak, and worship God in the prayer language that God gives you?

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

John 3:3 – “Jesus answered and said unto him, Verily, verily, I say unto thee, Except a man be born again, he cannot see the kingdom of God.”

Acts 3:19 – “Repent ye therefore, and be converted, that your sins may be blotted out, when the times of refreshing shall come from the presence of the Lord.”

Mark 16:16 – “He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned.”

Colossians 2:13 – “And you, being dead in your sins and the uncircumcision of your flesh, hath he quickened together with him, having forgiven you all trespasses.”

Romans 8:9 – “But ye are not in the flesh, but in the Spirit, if so be that the Spirit of God dwell in you. Now if any man have not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of his.”
Matthew 25:46 – “And these shall go away into everlasting punishment: but the righteous into life eternal.”

Acts 11:15 – “And as I began to speak, the Holy Ghost fell on them, as on us at the beginning.”

John 20:22 – “And when he had said this, he breathed on them, and saith unto them, Receive ye the Holy Ghost.”

Acts 2:1-4 – “[1] And when the day of Pentecost was fully come, they were all with one accord in one place. [2] And suddenly there came a sound from heaven as of a rushing mighty wind, and it filled all the house where they were sitting. [3] And there appeared unto them cloven tongues like as of fire, and it sat upon each of them. [4] And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance.”

Acts 1:8 – “But ye shall receive power, after that the Holy Ghost is come upon you: and ye shall be witnesses unto me both in Jerusalem, and in all Judaea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth.”

Acts 2:38-39 – “[38] Then Peter said unto them, Repent, and be baptized every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins, and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost. [39] For the promise is unto you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call.”

1 Corinthians 1:7 – “So that ye come behind in no gift; waiting for the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ.”

Luke 11:13 – “If ye then, being evil, know how to give good gifts unto your children: how much more shall your heavenly Father give the Holy Spirit to them that ask him?”

Acts 2:4 – “And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance.”

**Answer Key**

1. Describe some of the terms that the Bible uses for salvation. **Being born again** (John 3:3), conversion (Acts 3:19), believing and being baptised (Mark 16:16), having been forgiven (Col. 2:13), having received the Spirit of Christ (Rom. 8:9), and eternal life (Matt. 25:46).

2. Read Acts 11:15. How does this verse describe the experience of the baptism with the Holy Spirit? **As the Holy Spirit falling on someone.**

3. Jesus’ disciples received the Holy Spirit (John 20:22), but a few days later were actually baptised with the Holy Spirit (Acts 2:1-4). Look at and compare these facts (John 20:22 and Acts 2:1-4). In **John 20:22, the disciples received the Holy Spirit. In Acts 2:1-4, the very same disciples were then filled with the Holy Spirit (which is an inward and outward immersion). See Acts 1:8.**

4. Read Acts 1:8. What is the purpose of the baptism with the Holy Spirit? **To empower for service (or witness).**

6. Read Luke 11:13. If you have not received the baptism with the Holy Spirit, what should you now do? Ask for it.

7. Read Acts 2:4. Will you ask, receive, speak and worship God in the prayer language that God gives you? Yes, I will speak, but the Holy Spirit will give me the utterance (the language).
One of the things that happened when the baptism of the Holy Spirit first came was that all the people who were there spoke in tongues. Acts 2:4 says that on the Day of Pentecost, they were filled with the Holy Ghost and spoke with other tongues as the Spirit gave them utterance. Consistently all the way through the book of Acts, there was a manifestation of God’s presence when the people received the Holy Spirit.

Of course, there is much more to the Holy Spirit than speaking in tongues, but it is one of the important manifestations. First Corinthians 14:13-14 says, “Wherefore let him that speaketh in an unknown tongue pray that he might interpret. For if I pray in an unknown tongue, my spirit prayeth, but my understanding is unfruitful.” When you pray in tongues, your spirit prays. Once you speak in tongues, pray that you interpret so your understanding will become fruitful.

I can give my own personal testimony that when I received the baptism of the Holy Ghost and started speaking in tongues, it changed my life dramatically. I believe when I got born again, Christ came to live inside of me and deposited everything there, but when the Holy Spirit came upon me, it started to manifest to me and other people. There are a couple of things that happen. The first year I prayed in tongues, my mind told me it was crazy, that all I was doing was wasting time. It took faith for me to pray in tongues, which is the reason Jude 20 says you build yourself up in your most holy faith. It takes you out of natural thinking and reasoning and puts you into a supernatural realm of faith.

Another thing I experienced was that when I prayed in tongues, people I hadn’t thought of for years would come to my remembrance. I’d start praying for them, and within a day or two, they would contact me and I’d find that something miraculous had happened. This happened so many times that I finally began to put these things together and realise that when I was praying tongues, I was praying with wisdom that went beyond my mental ability. My spirit that knew all things and had the mind of Christ was praying for people in ways that I could never do with my own physical understanding.

One day I was praying in tongues – as I said, it took faith for me to pray in tongues – and I was battling some thoughts like, You could be speaking in English and doing some good instead of speaking this gibberish. I had to deal with these thoughts and put them down, and I just kept praying. A guy I hadn’t seen for four years knocked on my door. He came in, didn’t say hello or anything, sat down, and began to cry and pour out his heart because he was having a lot of problems. I sat there thinking, Boy, I should have been praying in English. My next thought was, How would I have known to pray for him when I hadn’t seen him in four years? Finally, it just dawned on me that I had been praying, and God had been preparing me. I had been interceding for him in a way that I couldn’t have done if I were praying with my understanding. Suddenly, a revelation began to come to me and I told him, “I can tell you what your problem is.” I finished his story for him and gave him his answer.

You have to understand that this was back when I was in a denominational church. He didn’t know what had happened to me and I wasn’t sure. It scared us both. But it was the
power of God in manifestation, and He used it supernaturally. That is what this means: When you pray in tongues, it’s your spirit praying. Your spirit has been born again, has the mind of Christ, and knows exactly what to do. It has an unction (anointing) from God so that you know all things, and there is no limitation in your spirit. If you could walk in the power and revelation of your spirit, it would transform your physical life. One way of doing that, though not the only way, is to just start speaking in tongues. Recognise and believe that when you do, you’re building yourself up in your most holy faith, that your spirit is praying the hidden wisdom of God, and the perfect revelation of God is coming. Then, according to 1 Corinthians 14:13, pray that you can interpret. That doesn’t mean you have to stop praying in tongues and pray in English to interpret; it just means your understanding becomes fruitful.

If you give a message in tongues in a church service, you have to stop and interpret in English. When you’re praying by yourself, what I do is pray in tongues and trust that God is giving me revelation. Sometimes my attitude just changes. I don’t have a specific word, but suddenly I see things clearly and get a different perspective. It may take a week before I get the full revelation, but I believe the time spent praying in tongues and believing I interpret is a part of it.

Speaking in tongues is important for many reasons, certainly more than to prove you’ve received the Holy Spirit. It should be a part of everyday life. It is a way to communicate directly from your heart to the Father, bypassing your brain with its doubts and fears. It builds you up in your most holy faith and releases the hidden wisdom of God. I just pray that all of you will be able to flow in this, release your faith, and receive the full benefit of speaking in tongues.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Jude 20. What great benefit is received by praying in the Holy Ghost?

2. Read Acts 2:4. How many people were filled with the Holy Spirit?

3. Read Acts 2:4. What did they do as a result of being filled?

4. Read 1 Corinthians 14:14. What part of you is praying when you pray in an unknown tongue?

5. Read 1 Corinthians 14:2. When a person speaks in an unknown tongue, who are they speaking to?

6. Read 1 Corinthians 14:2. When a person prays in an unknown tongue, do people understand what is being said?

7. Read 1 Corinthians 14:2. When you pray in an unknown tongue, your spirit is speaking what?

8. Read 1 Corinthians 14:4. When you pray in tongues, you do what?

9. Read 1 Corinthians 14:16. When you pray in tongues, you are doing what?
Scriptures to Use with Questions

Jude 20 – “But ye, beloved, building up yourselves on your most holy faith, praying in the Holy Ghost.”

Acts 2:4 – “And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance.”

1 Corinthians 14:14 – “For if I pray in an unknown tongue, my spirit prayeth, but my understanding is unfruitful.”

1 Corinthians 14:2 – “For he that speaketh in an unknown tongue speaketh not unto men, but unto God: for no man understandeth him; howbeit in the spirit he speaketh mysteries.”

1 Corinthians 14:4 – “He that speaketh in an unknown tongue edifieth himself; but he that prophesieth edifieth the church.”

1 Corinthians 14:16 – “Else when thou shalt bless with the spirit, how shall he that occupieth the room of the unlearned say Amen at thy giving of thanks, seeing he understandeth not what thou sayest?”

Answer Key

1. Read Jude 20. What great benefit is received by praying in the Holy Ghost? **When I pray in the Holy Ghost, I build myself up.**

2. Read Acts 2:4. How many people were filled with the Holy Spirit? **All of them.**

3. Read Acts 2:4. What did they do as a result of being filled? **They spoke in tongues.**

4. Read 1 Corinthians 14:14. What part of you is praying when you pray in an unknown tongue? **My spirit is praying.**

5. Read 1 Corinthians 14:2. When a person speaks in an unknown tongue who is he speaking to? **God.**

6. Read 1 Corinthians 14:2. When a person prays in an unknown tongue, do people understand what is being said? **No.**

7. Read 1 Corinthians 14:2. When you pray in an unknown tongue, your spirit is speaking what? **Mysteries, secret things (New Century Version), intimacies just between me and God (The Message).**

8. Read 1 Corinthians 14:4. When you pray in tongues, you do what? **Edify myself (build myself up).**

9. Read 1 Corinthians 14:16. When you pray in tongues you are doing what? **Blessing and giving thanks to God.**

Level 2 - Lesson 1

SELF-CENTREDNESS

By Andrew Wommack
Self-centredness is the source of so much of what we experience. There is a verse in Proverbs 13 that you really ought to look up, because you wouldn’t believe it if you didn’t read it in your own Bible. Verse 10 says, “Only by pride cometh contention: but with the well advised is wisdom.” Many people at first would take issue with this and say, “Wait a minute. Pride can’t be the only thing that causes contention or strife. Proverbs 17:14 says that contention is the beginning of strife, so strife has to be caused by more than just pride. It’s what so-and-so has done to me.” Others will say, “You don’t understand; this is just the type of person I am.” No, the scripture says that only by pride comes contention. It’s not one of the leading causes; it’s the only cause. Some people again would take issue and say, “I’ve got all kinds of problems, but pride isn’t one of them. If anything, I’ve got such low self-esteem, there’s no way anybody can accuse me of pride.”

We have to redefine what pride is. It’s not just thinking you’re better than somebody else, but in the simplest terms, it is seeing yourself as the centre of everything. Self-centredness is really the root of all pride. In Numbers 12:2 Miriam and Aaron, Moses’ sister and brother, came against him, criticising him because of an interracial marriage, saying, “Hath the Lord indeed spoken only to Moses? Hath he not spoken also by us?” The Scripture then says in parentheses in verse 3 that Moses was the meekest man on the face of the earth. Instead of taking offence at what they said, he began to pray and intercede for them.

When it says Moses was the meekest man on the face of the earth, stop and think about that. We don’t know how many people there were on earth, but surely there were millions, and Moses was the meekest man of all these people. What makes this a really amazing statement is that he was the one who wrote it. Most people think if you’re truly humble or meek, you won’t even know it. That’s a false impression of what arrogance really is. Pride isn’t just thinking you’re better than everybody else—it’s self-centredness. It’s like having a stick with arrogance on one side and low self-esteem on the other side. Those are opposite expressions of the same thing, but they’re both on the same stick. It’s self-centredness. It doesn’t matter if you think you’re better than everyone else or worse than everyone else, you’re absolutely self-centred. Everything gets filtered through that. A timid, shy person is very proud and self-centred, thinking only about self.

The point I’m making is that self-centredness is really the root of all pride, and if you plug that back into Proverbs 13:10, “Only by pride cometh contention,” what this says is that it is our own self-centredness that makes us angry, not what people do to us. It’s our self-centredness that causes us to react to what people do. You will never be able to stop people from rubbing you the wrong way; it can’t happen. Faith is not to control other people but to help you deal with yourself and deal with the things that are inside you. So it doesn’t matter what people do to you.

As Jesus was being crucified, He was able to turn to the very people who were crucifying Him and say, “Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do.” He didn’t control those people but instead had control over Himself. It’s self-centredness that makes us angry. Jesus didn’t come here for Himself, but He so loved the world that He came here for us. He thought of His mother as He hung on the cross and spoke to one of His disciples about taking care of her. The reason Jesus was able to forgive and operate in love—in the midst of intense agony, injustice, and everything that came His way—was because He was not self-centred.

It’s your own selfishness that makes you angry, yet the Scripture says you’re supposed to be dead to yourself. If I had a corpse in front of me, I could insult it, kick it, spit on it, or ignore it, but if it’s truly a corpse, it wouldn’t respond. The reason you respond the
way you do to the things around you is not because of those external things but because of what’s on the inside of you. You will never be so strong in faith that you can remove all obstacles and everything that rubs you the wrong way, but you can deal with yourself. You can come to a place where you make Jesus Lord of your life and love Him, His kingdom, and other people more than you love yourself. You’ll find that when you do that and deal with self that the strife and contention in your life will cease.

One of the great keys for applying all of these things God has done in your life is to realise that He didn’t give you the kingdom for selfish purposes. He didn’t do these things just so you could have every need supplied. You need to learn it’s in denying yourself and losing your life that you really begin to find out what life is all about. It’s in loving other people and God more than yourself that you’ll begin to defuse your anger and hurt, all those things that are inside you.

I pray that today God will take these few things I’ve said and use them to open your heart to realise that it’s your own self-centredness that causes you grief. Instead of placing the blame somewhere else, you need to accept the responsibility, face it, humble yourself before God, and ask Him to come in and make Himself big in your life. That’s the way for you to walk in victory.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read Mark 9:33-34. What were the disciples arguing about on the road going to Capernaum? ________________________________________________________________

2. Does this reflect the selfishness in all of us? ____________________________

3. Read Mark 9:35. According to this scripture, if someone wants to be first, they must become what? ________________________________________________


5. Read Proverbs 13:10. What is the only thing that causes contention? __________


7. Read Matthew 7:12. What is the antidote for self-centredness?
______________________________________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Mark 9:33-34 – “[33] And he came to Capernaum: and being in the house he asked them, What was it that ye disputed among yourselves by the way? [34] But they held their peace: for by the way they had disputed among themselves, who should be the greatest.”

Mark 9:35 – “And he sat down, and called the twelve, and saith unto them, If any man desire to be first, the same shall be last of all, and servant of all.”

Luke 22:24-27 – “[24] And there was also a strife among them, which of them should be
accounted the greatest. [25] And he said unto them, The kings of the Gentiles exercise lordship over them; and they that exercise authority upon them are called benefactors. [26] But ye shall not be so: but he that is greatest among you, let him be as the younger; and he that is chief, as he that doth serve. [27] For whether is greater, he that sitteth at meat, or he that serveth? is not he that sitteth at meat? but I am among you as he that serveth.”

Proverbs 13:10 – “Only by pride cometh contention: but with the well advised is wisdom.”

Galatians 2:20 – “I am crucified with Christ: nevertheless I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me: and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by the faith of the Son of God, who loved me, and gave himself for me.”

Matthew 7:12 – “Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them: for this is the law and the prophets.”

Answer Key

1. Read Mark 9:33-34. What were the disciples arguing about on the road going to Capernaum? **They argued about who was the greatest.**

2. Does this reflect the selfishness in all of us? **Yes.**

3. Read Mark 9:35. According to this scripture, if someone wants to be first, they must become what? **Servant of all.**

4. Explain in detail Jesus’ teaching in Luke 22:24-27. “And they began to argue among themselves as to who would be the greatest in the coming Kingdom. Jesus told them, ‘In this world the kings and great men order their people around, and yet they are called “friends of the people”. But among you, those who are the greatest should take the lowest rank, and the leader should be like a servant. Normally the master sits at the table and is served by his servants. But not here! For I am your servant’” (Luke 22:24-27, New Living Translation).

5. Read Proverbs 13:10. What is the only thing that causes contention? **Pride.**

6. Read Galatians 2:20. How should we live our lives? **By the faith of Christ (or faith in Christ), not centred on our own strengths or weaknesses.**

7. Read Matthew 7:12. What is the antidote for self-centredness? **To be God centred and others centred. Treat others like we want to be treated.**
The word meditate means “to muse over, ponder, to plan in the mind, to purpose, or intend”. The Greek word implies “to revolve something in the mind” and is also translated to imagine.

Two reasons for biblical mediation are “to ponder over correct knowledge, also referred to as renewing the mind and to contact God behind His Word” through prayer, praise, and mediation; i.e., musing, pondering, and thinking about Him.

Meditation can be done from topical study. Choosing a topic to ponder over. Example: baptism. Define the word from Greek, Hebrew, or a good dictionary. Find the root word from which it is derived. Consider and ponder over the context of verses that will lead you to study other related subjects, such as remission (Acts 2:38), repentance (Acts 2:38), faith (Mark 16:16), the conscience (1 Pet. 3:21), calling on the Lord (Acts 22:16), etc.

You need to ponder over questions that you have or that the Scripture raises, such as: Are there qualifications to be met before baptism? What is the purpose of baptism? When was it practiced? In what time frame?

Meditation can be done from expositional study; i.e., a verse-by-verse study of a book of the Bible. The key is to ponder and think over a book for so long that you become familiar with its content (verses and chapters).

Meditation can be done through word studies. What do certain words mean? What does it mean to believe? What does the word Lord mean? What does the word Jesus mean? What does the word Christ mean? What does the word justify mean, etc.

You can meditate from paragraphs in the Bible. A paragraph is a unit of thought in writing, usually containing several sentences. When an author changes their subject of emphasis in their writing, they usually begin a new paragraph.

When meditating through scriptures, look for punctuation such as question marks. Why is this question being asked? How does it relate to the context, etc.?

Biblical meditation is not just looking at words, but for God behind the Word.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. What does the word “meditate” mean?

2. What are two reasons for biblical mediation?

3. What is a topical study?

4. What is an expositional study of the Scriptures?
5. Read Luke 6:46. What do you think the word “Lord” means?

6. Read Matthew 1:21. What do you think the word “Jesus” means?


8. What is a paragraph? ___________________________________________________________________________

9. Biblical meditation is not just looking at words, but for ________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Luke 6:46 – “And why call ye me, Lord, Lord, and do not the things which I say?”

Matthew 1:21 – “And she shall bring forth a son, and thou shalt call his name JESUS: for he shall save his people from their sins.”

Luke 23:1-2 – “[1] And the whole multitude of them arose, and led him unto Pilate. [2] And they began to accuse him, saying, We found this fellow perverting the nation, and forbidding to give tribute to Caesar, saying that he himself is Christ a King.”

**Answer Key**

1. What does the word “meditate” mean? To muse over, ponder over, or to revolve something in one’s mind.

2. What are two reasons for biblical mediation? To ponder over correct knowledge (to renew my mind) and to contact God behind His Word (by musing, pondering, and thinking about Him).

3. What is a topical study? Choosing a topic from the Bible to study and think upon.


6. Read Matthew 1:21. What do you think the word “Jesus” means? A Saviour that saves others from their sins.


8. What is a paragraph? A unit of thought in writing.

9. Biblical meditation is not just looking at words, but for contacting God behind His Word.
Today we want to talk about renewing the mind. I’d like to read two passages. The first one is out of Philippians 4:8. It says, “Finally, brethren, whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things are honest, whatsoever things are just, whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report; if there be any virtue, and if there be any praise, think on these things.” The Apostle Paul is obviously telling us that there are things we should think on. In other words, we can choose our thoughts. Now I know that we all have thoughts that are sometimes contrary to the Word of God, according to Romans, chapter 7, verses 22 and 23. The Law of sin that wars in us attacks our minds. But the Bible tells us out of Philippians that we don’t have to sit there and let our thoughts build a nest, that we can choose what we think on. The Bible also tells us that as a man thinks in his heart, so is he (Prov. 23:7). So it’s really important what we think on.

In Romans 12:1 and 2, the Bible says, “I beseech you therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable unto God, which is your reasonable service. And be not conformed to this world: but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind.” The Bible says we can be transformed by the renewing of our minds. Did you know that when the Apollo spacecraft went up into space, they had to make a course correction every ten minutes? They went to the moon in kind of like a zigzag. And when they eventually landed, they had a 500-mile designated landing zone, and they just barely made it within that zone by a few feet. Yet the whole flight was successful. We need to set a course and make a total commitment to the Lord Jesus Christ by being a living sacrifice. The problem with a living sacrifice is that sometimes it wants to crawl off the altar, so we have to make course corrections in our thoughts. We have to have a heart that says, “God, I want You and I want Your way.”

Not only do we need to make a total commitment, but part of having a victorious Christian life requires that we take the next step and be transformed by the renewing of our minds. We can’t think like the world, if we don’t want the world’s results. As we read in Philippians 4:8, we can choose what to think on. “Whatsoever is lovely, just, of good report, think on these things.” What they would do in the Old Testament is take the Word of God and put it on their doorposts and on their garments. It was constantly in front of them. God instructed that they were to talk about the Word of God night and day that they might observe to do what it said. And they were also to tell all these things to their children. It’s very important what we think on. It’s very important that we keep the Word of God in front of us all the time in order to really have a life of victory. The opposite of thinking on what’s lovely, just, and of good report is to not think on the things of God and the things of the Spirit. Romans 8:6 says, “To be carnally minded is death,” but the next part of that verse says, “To be spiritually minded is life and peace.” It is life and it is peace to think on the things of the Spirit of God. But if we start thinking about adultery, the things of the world, money, covetousness, and so forth, do you know what will happen in our lives? As a man thinks in his heart, so is he. We’ll begin to act on those things. We’ll begin to play those things out in our lives, and it will destroy our lives. You see, the real spiritual warfare for the believer is really not resisting or rebuking the devil all the time, although there are times that we need to do that. But spiritual warfare has to do with what we’re thinking on and what we’re dwelling on.

You see, the Bible says in Isaiah 26:3 that God will keep him in perfect peace whose
mind is stayed upon Him. There are times during the day that we all need to make course adjustments, just like it says in Romans 12. We need to say, “God, those are wrong thoughts. I need to turn around and renew my mind and start thinking about the things that are lovely, just, and of good report.”

So if you’ve got a stronghold, if you’re in bondage, if you find yourself thinking things that you shouldn’t be thinking, you need to catch yourself immediately. The Bible says, “If we will draw near to God, He will draw near to us. If we resist the enemy, he will flee from us.” There are times in my life when I’ve let things slip and let depression rise up. At those times, it’s hard to pick up the Bible and sit down and take a passage and say, “God, this is what You say about me. This is who You say that I am. You are my strength.” Did you know that your victory is just that simple? You need to say, “I’m going to resist what I’m letting the enemy do to me right now. I’m going to sit down and open the Bible, and I’m not going to just read some words on these pages, but I’m going to connect with the God behind these words. I’m going to let my mind be stayed upon Him. And, Lord, this is what You say about me. You say that I’m forgiven. You say that I’m cleansed. You say that nothing can separate me from Your love.” When you sit there and just think about all of the good things that God has done for you, in just a few moments, you’re going to forget about those other things.

Let me use an illustration. I heard a man one time say, “Now, I’m just admonishing you to not think about pink elephants for the next ten minutes.” Do you know what happened? For the next ten minutes, all we did was think about pink elephants. Then he asked, “What colour is the Statue of Liberty?” Somebody said green. And he said, “Well, which arm is the Statue of Liberty holding up?” And somebody said it was the right arm. Then he asked, “What does the Statue of Liberty have in her hand?” And someone said it was a torch. Then the man said, “What happened to your thoughts about pink elephants?” They were gone. You see, it’s not a matter of saying, “Now, don’t you think these thoughts,” because you know you’ll think those thoughts. The Scripture is really telling us that we need to replace those thoughts with God’s thoughts, and when we see these things coming against us and we’re thinking something we shouldn’t think, we need to immediately call to mind our new identity. We need to immediately turn to the Lord, connect with Him, not just with words on a page, but with the God behind those words. And the Bible tells us in Romans 8:6 that as we do, we will see the transformation the life and peace of God gives, as our minds are stayed upon Him and the things of the Spirit. Think on these things, my brethren, and walk this day in the liberty and freedom that Christ has purchased for you.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read Romans 12:1. What are we to do with our bodies?

2. Read Romans 12:2. This scripture is telling us that we should be different than

3. Read Acts 17:11. We must make our thinking line up with?

4. Read Romans 8:5-6. To be spiritually minded is

5. Read Romans 12:1-2. What two things do we need to do, according to these verses?

6. Read Isaiah 26:3. How do we stay in perfect peace?
7. Read Isaiah 26:3. What are some ways we can keep our minds on the Lord?

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Romans 12:1 – “I beseech you therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable unto God, which is your reasonable service.”

Romans 12:2 – “And be not conformed to this world: but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind, that ye may prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect, will of God.”

Acts 17:11 – “These were more noble than those in Thessalonica, in that they received the word with all readiness of mind, and searched the scriptures daily, whether those things were so.”

Romans 8:5-6 – “[5] For they that are after the flesh do mind the things of the flesh; but they that are after the Spirit the things of the Spirit. [6] For to be carnally minded is death; but to be spiritually minded is life and peace.”

Romans 12:1-2 – “[1] I beseech you therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable unto God, which is your reasonable service. [2] And be not conformed to this world: but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind, that ye may prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect, will of God.”

Isaiah 26:3 – “Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace, whose mind is stayed on thee: because he trusteth in thee.”

Isaiah 26:4 – “Trust ye in the LORD for ever: for in the LORD JEHOVAH is everlasting strength.”

Answer Key

1. Read Romans 12:1. What are we to do with our bodies? **Present, or offer, them to God.**

2. Read Romans 12:2. This scripture is telling us that we should be different than **the world, or unbelievers.**

3. Read Acts 17:11. We must make our thinking line up with? **The Scriptures, God’s Word.**

4. Read Romans 8:5-6. To be spiritually minded is **life and peace.**

5. Read Romans 12:1-2. What two things do we need to do, according to these verses? **Commit ourselves to God as a living sacrifice and begin to renew our minds.**

6. Read Isaiah 26:3. How do we stay in perfect peace? **By keeping our minds on the Lord.**

7. Read Isaiah 26:3-4. What are some ways we can keep our minds on the Lord? **Prayer, praise, meditation on the Word, giving thanks, etc.**
THE IMPORTANCE OF CHRIST'S CHURCH

By Don Krow

Today we’re talking about the importance of Christ’s church. I’d like to read a scripture out of Hebrews 10:25. It says, “Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as the manner of some is; but exhorting one another: and so much the more, as ye see the day approaching.” As we look into the importance of Christ’s church, my question is, “What is the church?”

I took the Discipleship Evangelism programme into a local church here in Colorado Springs. We trained people in the church in how to use it, and we used it out on the field. Within six weeks of working with this local church, we had established twenty Bible studies outside of that local congregation. For months, we were working with these people in the Bible studies. The pastor really confused me one day when he said, “You know, the Bible says that the Lord added to the church daily such as should be saved. Why aren’t we seeing these people from the Bible studies come into our church?”

When we were out on the field, people were being saved and they were being discipled and ministered to. But what the pastor really meant was, “Why aren’t they coming to meet together on Sunday morning in this building?” My concept of the church was a little off too. What the pastor said really troubled me, and I didn’t know what to do. I thought, Is the Discipleship Evangelism programme really working? Are we really reaching people’s lives? I knew we were reaching many people, but what confused me was why they were not coming to the Sunday morning service.

I decided to do a study on the word “church”. What’s covered in this lesson is what I discovered. In Romans 16:3, 1 Corinthians 16:19, Colossians 4:15, Philemon 2, Acts 5:42, and Acts 20:20, the Bible primarily speaks about the early New Testament church meeting in someone’s home. I know that there are all kinds of churches. There are home churches, churches with small and large congregations, and very large mega-churches. The one thing that really caught my attention in the Scripture was that the New Testament church seemed to meet together in small congregations in people’s homes.

The Expository Dictionary of Bible Words by Lawrence O. Richards (p.164) says, “Anyone may be excused for being a bit confused about the meaning of the word, ‘church’; we use the word in so many ways. It means a particular building (e.g., the church on 4th street), a denomination or organised faith (the Reformed Church in America) [or the Baptist Church], and even a Sunday meeting (e.g., did you go to church today). None of these uses is particularly Biblical.” And I got to thinking, What does this really mean? What does the word “church” really mean? I’m going to quote further. It says, “Since many persons think of a church as a building for religious services rather than a congregation engaging in worship, the rendering church can be misleading.” The Greek word for “church” is ecclesia and literally means an assembly of people together for the purpose of worship or prayer or praise or just looking unto God. I’m going to read some other things here. It says, “Ecclesia in the New Testament can encompass any number of believers. It can be used of small groups that met in homes (Romans 16:5). It encompassed all believers living in a large city (Acts 11:22), or a large geographical district, such as Asia or Galatia.” It goes on to say, “The typical meeting of the church was in a home. When such a congregation met ‘everyone
had] a hymn, a word of instruction, a revelation, a tongue or an interpretation’ (1 Corinthians 14:26). Individuals shared and others ‘weighed carefully what was said’ (1 Corinthians 14:29) … such sharing remains essential to the very existence of the church as a community of faith … Each person was expected to contribute and to serve others with his or her spiritual gift(s).”

In Hebrews 10:25 it says, “Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together.” The church is an assembly of people coming together for the purpose of looking to Jesus, praising the Lord, to receive direction from the Lord, to follow through with that direction. The primary purpose of the early New Testament church was edification. They met together for the purpose of building each other up in the faith.

The early church was an evangelistic church. People were scattered everywhere, sharing their faith in Jesus Christ, and as they did, the Lord added to the church – not to a building – but added to the people of God as they repented and believed. Then they assembled themselves together to encourage one another, to exercise their spiritual gifts, to serve one another, and to have a time of fellowship with one another by sharing a meal together. When they were together, they exercised their spiritual gifts to edify one another. Then they would go out and preach the Word, and the whole cycle would begin again. They believed on the Lord Jesus Christ, and they assembled themselves together. It didn’t matter where they assembled. It could’ve been in a building or someone’s home. It could’ve been a large amount of people, or it could’ve been a small number of people meeting in homes. It didn’t really matter, as long as they met together in the name of the Lord for the purpose of exercising their gifts, to encourage one another, and to fellowship with one another with the end result being edification, or building, each other up.

I discovered that what we were doing with the Discipleship Evangelism programme through the local church I had mentioned earlier, by meeting in twenty different Bible studies throughout the city is we were meeting in twenty different churches. It wasn’t churches as we know them today, but we were meeting as the church, twenty times a week, because we were meeting together in the name of the Lord Jesus to encourage one another, to look to the Lord Jesus, to be instructed out of the Word of God, and to exercise our spiritual gifts.

No matter what church you go to – no matter if you’re in a denominational church or a non-denominational church, if you are meeting in a mega-church or a small home group – the Scripture is telling us that as you see the Day approaching, and as sin abounds, the grace of God much more abounds. Grace is going to abound within these assemblies of God’s people. In the church where each believer has a part of the ministry of Jesus Christ, you can minister to one another, exhort one another, and encourage one another as you exercise your spiritual gift with one another.

We would all benefit by meeting with a group of believers in this way. Even if it’s just two or three that are meeting in the name of the Lord Jesus, we need to meet together on a regular basis. It is good to meet together to use our spiritual gifts, to exhort one another, to encourage one another, to look to Jesus together, and to pray for one another. There’s a lot we could say about the church. We could talk about the elders, overseers, pastors, and church government, but that’s not the purpose of our teaching today. The purpose of our teaching is to know the purpose of the church and to know we do not have to be isolated like one man on an island all to himself. We cannot survive that way. When we received salvation, God put us in the body of Christ – the universal body of believers. We need one another, and we need to meet together as God’s church to encourage one another and serve one another with the spiritual gifts that God has given us. I encourage you, meet together today with God’s people.

Discipleship Questions
1. Read Hebrews 10:25. What are we not to forsake?  

2. Read Acts 5:42. Daily in the temple and in every home, Jesus was __________ and __________________________________________________________________________________________.

3. Read Acts 2:42. What four things did the early church continue to do?  

4. Read Acts 2:44-45. The early church continued to give money to build a church parking lot. True or False.

5. Read 1 Corinthians 12:28. List eight different kinds of gifts that God has placed in His church. __________________________________________________________

6. Read 1 Corinthians 14:26. When the people of God meet together as the church, there was freedom to express their gifts. Name five things that happened when they met. __________________________________________________________


8. Read James 1:27. The only kind of religion that God cares about is the religion that __________________________________________________________

9. Read 1 Timothy 5:9-11. Widows who were supported by the early New Testament church had to meet what criteria? __________________________________________________________

10. Read 1 Corinthians 9:14. Besides the church supporting widows, orphans, and the poor, it also supported __________________________________________________________

11. Read Matthew 25:35-40. Why do people think giving money in an offering plate is the only way to give to God? __________________________________________________________


**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Hebrews 10:25 – “Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as the manner of some is; but exhorting one another: and so much the more, as ye see the day approaching.”

Acts 5:42 – “And daily in the temple, and in every house, they ceased not to teach and preach Jesus Christ.”

Acts 2:42 – “And they continued steadfastly in the apostles' doctrine and fellowship, and in breaking of bread, and in prayers.”

Acts 2:44-45 – “[44] And all that believed were together, and had all things common; [45] And sold their possessions and goods, and parted them to all men, as every man had need.”

1 Corinthians 12:28 – “And God hath set some in the church, first apostles, secondarily prophets, thirdly teachers, after that miracles, then gifts of healings, helps, governments, 70
1 Corinthians 14:26 – “How is it then, brethren? when ye come together, every one of you hath a psalm, hath a doctrine, hath a tongue, hath a revelation, hath an interpretation. Let all things be done unto edifying.”

Acts 6:1 – “And in those days, when the number of the disciples was multiplied, there arose a murmuring of the Grecians against the Hebrews, because their widows were neglected in the daily ministration.”

James 1:27 – “Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this, To visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world.”

1 Timothy 5:9-11 – “[9] Let not a widow be taken into the number under threescore years old, having been the wife of one man, [10] Well reported of for good works; if she have brought up children, if she have lodged strangers, if she have washed the saints' feet, if she have relieved the afflicted, if she have diligently followed every good work. [11] But the younger widows refuse: for when they have begun to wax wanton against Christ, they will marry.”

1 Corinthians 9:14 – “Even so hath the Lord ordained that they which preach the gospel should live of the gospel.”

Matthew 25:35-40 – “[35] For I was an hungered, and ye gave me meat: I was thirsty, and ye gave me drink: I was a stranger, and ye took me in: [36] Naked, and ye clothed me: I was sick, and ye visited me: I was in prison, and ye came unto me. [37] Then shall the righteous answer him, saying, Lord, when saw we thee an hungered, and fed thee? or thirsty, and gave thee drink? [38] When saw we thee a stranger, and took thee in? or naked, and clothed thee? [39] Or when saw we thee sick, or in prison, and came unto thee? [40] And the King shall answer and say unto them, Verily I say unto you, Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me.”

Acts 4:32-35 – “[32] And the multitude of them that believed were of one heart and of one soul: neither said any of them that aught of the things which he possessed was his own; but they had all things common. [33] And with great power gave the apostles witness of the resurrection of the Lord Jesus: and great grace was upon them all. [34] Neither was there any among them that lacked: for as many as were possessors of lands or houses sold them, and brought the prices of the things that were sold, [35] And laid them down at the apostles' feet: and distribution was made unto every man according as he had need.”

Proverbs 3:9-10 – “[9] Honour the LORD with thy substance, and with the firstfruits of all thine increase: [10] So shall thy barns be filled with plenty, and thy presses shall burst out with new wine.”

**Answer Key**

1. Read Hebrews 10:25. What are we not to forsake? **The assembling of ourselves together as believers.**

2. Read Acts 5:42. Daily in the temple and in every home, Jesus was **taught** and **preached**.

3. Read Acts 2:42. What four things did the early church continue to do? **They continued in the apostles’ teachings, fellowship, breaking of bread (eating together and sharing communion), and prayer.**
4. Read Acts 2:44-45. The early church continued to give money to build a church parking lot. **False.**

5. Read 1 Corinthians 12:28. List eight different kinds of gifts that God has placed in His church. **Apostles, prophets, teachers, those who do miracles, those who have the gifts of healing, helps, those with gifts of administration, and those who speak in unknown tongues.**

6. Read 1 Corinthians 14:26. When the people of God meet together as the church, there was freedom to express their gifts. Name five things that happened when they met. One person had a song, another a teaching, another would tell some revelation God had given, one would speak in an unknown tongue, and another would explain what the unknown tongue meant.


8. Read James 1:27. The only kind of religion that God cares about is the religion that cares for orphans and widows in their troubles.

9. Read 1 Timothy 5:9-11. Widows who were supported by the early New Testament church had to meet what criteria? “A widow who is put on the list for support must be a woman who is at least sixty years old and was faithful to her husband. She must be well respected by everyone because of the good she has done. Has she brought up her children well? Has she been kind to strangers? Has she served other Christians humbly? Has she helped those who are in trouble? Has she always been ready to do good? The younger widows should not be on the list...” (1 Timothy 5:9-11, New Living Translation).

10. Read 1 Corinthians 9:14. Besides the church supporting widows, orphans, and the poor, it also supported **those who minister the Word.**

11. Read Matthew 25:35-40. Why do people think giving money in an offering plate is the only way to give to God? **Because that’s what they have been taught.**

12. Read Acts 4:32-35 and Proverbs 3:9-10. The early church elders and pastors did what with the finances? **Gave to those in need, honouring the Lord with the giving.**
Today we’re going to talk about demonology. Jesus spent His ministry on earth casting out demons, healing the sick, raising the dead, and doing other miracles. About one-fourth of His ministry was spent expelling evil spirits from people. The Bible tells us in Acts 10:38, “How God anointed Jesus of Nazareth with the Holy Ghost and with power: who went about doing good, and healing all that were oppressed of the devil; for God was with Him.”

Also, 1 John 3:8 says, “For this purpose the Son of God was manifested, that he might destroy the works of the devil.” I used to have a different view of demonology – that demons, evil spirits, unclean spirits, devils, whatever you want to call them – only appeared in India or third-world countries where the people don’t worship the True and Living God but worship idols. I was wrong.

I want to tell you about an experience I had a few years ago in a church in Dallas, Texas. All the people were singing when all of a sudden this girl just fell on the floor. It looked like she was having a seizure. There happened to be a medical doctor there whose name was Dr. Rice. Some people in the church had a home about a block from the church, and he said to take her there so he could examine her. When we got her to their home, this girl was like a wildcat! Her eyes were dilated, and there was a strong masculine voice speaking out of this little bitty teenage girl, who probably weighed less than a hundred pounds. Suddenly, this thing began to attack me verbally, saying things like, “YOU’RE GOING TO HELL!” I said, “No, I’m not.” I was scared because I’d never seen anything like this before. It said, “YES, YOU ARE GOING TO HELL,” and I said, “No, I’m not. I’m not going to hell.” It seemed to have power or authority over me, and I didn’t know what to do or how to deal with the thing that was in this girl.

One of my good friends was so scared he left right away, and there I was. I thought, What in the world do I do? The girl had supernatural strength, and she began to speak something like German that she had never learned – all kinds of wild manifestations of the devil came out of her. She was demon-possessed, and though I didn’t know what to do, I’d always believed the Bible has power. It’s like when you were a kid and watched those scary Dracula horror movies. The vampire would come toward the person, and all of a sudden, the person would pull out a cross and the vampire would go “ARRRGGH!” That’s the way I thought about the Bible. I knew it had power, but I didn’t know how to get the power out of the Bible. The grace of God helped me, because I’d never experienced anything like this before. I opened my Bible to the New Testament and happened to turn to the book of Philippians. I began to read in chapter 2 verses 8-11, “And being found in fashion as a man, he humbled himself, and became obedient unto death, even the death of the cross. Wherefore God also hath highly exalted him, and given him a name which is above every name: That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, of things in heaven, and things on earth, and things under the earth; And that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father.”

The demon said, “Don’t say that! I can’t stand those words! Don’t say that!” I thought, What a reaction! So I said, “Well, at the name of Jesus, every knee should bow – things in heaven, things on earth, and things under the earth.” “Don’t say that! I can’t stand those words! Don’t say that, don’t say that!” she yelled. I thought, This devil is going crazy
inside this girl, and all I’m doing is reading the Word of God! So I read it again, “And being found in fashion as a man, he humbled himself, and became obedient unto death, even the death of the cross. Wherefore God also hath highly exalted him, and given him a name which is above every name: That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow.” Again, there was the same reaction; “Don’t say that, I can’t stand that!” Then the demon grabbed the girl by her ears, and she said, “Don’t say that! I can’t stand those words, don’t say that!” The devil threw the girl down before me, and she began to bow at the name of Jesus. And I said, “At the name of Jesus every knee will bow, whether in heaven or in earth or under the earth.”

Just moments before, that devil had authority and power over me. I thought he was going to whip me, beat me up, throw me out of there – I didn’t know! All I knew was that the Bible has power, and I opened it and began to read. The Bible says in Ephesians 6:17, “And take ... the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God.” You see, there is an offensive weapon which is like a sword that will cut and hurt the enemy. It is the Sword of the Spirit, the Word of God. Do you remember when Jesus was tempted? The devil came to Him and said, “I’ll give you all the kingdoms of the world if you will bow down and worship me.” Jesus said, “Get thee hence, Satan: for it is written, Thou shalt worship the Lord thy God, and him only shalt thou serve” (Matt. 4:10). Then the devil tempted Him, and tempted Him again, and Jesus said “It is written, Satan ... it is written,” and then quoted the Word of God. He used the Sword of the Spirit, and the Bible says the devil took off and left Him for a season.

The only weapon we have to defeat the enemy is the Sword of the Spirit, which is the Word of God. Do you know what I learned from that? I learned this: Every time I want to study the Word, I think about how hungry I am and have to go find something to eat, or I think about all the things I didn’t do that day. I know that those in this discipleship class will have all sorts of excuses why they can’t come. I finally figured out why. There’s something in the Bible that God wants us to know and the devil doesn’t want us to know. So every time you come to study God’s Word, or do a discipleship class, there’s something in the Word of God the enemy doesn’t want you to know – he doesn’t want you to know the God behind these words.

There is a kingdom of darkness, and there is the kingdom of God’s dear Son. In Colossians 1:13, Paul says, “Who hath delivered us from the power of darkness, and hath translated us into the kingdom of his dear Son.” What kingdom are you in? A kingdom is where someone has the rule and reign. Jesus Christ is a king. Have you ever given your life to Him? Are you following Him today, or are you letting other things have priority in your life? Jesus said this in Luke 6:46, “And why call ye me, Lord, Lord, and do not the things which I say?” He wants to be pre-eminent in your life, to be number one. There is a kingdom of darkness that is trying to keep Him from that pre-eminence, that place of reigning in your life. The reason for this is the enemy wants to rise up in that place of pre-eminence. Turn to Jesus today with all your heart, and realise there is an enemy. His name is Satan and he has demonic power, but the Bible tells us we have authority over him.

Jesus said in Matthew 10:8, “Heal the sick, cleanse the lepers, raise the dead, cast out devils: freely ye have received, freely give.” Preach the Gospel of the kingdom, and as you go you have authority over the enemy. Don’t let the enemy talk you out of what God has for your life any longer. Make Jesus Lord and number one in your life. You will never regret it.

Discipleship Questions
1. Read Ephesians 6:12. How does this verse describe our spiritual conflict with the demonic realm?

2. Read Mark 16:17. What does this verse teach us about the authority of the believer?

3. Read James 4:7. What must a person seeking deliverance from demons do?

4. Read James 1:14. How does Satan deceive us into making something evil look desirable?

5. Read Romans 6:13. If a person fills their life with the things of Christ, demons will get uncomfortable and leave on their own. What does this verse tell us to do?

6. Read Romans 13:14. Demons feed on the works of the flesh, so starve them out by walking in God’s ways of love and purity. We are to make no ________ for the flesh.

7. Read Luke 10:17-19. Jesus never tells us to pray to Him to cast out demons. He’s given us authority. This verse tells us we have power and authority over

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Ephesians 6:12 – “For we wrestle not against flesh and blood, but against principalities, against powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world, against spiritual wickedness in high places.”

Mark 16:17 – “And these signs shall follow them that believe; In my name shall they cast out devils; they shall speak with new tongues.”

James 4:7 – “Submit yourselves therefore to God. Resist the devil, and he will flee from you.”

James 1:14 – “But every man is tempted, when he is drawn away of his own lust, and enticed.”

Romans 6:13 – “Neither yield ye your members as instruments of unrighteousness unto sin: but yield yourselves unto God, as those that are alive from the dead, and your members as instruments of righteousness unto God.”

Romans 13:14 – “But put ye on the Lord Jesus Christ, and make not provision for the flesh, to fulfil the lusts thereof.”

Luke 10:17-19 – “[17] And the seventy returned again with joy, saying, Lord, even the devils are subject unto us through thy name. [18] And he said unto them, I beheld Satan as lightning fall from heaven. [19] Behold, I give unto you power to tread on serpents and scorpions, and over all the power of the enemy: and nothing shall by any means hurt you.”
Answer Key

1. Read Ephesians 6:12. How does this verse describe our spiritual conflict with the demonic realm? **It is described as wrestling.**

2. Read Mark 16:17. What does this verse teach us about the authority of the believer? **We have the authority in Jesus’ name to cast out demons.**

3. Read James 4:7. What must a person seeking deliverance from demons do? **Submit themselves to God and resist the devil.**

4. Read James 1:14. How does Satan deceive us into making something evil look desirable? **He works with our own lust (to make something evil look desirable).**

5. Read Romans 6:13. If a person fills their life with the things of Christ, demons will get uncomfortable and leave on their own. What does this verse tell us to do? **Don’t yield to sin but yield to God. Yield our members (parts of our body) as instruments of right doing.**

6. Read Romans 13:14. Demons feed on the works of the flesh, so starve them out by walking in God’s ways of love and purity. We are to make no **provision** for the flesh.

7. Read Luke 10:17-19. Jesus never tells us to pray to Him to cast out demons. He’s given us authority. This verse tells us we have power and authority over **all the power of the enemy.**
Level 2 - Lesson 6

AUTHORITY OF THE BELIEVER

By Andrew Wommack

In today’s session I want to talk about the authority God has given us as believers. In order to address this, we’re going to have to deal not only with the authority we have but the authority of Satan. He has been blown out of proportion. Christians have been led to believe we are fighting a being whose power is superior to ours, and we are just barely are able to cope with him. That’s not what the Scripture teaches at all. It does say in Ephesians 6:12, “For we wrestle not against flesh and blood, but against principalities, against powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world, against spiritual wickedness in high places.” So Satan is a factor; he does exist. He has a hierarchy of principalities and powers that we’re dealing with, but in the verse just prior to that, it says that we have to stand against the wiles of the devil. The only power Satan really has against us is deception. He doesn’t have power to just overcome us.

In Genesis 3 we see that when the first temptation came against Adam and Eve, Satan didn’t come with some superior force. For instance, instead of inhabiting a mammoth or an elephant, putting his foot on Adam’s head, threatening them, and saying “Serve me or else,” he inhabited a snake, the most subtle creature God made. The word “subtle” means “sly, deceptive, or cunning”. The reason Satan came through the snake was because he really didn’t have the power to force Adam and Eve to do anything. He could only deceive. He came against the nature and character of God and began to criticise Him, saying, “God doesn’t really love you – He’s holding things back from you.” He used deception to tempt Adam and Eve to sin against God. They were the ones who had all the authority, and the reason Satan had to do it this way was because he didn’t have power to come against God.

There’s so much more I don’t have time to go in to, but one of the main points I want to get across is that concerning the authority of the believer, you have to recognise that Satan has zero power and authority over you. He is a defeated foe. His only power against you is to come against you with lies and deception. If your life is being destroyed, you can say “Satan is the one who is firing these shots at me,” but you are the one who is giving him the ammunition. You’re the one who has to respond to his lies and deception. If you didn’t yield to Satan, he would have no inroads or power against you. In 2 Corinthians 10:3-5 it says, “For though we walk in the flesh, we do not war after the flesh: (For the weapons of our warfare are not carnal, but mighty through God to the pulling down of strong holds;) Casting down imaginations, and every high thing that exalteth itself against the knowledge of God, and bringing into captivity every thought to the obedience of Christ.” These scriptures are talking about the weapons of your warfare, and every weapon mentioned refers to your mind, dealing with thoughts. Satan doesn’t have the power to do anything to you except through deception.

I want to quickly summarise some things. In the beginning God, of course, had all authority. All power and authority has to emanate from God because He is the only one who has power in Himself. Everything else is delegated from Him. When He created the heavens and the earth, He had all power and authority. Then in Genesis 1:26, when God created Adam and Eve, He said, “Let them have dominion ... over all the earth.” Put that together with Psalm 115:16, which says, “The heaven, even the heavens, are the LORD’S: but the earth hath he given to the children of men.” God had ownership of everything by right of being the Creator, but He gave dominion, or authority, over the earth to physical human
beings. Satan has never had the right and power to rule over the earth. He took it through deceiving man to sin. God gave that power to mankind, and when man fell, he yielded his God-given authority and power over to the devil. Satan was never given power by God to oppress man or to rule this earth.

Scripture does say that Satan is the god of this world, but it’s not because God made him the god of this world. God never put Satan in a position above mankind. He gave mankind dominion and authority over this earth. The only reason Satan has ever been able to oppress, dominate, or cause the problems he does is because people yield their God-given authority to him. This posed a real problem for God, because He was a Spirit, and He had given authority over this earth to physical human beings. Only people who had a physical body had the authority and power to rule and exercise influence in this earth. Satan had to come to us and get us to yield our authority to him. That’s the reason that he likes to inhabit a body. In Scripture, demons had to have a body to possess because Satan can’t do anything unless he is using a physical human body to work through. Because God was a Spirit and had given authority to physical human beings, now in a sense He had His hands tied. It wasn’t because God didn’t have power and authority but because of His integrity. He gave authority to physical human beings, and to be true to His own Word, He couldn’t just take it back and say, “This isn’t the way I wanted it; time out, stop, we’re going to do it over.” No, God bound Himself by His own Word. Throughout history He looked for someone He could flow through, but the problem was that all men were corrupted and had yielded themselves to Satan. So what was He to do?

What God finally did was come to the earth Himself and become a man. This is tremendous when you understand it, because now the devil was in big trouble. He had been using mankind’s power, and God couldn’t intervene directly to solve all these problems, because man was wilfully, legally yielding his God-given authority to Satan. Satan was wrong in what he did, but man gave him the authority and power that was theirs to give. But now, here came God, and He was no longer only the Spirit but was in the form of physical flesh. This put the devil in a bad situation, because God not only had authority in heaven, but becoming a man gave Him authority on the earth. Jesus said in John 5:26-27, “For as the Father hath life in himself; so hath he given to the Son to have life in himself; And hath given him authority to execute judgment also, because he is the Son of man.” He was referring to His physical body.

Jesus came and exercised God-given authority. The devil tempted Him, and Jesus never yielded to him. Satan lost in every battle with Him. Then Jesus took our sins, died for them, went to hell, rose again, and said in Matthew 28:18, “All authority is given unto me in heaven and in earth.” He won back the authority God had given mankind, which man misused, and as God in the flesh, Jesus now had all authority in heaven and in earth. In the very next verse He said, “Now you go, and you do these things.” In effect He was saying, “I now have all authority in heaven and earth, and I’m sharing it with you.” This time, however, there’s a unique difference in the authority God has given back to us as believers. It is joint authority between us and the Lord Jesus Christ. It’s no longer given to us solely as it was to Adam and Eve. They could give the authority away, allow the devil to oppress them, and basically be hopeless, but today our authority is shared with the Lord Jesus Christ. It’s like having a joint bank account that requires both signatures in order to cash a check. Our authority is shared with the Lord Jesus, and His authority is shared with the church.

Although we may fail, God is never again going to sign this authority over to the devil. Satan is absolutely powerless. He has no ability to do anything in your life except what he deceives you in and what you voluntarily yield to. You may give him authority in your life, you may suffer personally for it, but the God-given authority that was given to man will never again pass solely to the devil. It is now shared between us and the Lord.
Jesus, and He will remain faithful regardless. You need to recognise that you’re the one who now has authority and the power. Satan is fighting you with thoughts, and your weapons are such that you can take these thoughts captive. You can recognise that it’s wrong for the devil to oppress you physically and find out what the Scripture has to say about healing. John 8:32 says, “And ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free.” You’re the one who has power and authority. God has given it to you, and the only thing that keeps you from exercising it is that you haven’t yet taken your thoughts captive. You haven’t used these spiritual weapons to renew your mind and to realise what you have. It’s encouraging to find out that you’re one with authority and power.

I pray that you’ll take this, meditate on it, and God will give you the revelation that you’re the one Satan trembles at. You shouldn’t be trembling at Satan, because you are the one who has God-given power and authority. If you resist the devil, he will flee from you (James 4:7).

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read Genesis 3:1. Satan does exist, but his real power exists in his ability to deceive us. What did the serpent (the devil) try to get Eve to question?

2. Read Genesis 3:1. Why do you think Satan used deception?

3. Read Genesis 1:26, 28. Who gave man his authority?

4. Read Psalm 8:4-8. How did God create man?

5. Read 2 Corinthians 4:4. What does this scripture indicate happened?

6. Read Matthew 4:8-9. Do these verses strengthen this point?

7. Read Matthew 28:18. After Jesus’ death and resurrection, who now has all authority in heaven and in earth?

8. Read Matthew 28:18-19. To whom has authority been delegated to, according to this verse?

9. Read Ephesians 1:19. The exceeding greatness of God’s power is toward whom?

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**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Genesis 3:1 – “Now the serpent was more subtle than any beast of the field which the LORD God had made. And he said unto the woman, Yea, hath God said, Ye shall not eat of every tree of the garden?”

Genesis 1:26 – “And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness: and let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over the cattle, and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth.”

Genesis 1:28 “And God blessed them, and God said unto them, Be fruitful, and multiply, and replenish the earth, and subdue it; and have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over every living thing that moveth upon the earth.”

2 Corinthians 4:4 – “In whom the god of this world hath blinded the minds of them which believe not, lest the light of the glorious gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, should shine unto them.”

Matthew 4:8-9 – “[8] Again, the devil taketh him up into an exceeding high mountain, and showeth him all the kingdoms of the world, and the glory of them; [9] And saith unto him, All these things will I give thee, if thou wilt fall down and worship me.”

Matthew 28:18 – “And Jesus came and spake unto them, saying, All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth.”

Matthew 28:19 – “Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptising them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost.”

Ephesians 1:19 – “And what is the exceeding greatness of his power to us-ward who believe, according to the working of his mighty power.”

Answer Key

1. Read Genesis 3:1. Satan does exist, but his real power exists in his ability to deceive us. What did the serpent (the devil) try to get Eve to question? **God’s Word (Has God indeed said?)**.

2. Read Genesis 3:1. Why do you think Satan used deception? **He could not make them disobey by force. He had to deceive them to give up their authority.**

3. Read Genesis 1:26, 28. Who gave man his authority? **God.**

4. Read Psalm 8:4-8. How did God create man? **With dominion over the works of His (God’s) hands.**

5. Read 2 Corinthians 4:4. What does this scripture indicate happened? **That Satan took man’s authority and became the god of this world (this system, or age).**

6. Read Matthew 4:8-9. Do these verses strengthen this point? **Yes.**

7. Read Matthew 28:18. After Jesus’ death and resurrection, who now has all authority in heaven and in earth? **Jesus.**

8. Read Matthew 28:18-19. To whom has authority been delegated to, according to this verse? **The believer.**

9. Read Ephesians 1:19. The exceeding greatness of God’s power is toward whom? **To us who believe.**
Today’s session is about healing and how it is part of what Jesus has already purchased for us. In Mark 2 and Luke 5 Jesus was teaching in a house so crowded that a paralysed man was let down through the roof by friends to where He sat, and Jesus miraculously healed him. In Matthew 8:14-16, after Jesus had been healing people, the Bible says, “And when Jesus was come into Peter’s house, he saw his wife’s mother laid, and sick of a fever. And he touched her hand, and the fever left her: and she arose, and ministered unto them. When the even was come, they brought unto him many that were possessed with devils: and he cast out the spirits with his word, and healed all that were sick.” Then verse 17 gives the reason for this happening: “That it might be fulfilled which was spoken by Esaias the prophet, saying, Himself took our infirmities, and bare our sicknesses.” In this instance, Jesus was healing many people, and it specifically refers back to and quotes from Isaiah 53:3-5: “He is despised and rejected of men [This is a prophecy about the Lord Jesus Christ]; a man of sorrows, and acquainted with grief: and we hid as it were our faces from him; he was despised, and we esteemed him not. Surely he hath born our griefs, and carried our sorrows: yet we did esteem him stricken, smitten of God, and afflicted. But he was wounded for our transgressions, he was bruised for our iniquities: the chastisement of our peace was upon him; and with his stripes we are healed” (brackets mine).

These are powerful passages of Scripture. Some people take them and say, “Wait a minute; this is talking in a spiritual sense.” The church I was brought up in didn’t believe in physical healing for the body. They would take a scripture like this and spiritualise it – use it to say we were wounded emotionally, and when we commit our lives to the Lord, He heals us. But if we put this passage together with the passages we started with, it forever ends that application of these scriptures. It’s true that Jesus will heal you emotionally and in other ways, but these scriptures are talking about physical healing for the body. You can see that because in Matthew 8:17, it says that these healings that took place were the fulfilment of the prophecy spoken by Isaiah we just read, “With his stripes we are healed.” It says this was the fulfilment that He Himself took our infirmities and bore our sicknesses. This is talking about physical sicknesses, hurts, and pains. Jesus healed people physically to fulfil the scripture that says we are healed by His stripes.

The Bible goes on to say in 1 Peter 2:24, “Who his own self bare our sins in his own body, on the tree, that we, being dead to sins, should live unto righteousness: by whose stripes ye were healed.” This is in the past tense. Jesus came, and part of what He came to do was heal your physical bodies. I am not diminishing the fact that He also came to forgive your sins. That’s important, and forgiveness of sins is like the doorway, the entrance to everything else, but He didn’t come only to forgive your sins. He also came to heal your body. In Greek, the word used for salvation in the New Testament is sozo, an all-encompassing word that applies to many different things. But if you look it up, it’s also translated “healed.” James 5:14 states, “Is any sick among you? let them call for the elders of the church; and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord; And prayer of faith shall save the sick.” The word “save” there is the Greek word sozo, and it is talking about the sick being physically healed in their bodies. This same word that was translated forgiveness of sins hundreds of times in the New Testament was also translated healed.
When Jesus sent His disciples out in Matthew 10, the command He gave them was to heal the sick, cleanse the lepers, raise the dead, cast out devils, and preach the Gospel. In the same breath that He told them to preach the Gospel, He told them to heal the sick, cleanse the lepers, and cast out devils. Healing is just as much a part of what Jesus came to accomplish in your life as forgiveness of sins.

In the same way you would never think that the Lord would want you to commit a sin to teach you that you could learn something through your sin, He would never want you to live in sickness. God is not the author of sickness in your life. Sometimes people say things like, “Well, this sickness is really a blessing from God because it turned me to Him.” It’s true that in crisis situations people turn to God, but He doesn’t send sickness to teach you. He wouldn’t do that anymore than He would put sin on you. Can you learn something if you go live in sin? If you live a life of adultery or homosexuality and get some disease, can you learn that the lifestyle was wrong? Certainly you can, but God didn’t cause you to live that lifestyle. He didn’t put sin in your life, yet you can learn from sinning. You can beat your head against the wall and learn that it’s not the thing to do, but you could also learn that without physically beating your head against the wall. You don’t have to learn everything by hard knocks. God does not put sickness in your life to humble you and teach you something. Jesus died to forgive you of your sins and also to heal you of your diseases. He bore your sins in His own body, and by His stripes you were healed.

God’s supernatural divine healing is available to all of us and is part of the atonement that Jesus died to produce. If you aren’t receiving your healing, God’s not upset with you. You don’t have to be healed to love God. You can love God with your whole heart, not believe in healing, and still go to heaven. As a matter of fact, you’ll probably get there quicker because you don’t know how to walk in health. But you know what – it’s available to you. Jesus died to produce it. God wants you to be well.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read Matthew 8:16-17. How many people did Jesus heal? _____________________

2. Read Isaiah 53:3-5. What type of healing are these verses talking about? __________________________________________________________

3. Read Matthew 8:17. What happened to our sicknesses and infirmity? _______________________________________________________________________

4. Read 1 Peter 2:24. What two things does this verse say Jesus did for us? ___________________________________________________________

5. Read James 5:14-15. The word “saved” in verse 15 is the Greek word sozo, which is translated “to deliver, protect, heal, preserve, be whole.” It is the same word the Bible refers to as “salvation.” According to these verses and the Greek definition for salvation, what is included in salvation? ___________________________________________________________

6. Read Matthew 10:7. When Jesus sent out His disciples, what did He tell them to say? ___________________________________________________________

7. Read Matthew 10:8. What did Jesus tell them to do? ___________________________________________________________

8. Read Mark 16:15. What did Jesus tell His disciples to do?
9. Read Mark 16:16. Those that respond to the Gospel will do what?

10. Read Mark 16:17. What signs will follow the believer?

11. Read Mark 16:18. What other signs follow believers?

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Matthew 8:16-17 – “[16] When the even was come, they brought unto him many that were possessed with devils: and he cast out the spirits with his word, and healed all that were sick: [17] That it might be fulfilled which was spoken by Esaias the prophet, saying, Himself took our infirmities, and bare our sicknesses.”

Isaiah 53:3-5 – “[3] He is despised and rejected of men; a man of sorrows, and acquainted with grief: and we hid as it were our faces from him; he was despised, and we esteemed him not. [4] Surely he hath borne our griefs, and carried our sorrows: yet we did esteem him stricken, smitten of God, and afflicted. [5] But he was wounded for our transgressions, he was bruised for our iniquities: the chastisement of our peace was upon him; and with his stripes we are healed.”

Matthew 8:17 – “That it might be fulfilled which was spoken by Esaias the prophet, saying, Himself took our infirmities, and bare our sicknesses.”

1 Peter 2:24 – “Who his own self bare our sins in his own body on the tree, that we, being dead to sins, should live unto righteousness: by whose stripes ye were healed.”

James 5:14-15 – “[14] Is any sick among you? let him call for the elders of the church; and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord: [15] And the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up; and if he have committed sins, they shall be forgiven him.”

Matthew 10:7 – “And as ye go, preach, saying, The kingdom of heaven is at hand.”

Matthew 10:8 – “Heal the sick, cleanse the lepers, raise the dead, cast out devils: freely ye have received, freely give.”

Mark 16:15 – “And he said unto them, Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature.”

Mark 16:16 – “He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned.”

Mark 16:17 – “And these signs shall follow them that believe; In my name shall they cast out devils; they shall speak with new tongues.”

Mark 16:18 – “They shall take up serpents; and if they drink any deadly thing, it shall not hurt them; they shall lay hands on the sick, and they shall recover.”

Answer Key
1. Read Matthew 8:16-17. How many people did Jesus heal? **All that came to Him.**

2. Read Isaiah 53:3-5. What type of healing are these verses talking about? **All types of healing (including physical).**

3. Read Matthew 8:17. What happened to our sicknesses and infirmity? **Jesus bore them.**

4. Read 1 Peter 2:24. What two things does this verse say Jesus did for us? **He bore our sins in His body and took stripes for our healing.**

5. Read James 5:14-15. The word “saved” in verse 15 is the Greek word sozo, which is translated “to deliver, protect, heal, preserve, be whole.” It is the same word the Bible refers to as “salvation.” According to these verses and the Greek definition for salvation, what is included in salvation? **Healing.**

6. Read Matthew 10:7. When Jesus sent out His disciples, what did He tell them to say? **The kingdom of heaven is at hand.**

7. Read Matthew 10:8. What did Jesus tell them to do? **Heal the sick, raise the dead, and cast out demons.**

8. Read Mark 16:15. What did Jesus tell His disciples to do? **To go into all the nations and preach the Gospel to everyone.**

9. Read Mark 16:16. Those that respond to the Gospel will do what? **Believe and be baptised.**

10. Read Mark 16:17. What signs will follow the believer? **They will cast out demons and speak with tongues.**

11. Read Mark 16:18. What other signs follow believers? **Laying hands on the sick and seeing them recover.**
In our previous lesson, I talked about the fact that it is God’s will to heal, and that healing is part of the atonement. Much more could be said, because even if you accept it and have seen it in the Scriptures, it still raises a lot of questions such as, “If it’s God’s will to heal us, why isn’t everyone healed?” There are many reasons, and I’m just scratching the surface on the things I know. There is a lot of information that I simply am not able to get into here, but if it’s God’s will to heal, I want to address part of why people are not healed. One of the reasons is ignorance. You cannot operate in something you don’t know or understand, and in my own life that certainly was true.

I was trained to believe God’s will automatically came to pass, that I had no authority, power, or say-so in it. So through my ignorance, a number of things happened. My dad died when I was twelve-years old and two or three people had died in my presence by the time I was twenty-one. I was praying for all of them to be healed, but I didn’t see healing manifest, not because it wasn’t God’s will, but because of ignorance on my part. Ignorance is a reason why things happen, but it’s not an excuse. It’s like the law of gravity: a person could say, “Well, I didn’t realise that if I walked off a ten-story building it was going to kill me.” You don’t have to realise it to have the full impact of that law to work against you. People are ignorant about some of God’s laws. They don’t know how His healing system works, so ignorance is killing a lot of people.

Another thing that can hinder us from receiving healing is sin. It really upsets people when you say that, because they interpret what you are saying as all sickness is a result of some sin on our part, which is not true. That’s not what I’m saying. In John 9, there was an instance where Jesus was coming out of the temple, and His disciples pointed out a man there who was born blind. His disciples said in verse 2, “Master, who did sin, this man, or his parents, that he was born blind?” In other words, they were trying to relate his sickness directly to sin, asking if it his sin or t his parents’ sin that caused this sickness to come on him. Jesus’ answer was that neither of them had sinned. That’s not saying that the parents nor the son had ever sinned but that it wasn’t their sin that directly caused his blindness. It’s untrue to say that all sickness is related to sin, but it’s also untrue to say that sin is not one of the factors.

In John 5 there is an instance when Jesus was at the pool of Bethesda, and He healed a man supernaturally. There were multitudes in that place, and only one person was healed. Later the chapter shows that the man didn’t know who healed him when the Jews asked him in verse 12, “What man is that which said unto thee, Take up thy bed, and walk?” Verses 13-14 continue, “And he that was healed wist [knew] not who it was: for Jesus had conveyed himself away, a multitude being in that place, Afterward Jesus findeth him in the temple, and said unto him, Behold, thou art made whole: sin no more, lest a worse thing come unto thee” (brackets mine). Jesus said right here that sin would cause something worse than his paralysis to come upon him. He tied the result of sickness to sin. He also said in John 9 that it wasn’t because of anybody’s sin that the man was born blind.

Some things just happen naturally, but there are times when sickness, disease, or problems can be a direct result of sin. Even in such cases, it doesn’t mean God is the one
who is doing these things to us. Take, for instance, a person who lives a homosexual lifestyle, which is a perversion of nature. The human body is not made to live that way. Sexually communicated diseases come from that lifestyle. God is not the author of these diseases—it's just nature rebelling because it's not set up to live that way. For instance, if you go out and eat the wrong food, your body will respond, and it's not God doing it to you. There are natural laws, natural factors here. So it is true that sin can be one of the reasons people aren't healed.

If there's a known sin in your life and you are believing God for healing, you need to stop the sin, because through it, you are giving Satan a direct access that's hindering you from receiving what God is doing in your life. Romans 6:16 says, “Know ye not, that to whom ye yield yourselves servants to obey, his servant ye are to whom ye obey; whether of sin unto death, or of obedience unto righteousness?” That's not saying that Satan becomes master in the sense that you lose your salvation and go to hell, but it means that whether you are a Christian or not—if you're out living in sin—you're giving Satan an inroad into your life. John 10:10 says that the thief comes for no other purpose except to steal, to kill, and to destroy. But Jesus came to give you life. So you've got Jesus trying to bring His life and health into you, but you've also got Satan trying to make you sick. If through sin you're yielding yourself to Satan, you are empowering him and giving him an opportunity in your life. You can pray and ask God for healing all you want to, but your actions are allowing the devil to come in and bring sickness. So, if you are living in sin, you need to stop it.

I need to add that you could become so introspective that you would say “Well, I’m always less than what I should be” and get to a place where even though you believe God can heal, you believe He won’t because you don’t deserve it. That certainly is wrong too. None of us are ever going to obtain healing from God because we deserve it. God’s never had anyone qualified working for Him yet, so you don’t need to associate God moving in your life only to your performance, your holiness. It needs to be based on what Jesus has done for you and your faith in Him. At the same time, you can’t ignore your actions and yield yourself to the devil without him hindering you. You’ll see healing work much easier, much better in your life if you repent and quit anything you’re doing that would give Satan an inroad into your life.

Another factor that concerns healing that some people don’t think much about is the negativity and unbelief of other people that can affect you. One of the classic examples of this is in Mark 6 where Jesus was in His hometown, and the people didn’t respect Him because they remembered Him as a little boy. They knew His father and mother, brothers and sisters, and didn’t respect Him the way some people did. They came against him and criticised Him. Mark 6:4-6 says, “A prophet is not without honour, but in his own country, and among his own kin, and in his own house. And he could there do no mighty work, save that he laid his hands upon a few sick folk, and healed them. And he marvelled because of their unbelief.” This doesn’t say that Jesus wouldn’t do any mighty works, but that He couldn’t. Here is Jesus, the Son of God, who came to earth as a man, who had no lack in His faith. And there certainly wasn’t any inroad of sin in His life. Yet He was limited to what He could do for other people because of their unbelief. Put this together with Matthew 13:58 where it says, “And he did not many mighty works there because of their unbelief,” and we see that Jesus, who had no limitations in Himself and certainly no sin in His life to give Satan an inroad, was limited in what He could do because of the people around Him.

This is really important to understand that I’m saying it is God’s will to heal everyone all of the time. If you believe that, you might possibly make the mistake of going to a hospital and trying to empty it of every sick person because you believe it’s God’s will for them to be healed. It is God’s will for them to be healed, but He will not move against their own will. God will protect their right to be sick, their right not to be healed. No one can
force them to be healed – and they can’t get healed off of someone else’s faith. Someone’s faith can help them if their struggling, but no one can do it for them. You can push a car when it’s in neutral, but you can’t push a car in park or reverse. If a person is set against healing, you cannot overcome it. Because of this, you can’t empty a hospital or go into a church service and see every person healed without their cooperation.

There’s so much more that could be said about this. When Jesus healed people, even raising the dead, He would go up to someone and say, “Weep not.” He would tell a mother not to weep and then raise her son from the dead. Somebody’s faith has to be used somewhere. There needs to be faith on our part, and there are so many, many other things involved in healing. I’ve discussed just a few here today, and hopefully they will help you, but one of the main things you need to get out of this is that God is faithful. It is His will for you to be healed, but you have to learn how to cooperate with Him. He can’t do it for you; He has to do it through you. It will come from the inside of you.

I pray that these things will help you to start yielding yourself, to allow the power of God to flow through you, and to walk in His supernatural health.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Matthew 8:17. What did Jesus do to obtain healing for us?

2. Read Hosea 4:6. Some people are not healed because of:
   A. ignorance (lack of knowledge).
   B. they don’t go to church.
   C. they are not good enough.

3. Read John 9:1-3. What did the disciples think caused this man’s blindness? __________  
   Was their thinking correct? ____________________________

4. Read John 5:14. Sin does open the door for sickness, but not always. Besides sickness, what else could sin produce in an individual?
   __________________________________________________________________

5. Read Romans 5:12-14 (in The Living Bible if possible). If sin is not always the cause of sickness, what could be another possible cause? ____________________________

6. Read Acts 10:38. According to Acts 10:38, sickness can be caused by?
   __________________________________________________________________

7. Read Matthew 13:58. Healing can be hindered by? ____________________________

8. Read James 5:15. What will save the sick? ____________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Matthew 8:17 – “That it might be fulfilled which was spoken by Esaias the prophet, saying,
Himself took our infirmities, and bare our sicknesses.”

Hosea 4:6 – “My people are destroyed for lack of knowledge: because thou hast rejected knowledge, I will also reject thee, that thou shalt be no priest to me: seeing thou hast forgotten the law of thy God, I will also forget thy children."

John 9:1-3 – “And as Jesus passed by, he saw a man which was blind from his birth. And his disciples asked him, saying, Master, who did sin, this man, or his parents, that he was born blind? Jesus answered, Neither hath this man sinned, nor his parents: but that the works of God should be made manifest in him.”

John 5:14 – “Afterward Jesus findeth him in the temple, and said unto him, Behold, thou art made whole: sin no more, lest a worse thing come unto thee.”

Romans 5:12-14 (The Living Bible) – “[12] When Adam sinned, sin entered the entire human race. His sin spread death throughout all the world, so everything began to grow old and die, for all sinned. [13] We know that it was Adam’s sin that caused this because although, of course, people were sinning from the time of Adam until Moses, God did not in those days judge them guilty of death for breaking his laws – because he had not yet given his laws to them nor told them what he wanted them to do. [14] So when their bodies died it was not for their own sins since they themselves had never disobeyed God’s special law against eating the forbidden fruit, as Adam had. What a contrast between Adam and Christ who was yet to come!”

Acts 10:38 – “How God anointed Jesus of Nazareth with the Holy Ghost and with power: who went about doing good, and healing all that were oppressed of the devil; for God was with him.”

Matthew 13:58 – “And he did not many mighty works there because of their unbelief.”

James 5:15 – “And the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up; and if he have committed sins, they shall be forgiven him.”

Answer Key

1. Read Matthew 8:17. What did Jesus do to obtain healing for us? He took our infirmities and carried away our diseases.

2. Read Hosea 4:6. Some people are not healed because of: A. ignorance (lack of knowledge).


5. Read Romans 5:12-14 (in The Living Bible if possible). If sin is not always the cause of sickness, what could be another possible cause? The fall (Gen. 3). Adam through his transgression introduced sin and sickness into the human race.

of the devil.

7. Read Matthew 13:58. Healing can be hindered by? **Unbelief**.

8. Read James 5:15. What will save the sick? **The prayer of faith**.
FORGIVING OTHERS
By Don Krow

Today we’re going to look at the subject of forgiveness from Matthew 18:21-22, “Then came Peter to him [Jesus], and said, Lord, how oft shall my brother sin against me, and I forgive him? till seven times? Jesus saith unto him, I say not unto thee, Until seven times: but, Until seventy times seven’” (brackets mine). I think Peter thought he was being very generous to ask how many times he should forgive someone who sinned against him, “seven times in a day, do you think?” Jesus said, “Peter, not seven but seventy times seven.” That’s 490 times, but it doesn’t mean that after 490 times you don’t have to forgive. What Jesus said was an impossible number of offences that would happen to an individual in a day. He was saying forgiveness should be continual, that it should go on and on. Forgiveness should be the real attitude of a Christian. Jesus said in Luke 23:34, “Father forgive them; for they know not what they do.” And also Stephen the martyr, in Acts 7:60 said, “Lay not this sin to their charge.” Not all people will receive forgiveness, but the attitude in the heart of a Christian should be always to offer it.

Jesus tells a parable about forgiveness when He continues in verse 23 of Matthew 18, “Therefore is the kingdom of heaven likened unto a certain king, which would take account of [make a reckoning with] his servants, And when he had begun to reckon, one was brought unto him, which owed him ten thousand talents. [The Living Bible says that is like ten million dollars.] But forasmuch as he had not to pay, his lord commanded him to be sold, and his wife, and children, and all that he had, and payment to be made. The servant therefore fell down, and worshipped him, saying, Lord, have patience with me, and I will pay thee all’” (brackets mine). Now, here’s the situation: There is a man who actually owes ten million dollars to his master. There is no way he can pay it – he knows he can’t and the master knows he can’t. In those days, you couldn’t claim bankruptcy like you can in the United States – they’d sell you, your wife, your children, and everything you had, and you’d go into slavery. You would be sent to prison until everything was paid, and if it never was, you’d stay in prison all your life. This man did the only thing he knew to do: He got down on his knees and cried for mercy, “O master, please be patient with me! Please, I beg you. I’ll repay you everything. Just be patient!” Notice what happened in verse 27. It says the master was moved with compassion for him, and he forgave him his debt.

We had a debt we could not pay. The Bible says that the wages of sin was death (Rom. 6:23) – separation from God for eternity – all the silver and gold in the world couldn’t redeem us. Then God in His compassion and in His grace sent His Son Jesus Christ to earth to pay the debt we couldn’t pay. God looked upon us in His compassion and mercy and said, “I forgive you that debt.”

This man who had just been forgiven ten million dollars was owed something like twenty dollars by a fellow servant. He found him and said, “I’ve just been forgiven ten million dollars, and what is twenty dollars to me? I want you to be as free as I am! Just let it go. It’s okay, for I’ve been forgiven ten million dollars!” That is what should have happened, but it didn’t. Let’s read what really happened in Matthew:28-31, “But the same servant went out, and found one of his fellowservants, which owed him an hundred pence: and he laid hands on him, and took him by the throat, saying, Pay me what thou owest. And his fellowservant fell down at his feet, and besought him, saying, Have patience with me, and I will pay thee all. And he would not: but went and cast him into prison, till he should 90
Verses 32-34 say, “Then his lord, after he had called him, said unto him, O thou wicked servant, I forgave thee all that debt, because thou desiredst me: Shouldest not thou also have had compassion on thy fellow servant, even as I had pity on thee? And his lord was wroth and delivered him to the tormentors, till he should pay all that was due unto him.” This man was then thrown into prison because of the way he treated his fellow servant, and thus forfeited his original forgiveness. Jesus said in verse 35, “So likewise shall my heavenly Father do also unto you, if ye from your hearts forgive not every one his brother their trespasses.” Isn’t it foolish, having been forgiven all our sins—the wages of which are death and separation from God for eternity—to refuse to forgive? We beseech God, saying “Forgive me and have mercy on me through Jesus Christ,” receive forgiveness, and then turn and refuse to forgive someone else for a little thing we think is so big—after having received forgiveness for all the things we’ve done. God’s says that’s wickedness.

I pastored a church awhile back, and there was a young woman in the congregation who was able to see things in the future. She came to me one day and said, “Is it the Holy Spirit telling me things to come and showing me things in the future? I know when people are going to die and when someone is going to have a car wreck, and things like that.” I said, “You won’t like my answer, but I don’t believe that’s the Holy Spirit. I think it’s a spirit of divination, the same spirit that followed the Apostle Paul around in Acts 16. He finally rebuked it and commanded it to come out of that girl and she lost her ability to tell fortunes.” I went on to tell her that I wasn’t God, and said, “I want you to go to Jesus and ask Him, ‘Lord, what is telling me things and giving me information, even before I was saved? Is it your Holy Spirit, or is it something else?’” She came back to me one day and said, “I talked to the Lord about it, and I think it’s all right.” I said, “Whatever the Lord says is all right—I’m not the Great Shepherd.”

This was in early 1986, and do you know what happened in 1986? We had a space shuttle called the Challenger, and eight people went up in it. One of them was a woman schoolteacher. As this young lady was watching television, she saw the woman saying, “Tomorrow I’m going up in the Challenger,” and talking about it. A spirit spoke to her and said, “She’s going to die, she’s going to die.” The next day when the Challenger was launched, it blew up as the whole world watched, and all of the crew perished. The young lady came back to me and said, “Brother Don, I think what’s talking to me and giving me information may not be the Holy Spirit. Would you pray for me?” Following the service that night, after everyone left, I took her by the hand and said, “You unclean spirit of divination, come out of her!” Nothing happened. Jesus’ disciples tried to cast an unclean spirit out of a young man once and couldn’t do it. Jesus said, “Bring the young man to me.” So I said, “Lord, I thought I knew what was going on here, but I bring this lady to you. Show us what’s going on.” My wife was praying with us and God gave her a word of knowledge. She said, “It has something to do with her mother.” I said to the woman, “Will you forgive your mother?” The moment I said that, a voice screamed out of her, “NO! She gave me away!” Then I said “I bind you, you unclean spirit” and asked the woman again if she would forgive her mother. She then forgave and released her mother and let her go by the grace and help of God. She was able to let go by making the decision to forgive, and then she received her deliverance and freedom.

Just like Jesus said in the parable in Matthew 18, I’m saying that if we do not forgive from our hearts after we’ve been forgiven such a great debt by our heavenly Father, we will be delivered into the hands of the tormenters. What are the tormenters? They can be all kinds of things—demonic strongholds, oppression, sickness, depression, disease, and many
other things. The root is unforgiveness. Not forgiving after we have been forgiven allows Satan a foothold in our lives. The Bible says we have to make the decision to forgive. In the Lord’s prayer (Matt. 6:9-11), Jesus said to forgive as we’ve been forgiven.

Mark 11:25-26 says that when we pray, if we have anything against anyone, we’re to forgive. What does that mean? Unforgiveness should stay in our hearts how long? Only as long as it takes us to go to the Lord and pray. And if we have the slightest bit of unforgiveness against anyone, we should release them and say, “God, I’m letting them go today. I’m forgiving them. I’m making a choice because You forgave me such a great debt.”

Lord, I pray for anyone reading this lesson that has unforgiveness in their life, that they make a decision right this moment to let that person go, to forgive them whether they are living or dead. I pray they will let it go and let that hurt be healed by your power and your grace today, Lord. I thank You, in Jesus’ name. Amen.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Matthew 18:21. How many times did Peter offer to forgive? __________________________________________________________

2. Read Matthew 18:22. How many times did Jesus say we were to forgive? __________________________________________________________

3. Read Matthew 18:23-24. How much money did this servant owe his master? __________________________________________________________

4. Read Matthew 18:25. Since this servant could not file for bankruptcy, what was going to happen? __________________________________________________________

5. Read Matthew 18:26. What was the servant’s request? ____________________________ Could he have repaid his debt? ____________________________

6. Read Matthew 18:27. What attitude did the master show toward his servant? ____________________________ What attitude did God show toward us and our debt (sin)? ____________________________

7. Read Matthew 18:28. The servant that had been forgiven had a fellow servant who owed him how much? __________________________________________________________

8. Read Matthew 18:28. What was this servant’s attitude toward his fellow servant? __________________________________________________________

9. Read Matthew 18:29-30. What did this servant do to his fellow servant? __________________________________________________________

10. Read Matthew 18:31-33. What did the master call the unforgiving servant? __________________________________________________________

11. Read Matthew 18:33. What did the master tell his servant he should have done? __________________________________________________________

12. Read Matthew 18:34. When the master found out what had happened, how did it affect his emotions? __________________________________________________________
13. Read Matthew 18:34. Did this unforgiving servant by his actions (or decision) forfeit the forgiveness that had been offered to him originally? ________________

14. Read Matthew 18:35. What is the point of this parable?

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**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Matthew 18:21 – “Then came Peter to him, and said, Lord, how oft shall my brother sin against me, and I forgive him? till seven times?”

Matthew 18:22 – “Jesus saith unto him, I say not unto thee, Until seven times: but, Until seventy times seven.”

Matthew 18:23-24 – “[23] Therefore is the kingdom of heaven likened unto a certain king, which would take account of his servants. [24] And when he had begun to reckon, one was brought unto him, which owed him ten thousand talents.”

Matthew 18:25 – “But forasmuch as he had not to pay, his lord commanded him to be sold, and his wife, and children, and all that he had, and payment to be made.”

Matthew 18:26 – “The servant therefore fell down, and worshipped him, saying, Lord, have patience with me, and I will pay thee all.”

Matthew 18:27 – “Then the lord of that servant was moved with compassion, and loosed him, and forgave him the debt.”

Matthew 18:28 – “But the same servant went out, and found one of his fellowservants, which owed him an hundred pence: and he laid hands on him, and took him by the throat, saying, Pay me that thou owest.”

Matthew 18:29-30 – “[29] And his fellowservant fell down at his feet, and besought him, saying, Have patience with me, and I will pay thee all. [30] And he would not: but went and cast him into prison, till he should pay the debt.”

Matthew 18:31-33 – “[31] So when his fellowservants saw what was done, they were very sorry, and came and told unto their lord all that was done. [32] Then his lord, after that he had called him, said unto him, O thou wicked servant, I forgave thee all that debt, because thou desiredst me: [33] Shouldest not thou also have had compassion on thy fellowservant, even as I had pity on thee?”

Matthew 18:33 – “Shouldest not thou also have had compassion on thy fellowservant, even as I had pity on thee?”

Matthew 18:34 – “And his lord was wroth, and delivered him to the tormentors, till he should pay all that was due unto him.”

Matthew 18:35 (The Message Bible) – “And that’s exactly what my Father in heaven is going to do to each one of you who doesn’t forgive unconditionally anyone who asks for mercy.”

**Answer Key**

1. Read Matthew 18:21. How many times did Peter offer to forgive? **Seven times.**
2. Read Matthew 18:22. How many times did Jesus say we were to forgive? Four hundred and ninety (or endlessly, continually).

3. Read Matthew 18:23-24. How much money did this servant owe his master? Ten thousand talents, or ten million dollars (an amount that probably never could be repaid).

4. Read Matthew 18:25. Since this servant could not file for bankruptcy, what was going to happen? He, his wife, his children, and all he owned was to be auctioned off at a slave market to pay his debt.

5. Read Matthew 18:26. What was the servant’s request? For the master to have patience with him and he would repay him everything. Could he have repaid his debt? Probably not.

6. Read Matthew 18:27. What attitude did the master show toward his servant? One of compassion and forgiveness. What attitude did God show toward us and our debt (sin)? One of compassion and forgiveness.

7. Read Matthew 18:28. The servant that had been forgiven had a fellow servant who owed him how much? A hundred pence (a day’s wage).

8. Read Matthew 18:28. What was this servant’s attitude toward his fellow servant? One of impatience, violence, and unforgiveness.

9. Read Matthew 18:29-30. What did this servant do to his fellow servant? Cast him into prison till he could pay his small debt.

10. Read Matthew 18:31-33. What did the master call the unforgiving servant? “O thou wicked servant.”

11. Read Matthew 18:33. What did the master tell his servant he should have done? He should have had compassion on his fellow servant as the master had pity on him. He should have released him and forgiven him.

12. Read Matthew 18:34. When the master found out what had happened, how did it affect his emotions? He became angry.

13. Read Matthew 18:34. Did this unforgiving servant by his actions (or decision) forfeit the forgiveness that had been offered to him originally? Yes.

14. Read Matthew 18:35. What is the point of this parable? “And that’s exactly what my Father in heaven is going to do to each one of you who doesn’t forgive unconditionally anyone who asks for mercy” (Matt. 18:35, The Message).
Today we’re going to talk about marriage. First of all, I want to give you some statistics: 75 percent of all family units are going to need some kind of marriage counselling. One out of two marriages will end in divorce. In 50 percent of marriages, a mate will be unfaithful within the first five years. Even in the Christian realm, they say that as high as 30 percent of ministers will be involved in an inappropriate relationship with someone in their church. It appears to me that we obviously haven’t understood the principles of the Bible if those statistics are anywhere close. We’re going to look at the subject of marriage and see some of the things God says about it – how you might be able to strengthen your marriage relationship.

First of all, I want to say this: Marriage was God’s idea; He designed it. Genesis 2:18 says, “And the Lord God said, It is not good that the man should be alone; I will make him an help meet for him.” Also Genesis 1:31 says, “And God saw everything that he had made, and, behold, it was very good. And the evening and the morning were the sixth day.” You have to remember that this was a perfect creation. God came and fellowshipped with man. He had a wonderful relationship with him. Each day He would come in the cool of the evening and fellowship with Adam. Sometimes we think if we had a perfect relationship with God, we wouldn’t really need anything else, but that’s not true. God said in Genesis 1:31, concerning the creation He made, “And behold it was very good.” The first thing that God said was “not good” is found in Genesis 2:18, “It is not good that the man should be alone.” So marriage was God’s idea to meet the need that man had, to give him a help-meet to deal with the problem of loneliness he might experience in his life. Marriage, if we follow the instruction manual and put into it what God wants, was meant to bring happiness and not misery.

Genesis 2:24 is the first time the Bible really talks a lot about marriage. It says, “Therefore shall a man leave his father and his mother, and shall cleave unto his wife: and they shall be one flesh.” Marriage is leaving all other relationships to refocus your life on another individual, and God designed it that way. It’s like a tri-unity relationship. I don’t know if you understand what I mean, but in the marriage relationship when God called Adam and Eve together, it wasn’t just Adam relating to God or Eve relating to God. It was now Adam and Eve as a unit, in oneness of purpose relating to God. The Bible says in 1 Peter 3:7, “Likewise, ye husbands, dwell with them [your wives] according to knowledge ... that your prayers be not hindered” (brackets mine). Genesis 5:1-2, a really great scripture, says, “This is the book of the generations of Adam. In the day that God created man, in the likeness of God made he him; Male and female created he them, and blessed them, and called their name Adam, in the day when they were created.” Notice that Adam named his wife, Eve, but God called Adam and Eve, together as a unit, Adam. So in the marriage relationship, it’s no longer God and me or God and that woman – it’s me and my wife in oneness, heirs according to the grace of life who have been called to serve God in purpose, to walk in oneness and unity.

Genesis 2:24, which we just read, says a man will leave his father and mother and cleave to his wife, and they shall be one flesh. The word “cleave” means: to stick or adhere to, to become one, to be one in purpose. If you’re having a problem in your marriage
relationship today, let me ask you a few questions: Are the things you’re doing, the way you’re acting toward your spouse, the things you’re saying to them, are they causing you to come closer together as one? Or, are they causing a breach, or separation? The commandment of Scripture for marriage is to cleave, to stick to. So, are the things you’re doing building your relationship or tearing it down? You need to look at some of these things.

People think love is just an emotional feeling: “I used to love you, but I fell out of love – I don’t love you anymore.” Suppose you came from a dysfunctional family. You go before a minister or judge to be married; you commit to give your life to that individual; you really want this to work till death do you part. But because of your dysfunctional family, you’ve never seen love, never seen it expressed in your family, and never seen your parents share any warm expression of love. Your spouse may have come from a family that expressed a lot of affection, but you don’t know how. Even though you want to love this person you’re committing yourself to, because you’re so dysfunctional yourself, having never seen love expressed before, you probably will fail. Chances are that within a few years you will go in for counselling and say, “We’re just not getting along. I don’t love them anymore.” Well, I’ve got good news for you today: If you’re having problems in your marriage, there’s something that can correct it.

When you buy a new refrigerator and have a problem with it, you know to go to the manual. The manual will tell you what’s wrong, or you can take it to a serviceman. There is a manual to work on your marriage, to fix it. It’s called God’s Word, and the Bible tells us in Titus 2:4 that love is something that can be taught, something that can be learned. If you came from a dysfunctional family and don’t really know how to love your spouse – your marriage is falling apart – there’s good news. In 1 John 5:3 it says, “For this is the love of God, that we keep his commandments: and his commandments are not grievous.” Through the commandments of Jesus Christ, who shows us how to love, how to express kindness and generosity, and how to seek the welfare of the other person in your marriage relationship, God can turn that situation around for you.

This is just an introduction to the subject of marriage. We’re going to continue another lesson on it and I just want to say, “God bless you today as you continue in your study.” We believe God wants to impart more wisdom and knowledge as you look into this subject.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read Ephesians 5:31-32. Ephesians 5:31 is a quotation from Genesis 2:24. By looking at Ephesians 5:32, what do you think God is really talking about in this passage?

2. Read James 4:4-5. What are these verses teaching?

3. Read 1 Peter 3:7. Why should you walk in unity and love toward your wife or husband?

4. Read John 15:5. Can your marriage succeed without Christ as Lord of your life?

5. Read Titus 2:4. Love is not just an emotion. According to Scripture, love can be
6. Read 1 John 5:3. When we walk in God’s commands, we walk in _______________.

7. Read Matthew 7:12. If we are having problems in our marriage, it is because someone is not walking in _______________.

8. Read 1 Corinthians 13:4. Love is:
   A. emotional.
   B. a warm feeling.
   C. kind.

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Ephesians 5:31-32 – “[31] For this cause shall a man leave his father and mother, and shall be joined unto his wife, and they two shall be one flesh. [32] This is a great mystery: but I speak concerning Christ and the church.”

James 4:4-5 – “[4] Ye adulterers and adulteresses, know ye not that the friendship of the world is enmity with God? whosoever therefore will be a friend of the world is the enemy of God. [5] Do ye think that the scripture saith in vain, The spirit that dwelleth in us lusteth to envy?”

1 Peter 3:7 – “Likewise, ye husbands, dwell with them according to knowledge, giving honour unto the wife, as unto the weaker vessel, and as being heirs together of the grace of life; that your prayers be not hindered.”

John 15:5 – “I am the vine, ye are the branches: He that abideth in me, and I in him, the same bringeth forth much fruit: for without me ye can do nothing.”

Titus 2:4 – “That they may teach the young women to be sober, to love their husbands, to love their children.”

1 John 5:3 – “For this is the love of God, that we keep his commandments: and his commandments are not grievous.”

Matthew 7:12 – “Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them: for this is the law and the prophets.”

1 Corinthians 13:4 – “Charity suffereth long, and is kind; charity envieth not; charity vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up.”

**Answer Key**

1. Read Ephesians 5:31-32. Ephesians 5:31 is a quotation from Genesis 2:24. By looking at Ephesians 5:32, what do you think God is really talking about in this passage? A relationship between Christ and His church (likened to marriage).

2. Read James 4:4-5. What are these verses teaching? **God is jealous over us and wants us to be true to Him.**

3. Read 1 Peter 3:7. Why should you walk in unity and love toward your wife or husband? **So that my prayers will not be hindered.**

4. Read John 15:5. Can your marriage succeed without Christ as Lord of your life? **No.**
5. Read Titus 2:4. Love is not just an emotion. According to Scripture, love can be taught.

6. Read 1 John 5:3. When we walk in God’s commands, we walk in love.

7. Read Matthew 7:12. If we are having problems in our marriage, it is because someone is not walking in love.

Today we’re going to look again at the subject of marriage, and the question is, “What is marriage?” Have you ever thought about that? According to the Bible, it was God’s idea to design marriage. Marriage is a joining together, a oneness, a uniting. Genesis 2:24 says, “For this reason a man will leave his father and mother and be united to his wife [they will be joined, and he will cleave to his wife] and they shall become one flesh” (brackets mine, New International Version). Did you know that marriage is more than a joining, more than oneness? For example, 1 Corinthians 6:15-6 says if I go out, being a Christian, and join myself to a prostitute, I become one flesh with her. Then consider the quotation from Genesis 2:24 about marriage. Joining myself to a prostitute would not automatically make me divorced from my wife or make me married to the prostitute because I had intercourse with her. So what is marriage? If marriage is a oneness, if it’s a joining together, if it’s becoming one flesh, what is the difference between that and going to a prostitute? Obviously, if you went into a prostitute, you would become one flesh with her.

The Bible does say that marriage is a oneness, a joining together, a uniting together, but it’s more than that. It is a uniting together by a covenant. The word “covenant” in Hebrew is berith, and it has the idea of binding together. It’s a final commitment of an individual, even a commitment till death do you part. Now, if I went into a prostitute, if I did such an evil sin as that, there would be no commitment on my part to her. The essence of marriage is to first of all forsake all others. The Bible says you shall leave your father and mother and you shall cleave to your wife. Ezekiel says, “You became mine.” It’s forsaking all others for this one – to commit yourself to this one. Obviously if you, in an immoral way, go to another person when you are married, that would violate the principle of marriage, the oneness and unity that comes through a covenant, or commitment. Ezekiel 16:8 calls it a covenant of marriage. In Ephesians 5, we learn that in marriage, the husband is to love his wife, even as Christ loved the church, so it’s a covenant of love. The reason it’s a covenant of love is because love is the ruling principle in marriage. Above all things, love must be the ruling principle of marriage.

Marriage is a covenant of oneness. It says in 1 Peter 3:7 that if I don’t honour and appreciate my wife as being the weaker vessel and realise that we are heirs together of the grace of life, our prayers will be hindered. Think about that – our spiritual lives could be hindered if we do not walk in the unity and harmony that God has designed for the marriage relationship. Proverbs 2:16-17 talks about a wayward woman who forsakes her marriage covenant, the guide of her youth, and that marriage relationship is called a covenant of her God. This is a very serious thing. It’s a covenant we make to an individual, but it’s also a covenant that we make before God. As much as I love to minister to people, God has a priority, and that is to focus on our marriage. Marriage really is a focusing of my life onto another individual, and as I said, the ruling principle is love.

Matthew 7:12 says whatever you would want someone to do to you, do to them, for this is the Law and the prophets. This is exactly the principle that should rule in marriage. It’s not a selfish thing, not for self, not about what this person can give you. The Bible says in 1 Corinthians 13:4 that love is kind. That means to seek the welfare of another, to be generous and kind, and to always seek the best for another. The reason marriage is designed that way is because it is an example, a model, of what a real relationship with God should be. He has given us illustrations in the natural. He has shown us how to have a good
marriage, a great marriage, because He wants us to have a model of what a real eternal relationship is to be with Him. Marriage is only until death do us part, a temporary thing. The Bible says that in the resurrection, they neither marry nor are given in marriage. God wants us to understand having a good marriage — the principles of love — the principles of giving unselfishly to another. He is saying, “What I want you to really understand is that I’ve called you into a marriage relationship with Me — not a temporary relationship, not one that will just last a few years and then be gone, but an eternal relationship where all of My love will be manifested to you forever and ever.”

Let me give you a few principles of marriage. Marriage is a merger, not just a partnership. The Bible talks about it in Genesis 4 as a knowing and in 1 Peter 3:7 as being heirs together of the grace of life. Marriage is a covenant, which means it is binding; there’s a commitment involved. Sin did not enter the first church; it entered the first marriage, so we need to get the manual, get the instructions about marriage, and implement the principles of love in our lives. We also ask, “What is love?” The definition of love is really, in a sense, unselfishness. Isaiah 53:6 says we are like sheep, that we went astray and turned every one to our own way, but in marriage, we focus on the other individual and seek their welfare and benefit.

The Bible tells us in Ephesians that loving your wife is like loving your own body. We husbands are to cherish and honour the wife God has given to us, which means to appreciate her. To love your own body doesn’t mean you sit around and hold hands with yourself, pat yourself, and say, “Oh, I love you.” It’s not that at all. To love yourself is to protect yourself, feed yourself, and look out for yourself. We should never take our wives for granted, never take one of her weaknesses and expose it publicly, never make fun of her, or do things that hurt her. We’re to love her as we love our own selves.

I would like you to lift yourself up to God in prayer and first of all thank Him for loving you. The second thing I want you to do is thank Him for your partner, the mate He gave you. That’s part of the problem. You haven’t appreciated your mate; you put her down, and the Bible says that basically is selfish and is sin. It says in Ephesians 5 that Jesus cleansed the church by the washing of water by the Word, by His Words He spoke over the church. When you speak words over your mate, they will rise to the level of the words you speak. If you say “You’re no good, you’re ugly, you’re overweight,” you will suppress your marriage and not cause oneness but separation and alienation. But if you speak words of kindness like “Honey, I appreciate the things you do. I appreciate you. I love you,” and back them up with your actions, your mate will rise up to the level of those words.

Can’t you see today that a lot of the problems in your marriage relationship are the words you’ve spoken? You have brought your mate down rather than up. I encourage you to speak good words over your mate today. Love is not a feeling; love is seeking the welfare and benefit of another person regardless of how you feel. Begin today with acts of kindness, just like painting several layers of lacquer on a piece of wood. That’s how love is built — by little acts of kindness. Start to esteem, honour, value, and speak words of love over your mate, and you’ll see a difference. God bless you as you implement these principles.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Proverbs 18:22. Marriage is:
   A. a good thing
   B. terrible
   C. pleasing unto the Lord
2. Read Hebrews 13:4. Sex in marriage (or the marriage bed) is:
   A. Sin
   B. dirty and evil
   C. undefiled


4. Read 1 John 3:18 (New Century Version). “Judge Phillip Gilliam stated that of the 28,000 juvenile court cases that he judged, the lack of affection between father and mother was the greatest cause of juvenile delinquency that he knew” (Together Forever, p. 152). How are we to show love? _______________________________________

5. Read Ephesians 5:28. I am not to neglect my wife anymore than I neglect my own body. True or False.

6. Read 1 John 3:16. The words “I love you” can be beautiful if they are backed with actions. Jesus backed up His words by laying down His life for us. We ought to lay down our lives for our mates in as many practical ways as we possibly can. True or False. Share some practical ways that you would like to be loved. _______________________________________

7. Read Ephesians 5:25-26. My wife is going to live up to what I speak over her. I bring her to the potential of that which I speak over her. True or False.

8. Read Romans 8:38-39 and 1 John 4:19. We are wooed (or loved) by the intimate words that are spoken to us followed by action. God wooed us by speaking to us intimate words from His love letters, recorded as Scripture. True or False.

9. Read 1 John 5:3 and 2 John 6. The how-tos of love are expressed and known by Jesus commandments. We can learn these principles of love from God’s Word. True or False.

10. Read John 14:15. Love is not a matter of your emotions but of your will. Every command in Scripture is given to man’s will, never to his emotions. God never tells you how to feel, but rather He tells you how to act. True or False.

11. Read Galatians 5:22-23. Love is not natural. It must be learned and birthed into mankind by the Holy Spirit. Love is a fruit of:
   A. man’s thinking
   B. man’s nature
   C. God’s Spirit.

12. Read Ephesians 5:31-32. A good marriage is a small scale model of what?

_____________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Proverbs 18:22 – “Whoso findeth a wife findeth a good thing, and obtaineth favour of the LORD.”

Hebrews 13:4 – “Marriage is honourable in all, and the bed undefiled: but whoremongers and adulterers God will judge.”

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Ecclesiastes 9:9 (New American Standard Version) – “Enjoy life with the woman whom you love all the days of your fleeting life which He has given to you under the sun; for this is your reward in life, and in your toil in which you have labored under the sun.”

1 John 3:18 (New Century Version) – “My children, we should love people not only with words and talk, but by our actions and true caring.”

Ephesians 5:28 – “So ought men to love their wives as their own bodies. He that loveth his wife loveth himself.”

1 John 3:16 – “Hereby perceive we the love of God, because he laid down his life for us: and we ought to lay down our lives for the brethren.”

Ephesians 5:25-26 – “[25] Husbands, love your wives, even as Christ also loved the church, and gave himself for it; [26] That he might sanctify and cleanse it with the washing of water by the word.”

Romans 8:38-39 – “[38] For I am persuaded, that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor powers, nor things present, nor things to come, [39] Nor height, nor depth, nor any other creature, shall be able to separate us from the love of God, which is in Christ Jesus our Lord.”

1 John 4:19 – “We love him, because he first loved us.”

1 John 5:3 – “For this is the love of God, that we keep his commandments: and his commandments are not grievous.”

2 John 6 – “And this is love, that we walk after his commandments. This is the commandment, That, as ye have heard from the beginning, ye should walk in it.”

John 14:15 – “If ye love me, keep my commandments.”

Galatians 5:22-23 – “[22] But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, longsuffering, gentleness, goodness, faith, [23] Meekness, temperance: against such there is no law.”

Ephesians 5:31-32 – “[31] For this cause shall a man leave his father and mother, and shall be joined unto his wife, and they two shall be one flesh. [32] This is a great mystery: but I speak concerning Christ and the church.”

Answer Key


2. Read Hebrews 13:4. Sex in marriage (or the marriage bed) is: C. undefiled.


4. Read 1 John 3:18 (New Century Version). “Judge Phillip Gilliam stated that of the 28,000 juvenile court cases that he judged, the lack of affection between father and mother was the greatest cause of juvenile delinquency that he knew” (Together Forever, p. 152). How are we to show love? By actions and true caring.
5. Read Ephesians 5:28. I am not to neglect my wife anymore than I neglect my own body. True.

6. Read 1 John 3:16. The words “I love you” can be beautiful if they are backed with actions. Jesus backed up His words by laying down His life for us. We ought to lay down our lives for our mates in as many practical ways as we possibly can. True. Share some practical ways that you would like to be loved.

7. Read Ephesians 5:25-26. My wife is going to live up to what I speak over her. I bring her to the potential of that which I speak over her. True. The Greek word used in Ephesians 5:26 is rhema, meaning “spoken words”.

8. Read Romans 8:38-39 and 1 John 4:19. We are wooed (or loved) by the intimate words that are spoken to us followed by action. God wooed us by speaking to us intimate words from His love letters, recorded as Scripture. True. God’s Word is full of loving words toward us.

9. Read 1 John 5:3 and 2 John 6. The how-tos of love are expressed and known by Jesus commandments. We can learn these principles of love from God’s Word. True.

10. Read John 14:15. Love is not a matter of your emotions but of your will. Every command in Scripture is given to man’s will, never to his emotions. God never tells you how to feel, but rather He tells you how to act. True.

11. Read Galatians 5:22-23. Love is not natural. It must be learned and birthed into mankind by the Holy Spirit. Love is a fruit of: C. God’s Spirit.

Today we’re going to talk about God’s kind of love. In 1 Corinthians 13:13 it says this, “Now abideth faith, hope, charity [love], these three; but the greatest of these is charity [love]” (brackets mine). Then 1 Corinthians 14:1 says, “Follow after charity [love] and yet desire [earnestly] spiritual gifts, but rather that ye may prophesy” (brackets mine). The Bible says to follow after love, pursue it, and make it your highest aim. Some translations say to make it your greatest quest. It’s the only thing we’ll take out of this life into eternity. We won’t take our cars, our homes, or our money, but we will take the love that Jesus Christ has imparted into our lives by the Holy Spirit. Love is the only thing that has eternal value and substance.

What does love really mean? I say I love my wife, I love ice cream, I love apple pie. There’s only one word in English to describe love, so when I say I love my wife and then say I love the cat, is my wife impressed? Not at all. Do you see what I’m saying? When we use the word love, some people think it means sex, some think it means an intense warm feeling—people have all kinds of definitions for love. In the Greek language there are four major words. One is *eros*, which really is not used in the Bible, and is defined as sexual attraction or sexual love. God ordained that kind of love when He said a man shall leave his father and mother, cleave to his wife, and they shall become one flesh. The book in the Bible entitled Song of Solomon is about sexual love that God has restricted to the marriage relationship. The other kinds of love, God says are free to be used by all mankind, but eros is restricted to the marriage relationship.

Another kind of love is called *storge* and is the natural bond or affection in a family relationship. Then there is *phileo*, which comes from the root word *philia*. This word is used about seventy-two times in the New Testament and means a warm feeling of affection that comes and goes in intensity. Most people who talk about love think that is what love really is, so “I fall in love and I fall out of love.” If your marriage is built on that kind of love, there will be times when you have a high and times when you have a low. You could fall in love and out of love based on that.

The Bible says we’re to love each other with God’s kind of love, which is *agape* love. What is “agape” love? There are many facets, and 1 Corinthians 13 gives the whole definition of what love involves. In 1 John 5:3 it says, “For this is the love of God, that we keep His commandments.” Jesus’ commandments show us expressions of love, but if I were going to sum it up, I would use Matthew 7:12, “Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them: for this is the law and the prophets.” It’s not a matter of all those people down at the church don’t love me, don’t care about me, and this and that. No, the Bible says whatever you would want someone to do to you, you do to them first. That is love. It goes against our flesh, against our natural grain to seek the welfare and benefit of other people above ourselves. It takes God. Don’t think I’m saying this can be manifested without God. The Bible says the fruit of the Spirit is love, and God is love. He is the source of love and the one who will show us how to love through His commandments. He’s the one who will give us strength, even in light of our flesh, to make the right choices and decisions and act on the right principles.
I work at Andrew Wommack Ministries, and one day a few years back I wanted to go and pray as I usually do after work. I was in a park, and I said, “God, I really want to minister to somebody.” It was a fairly warm day, and I saw a little boy and a little girl sitting on the swings. There was a swing open, so I went over and got in the swing. I turned to the little girl and said, “It’s a nice day, isn’t it?” She said “Me no speak English,” and I asked, “Where are you from?” She said she was from Romania. I knew there were Romanians in that area, and I saw these people looking at me, probably wondering why I was talking to their children. I went over and said, “I want to help you.” They said, “You would want to help us? Why would you want to help us? You don’t even know us!” I said, “Because God wants to help you.” I had been meditating on the principles of love in 1 John 3:18 where it says, “Let us not love in word, neither in tongue; but in deed and in truth.” We’re not to love with the words of our mouths only, but also with our actions. Although I usually don’t carry money around with me, that day I had a little in my pocket. I reached out, said “This is for you,” and gave them the money. Since I’d been fasting that day, I had a little bit of food with me, so I said, “And here’s some food for your family.” They were touched and said, “Who are you?” I told them, “God has made a divine appointment for us to meet today, and I am going see you again.”

I went home and told my wife about the encounter with those Romanians. I took a roast out of our freezer and cooked it. The next day I bought a box full of dishes at a garage sale and went back to the park with my wife. The Romanians and their children were there, and I said, “I bring gifts to you. They’re heavy, so I’m going to get in my car, and if you’ll show me where you live, I’ll take the gifts to your home.” When we got to their little one-bedroom apartment, I took the dishes and silverware – everything matched – out of the box and began to give things to them, one at a time. As I handed it to them, tears began to roll down their faces, and the lady said, “Me going to cry! Me going to cry!” I said, “On Monday night we have a Bible study at our home, and I would like to invite you there.” They said “We want to come,” but I said, “I don’t want you to come because I gave you gifts.” They said, “No, we want to come and meet your friends.”

Since they didn’t have transportation, I picked them up, took them to my home, and before long, God began to touch them. They couldn’t speak English very well, but He touched them when we prayed for them. The love of God was being manifested to them. Before long, we met another Romanian couple, and I said to the first couple, “Will you go and help me meet another Romanian couple?” They agreed and I got a call one day from them, “Mr. Don, we heard about you. We have the ‘loneliness bad’, and we want to meet you.” So I took my Romanian friends and went to meet them. I took gifts, food, and all kinds of things to them. As I did that and began to visit with them, everything was great until one of the first Romanian couple said, “You need to go to the Bible study. They talk about Jesus, and it’s wonderful!” They said, “Wait a minute! We came from a communist country and don’t know if there’s a God. We don’t want this Jesus stuff.”

I said “Let me be a friend,” and began to take them out on the weekends and buy them clothes, coats, and things they needed. They were very embarrassed and reluctant. “Well, don’t you need a coat?” “Well, yes I do, but …” “Then let’s get this coat for you.” I began to love them in action, but they wouldn’t come to our Bible study until I said, “There are probably some Americans there who will help you get a job.” Then they came right away. At the Bible study that night, I said something very foolish to the Lord, “Lord, you’re going to have to give me a genuine gift of tongues tonight because we can’t even communicate with each other very well.” There were some Americans at the Bible study that night who gave their testimonies. When I began to speak, the lady from the second Romanian couple began to lighten up, and I knew something was happening. After the study I said “Let me pray for you,” and as we prayed, God suddenly touched them and filled the whole atmosphere of the room with His love. Then the lady said, “You know, when the
Americans were speaking, I couldn’t understand anything they were saying, but when you got up and started speaking about Jesus, His love for us, and what He did so we could have a relationship with Him, I understood every word you said! I understood it perfectly! It must be God! It must be God!” As a result, lives were changed, not just the Romanians.

Let me tell you what happened then. My home began to be filled on Monday nights with international people – Romanians, Bulgarians, and people from Russia. God was changing lives, and they knew we loved them. We even had people from Africa. Though we could hardly speak to each other, one thing they knew: When we prayed, God would manifest Himself to them. They also knew that I would do anything for them and that I loved them. God changed their lives and the lives of many other people, and I want to tell you how it happened. It happened because one day in a park, I saw some people of another colour, another nationality. I didn’t have any warm feeling of affection, but I knew that love was this: Whatever you would want someone to do to you, do to them. I sought their welfare and benefit regardless of the way I felt, and you know what happened? They so appreciated it that what rose up in them for me was *philia* love, the love that has feelings, and they began to say to me “I love you” and hug me and kiss me. What it did in me was generate that kind of feeling for them. If you want to have a love that has feelings in your life, practice agape love. Seek the welfare and benefit of others regardless of how you feel, and this will generate a love that has feelings.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read 1 John 5:3. God’s love is shown through His __________________________.

2. Read Romans 13:9-10. Explain how the commandment in these verses show love. ______________________________________________________________________

3. Read Romans 12:19-21. How can we love our enemies, even when we don’t feel like it? ______________________________________________________________________

4. Read Titus 2:4. What does this passage show us about love? ______________________________________________________________________

5. Read 1 Corinthians 13:4-8 (*Contemporary English Version*). Describe the principles of love in detail. __________________________________________

6. Read 1 John 3:18. How must we practice love? ______________________________________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

1 John 5:3 – “*For this is the love of God, that we keep his commandments: and his commandments are not grievous.*”

Romans 13:9-10 – “[9] *For this, Thou shalt not commit adultery, Thou shalt not kill, Thou shalt not steal, Thou shalt not bear false witness, Thou shalt not covet; and if there be any other commandment, it is briefly comprehended in this saying, namely, Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself.* [10] *Love worketh no ill to his neighbour: therefore love is the fulfilling of the law.*”

Romans 12:19-21 – “[19] *Dearly beloved, avenge not yourselves, but rather give place unto wrath: for it is written, Vengeance is mine; I will repay, saith the Lord.* [20] *Therefore if*
thine enemy hunger, feed him; if he thirst, give him drink: for in so doing thou shalt heap coals of fire on his head. [21] Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good.”

Titus 2:4 – “That they may teach the young women to be sober, to love their husbands, to love their children.”


1 John 3:18 – “My little children, let us not love in word, neither in tongue; but in deed and in truth.”

Answer Key

1. Read 1 John 5:3. God’s love is shown through His commandments.

2. Read Romans 13:9-10. Explain how the commandment in these verses show love. Love works no wrong to its neighbour. Each commandment shows love by showing how we should respond to our neighbour.

3. Read Romans 12:19-21. How can we love our enemies, even when we don’t feel like it? If our enemy is hungry, we can feed them; if they are thirsty, we can give them something to drink. We can seek the welfare and benefit of others, regardless of how we feel.

4. Read Titus 2:4. What does this passage show us about love? Love can be taught. It’s not just a feeling.

5. Read 1 Corinthians 13:4-8 (Contemporary English Version). Describe the principles of love in detail. “Love is kind and patient, never jealous, boastful, proud, or rude. Love isn’t selfish or quick tempered. It doesn’t keep a record of wrongs that others do. Love rejoices in the truth, but not in evil. Love is always supportive, loyal, hopeful, and trusting. Love never fails!”

6. Read 1 John 3:18. How must we practice love? Let us not love only with our words, but also in our actions.
In the lesson “God’s Kind of Love,” Part 1, I told you about the Romanian couple I met in the park. I want to tell you a little more about what happened, but before I do, I want to review some of the things we said about God’s love. Jesus Christ was the greatest expression of love that ever came on the face of the earth, yet as far as it is recorded in the Bible, He never said the words “I love you.” Isn’t that amazing? The greatest expression of love never said “I love you.” Do you know why? It’s because love is more than words; it is action. Suppose I said to my wife “I love you” and then went out and committed adultery against her? Would she believe my words, or would she believe my actions? She’d believe me according to my actions, because 95 percent of love is nonverbal. It’s not in the things you say; it’s what you do.

In 1 John 3:18 we read, “Let us not love in word, neither in tongue [let us not love just with the words of our mouths]; but in deed and in truth” (brackets mine). Love is an action word. In Matthew 25:35-36, Jesus describes love by the actions it prompts, saying, “I was hungry, and you fed me, I was thirsty, and you gave me something to drink, I was naked, without any clothing, and you clothed me, I was sick, and you cared for me.” Then in verse 40 He says, “By doing this to the least of these my brethren, you’ve done it unto me.” You see, love is an action; it’s something you do. Hebrews 6:10 says, “God is not unjust; he will not forget your work and the love you have shown him as you have helped his people and continue to help them” (New International Version). In Matthew 22 when Jesus was asked what the greatest commandment was, He said it’s to love God and love for our fellow man. These two commandments are really one, if understood correctly. When you show love to the least of these my brethren, Jesus said you are actually showing it to Him. The Bible is teaching that we have a wonderful opportunity to love Jesus Christ in practical ways, by loving others.

In our last lesson, I told you about the Romanians I met in a park. Their lives were changed because I sought their welfare and benefit regardless of how I felt. They were a different colour and nationality, but I knew that God’s love expresses itself when we reach out and seek the welfare and benefit of others like Jesus did. He didn’t feel like going to the cross. He said, “Father, if there’s any other way, let it be, yet not My will but Yours be done.” Jesus sought our welfare and benefit regardless of how He felt.

One day I got a call from the Romanians. They were in tears. They had been in the United States for seven-and-a-half years. They now lived in Kansas and were working. They said, “We finally got a ruling on our political asylum papers. They’re giving us thirty days to make an appeal, and then we are going to be deported.” People normally have only a 2-to-5 percent chance of ever getting political asylum in this country. They went to a lawyer and he basically said they didn’t have a chance. I told them we would pray and try to help them. How, I didn’t know. I thought it would be a great injustice to send them back – especially when their children could now barely speak Romanian.

A friend of mine called our Colorado congressman who said to contact Senator Sam Brownback in Kansas, since the Romanians now lived in Kansas. That was great because I have a friend named Kim who worked for Senator Brownback. I contacted Kim and she got
four people in Washington D.C. working on this case. The community in Sublette, Kansas, got behind the Romanians with a petition of signatures stating that they wanted these Romanians here. “They’re good people, they pay taxes, and they work hard. We want them here.” There was a full coverage newspaper article about what had happened. It was a miracle, and because there were high officials in our government who understood what was going on, the Romanians got a letter saying the decision was reversed and they could stay in the United States.

I went to Sublette, Kansas. My friends didn’t know I was coming, and when I got there, they were on the phone thanking Senator Brownback for helping get their political asylum. He couldn’t be there personally because it was the last day of President Clinton’s impeachment hearing, but ABC and NBC News were there with their cameras. As soon as they hung up, they ran over and hugged me, and the cameras went right over to me. They said, “Who are you, and how do you know these people?” I told them the whole story, how I met them and sought their welfare and benefit because of God and what Jesus said in Matthew 7:12.

We then went to the gymnasium where there were red, white, and blue balloons everywhere and patriotic songs were being sung. When my friends came in, everyone started shouting, and they were weeping. The mayor of the city said, “Today, February 12th, is going to be Jucan Family Day, in honour of these Romanians.” They took an American flag that the Senator had flown over the capitol in Washington, D.C., in their honour and presented it to them. He also presented them with papers that said they were legally able to stay – basically for the rest of their lives. They all gave a testimony and then asked me to pray. I said, “There’s one person we haven’t thanked enough yet today, and that’s God Almighty. In a park in Colorado Springs, CO, seven-and-a-half years ago, I was seeking God, telling Him that I wanted to reach out with His love to someone that day. I was led to these Romanians.” I then repeated the story and said, “God wants to help you – welcome to the U.S.A.”

The way it all came about was a miracle. I knew the right people in the right places at the right time. My friend Kim had made arrangements for Senator Brownback to come and meet me at Andrew Wommack Ministries a year before all this happened. She said, “You just need to meet Don Krow.” I didn’t know why and I was very uncomfortable. Little did I know that God was setting things up to help a family He had revealed Himself and His love to, simply because of the command of Jesus that what you would want someone to do to us, do to them. It’s a miracle they’ll never forget, and they’ll tell you today, “It’s because of God.” Anka, the Romanian lady, said, “My faith wavered, but God is faithful, and He allowed us to stay in the United States of America.”

There are multitudes of people right now who are crying out for love. The only way they can get it is when you and I make the decision to understand the principles of love from God’s Word. Love is kind, love seeks the welfare of others – just like Jesus sought our welfare when He went to the cross. God bless you today as you look more into these principles of what it really means to love with God’s love.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read Matthew 7:12. In your own words, tell us what the golden rule is.

2. Read Matthew 7:12. In trying to discover love, many people try to find the right person. Should you try to find the right person or become the right person?
3. Read 1 John 5:3. Is love a feeling, or is love something you do?

4. Read 1 John 3:18. If you told your wife or husband “I love you!” but went out and committed adultery, would she/he believe your words or your actions?

5. Read Romans 5:6-8. Do you think Jesus felt like dying?

6. Read Galatians 5:22. Can we really love without God as the centre of our lives?

7. Read 1 John 4:8. The reason that we need God to help us truly love others is because He is the only One who is ____________________________.

8. Read 1 Corinthians 13:5 (New Living Translation). Choose from the following words a description of what love is not: Rude, selfish, unforgiving, ____________________________.

9. Read 1 Corinthians 13:8 (New Living Translation). What is the only thing you will take from this life into the next life, or beyond the grave?

10. Read Proverbs 10:12. First Corinthians 13:5 (New Living Translation) states, “Love keeps no record of when it has been wronged.” Love will cover how much sin?

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**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Matthew 7:12 – “Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them: for this is the law and the prophets.”

1 John 5:3 – “For this is the love of God, that we keep his commandments: and his commandments are not grievous.”

1 John 3:18 – “My little children, let us not love in word, neither in tongue; but in deed and in truth.”

Romans 5:6-8 – “[6] For when we were yet without strength, in due time Christ died for the ungodly. [7] For scarcely for a righteous man will one die: yet peradventure for a good man some would even dare to die. [8] But God commendeth his love toward us, in that, while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us.”

Galatians 5:22 – “But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, longsuffering, gentleness, goodness, faith.”

1 John 4:8 – “He that loveth not knoweth not God; for God is love.”

1 Corinthians 13:5 (New Living Translation) – “Or rude. Love does not demand its own way. Love is not irritable, and it keeps no record of when it has been wronged.”
1 Corinthians 13:8 (New Living Translation) – “Love will last forever, but prophecy and speaking in unknown languages and special knowledge will all disappear.”

Proverbs 10:12 – “Hatred stirreth up strifes: but love covereth all sins.”

Answer Key

1. Read Matthew 7:12. In your own words, tell us what the golden rule is. **Doing to others what you would want someone to do for you.**

2. In trying to discover love, many people try to find the right person. Should you try to find the right person or become the right person? **Become the right person.**

3. Read 1 John 5:3. Is love a feeling, or is love something you do? **It is something we do by walking in God’s principles (commandments).**

4. Read 1 John 3:18. If you told your wife or husband “I love you!” but went out and committed adultery, would she/he believe your words or your actions? **Your actions. Actions would speak louder than words.**

5. Read Romans 5:6-8. Do you think Jesus felt like dying? **No, yet he sought the benefit and welfare of all of us, regardless of how He felt.**

6. Read Galatians 5:22. Can we really love without God as the centre of our lives? **No.**

7. Read 1 John 4:8. The reason that we need God to help us truly love others, is because He is the only One who is **love.**

8. Read 1 Corinthians 13: 5 (New Living Translation). Choose from the following words a description of what love is not: Rude, selfish, unforgiving. **All of these words (rude, selfish, and unforgiving) describe what love is not.**

9. Read 1 Corinthians 13:8 (New Living Translation). What is the only thing you will take from this life into the next life, or beyond the grave? **Love. It will last forever.**

10. Read Proverbs 10:12. First Corinthians 13:5 (New Living Translation) states, “Love keeps no record of when it has been wronged.” Love will cover how much sin? **All sin.**
Today I want to share with you how Jesus wants you to prosper financially. This is something that is important to everyone. It takes money to live, to get your needs met, and to be a blessing to others. God didn’t leave us alone in this area and say, “I’m concerned about your spiritual part, but I don’t care about your financial part … you’re on your own.” No, He loves you in every way – spirit, soul, and body – and He’s made provision for you. Most people recognise that some degree of financial prosperity is necessary, but religion basically has taken a stand against having an abundance.

The Word of God teaches against greed in many different ways but also makes it very clear that finances are a blessing. In 3 John 2, the Apostle John said, “Beloved, I wish above all things that thou mayest prosper and be in health, even as thy soul prospereth.” What a strong statement. John says, “Above all things!” It’s talking about healing, emotions, relationships, and finances. The Lord wants you to prosper and be in health above everything else. He wants you to prosper in spirit, soul, and body. That’s His will for you.

Many religious people actually say that God wants you to be poor, that being poor is a godly thing, and the poorer you are, the more godly you are. I was raised under that kind of thinking, that preachers shouldn’t have very much, that a Christian is a person who should do without. This certainly cannot be substantiated by Scripture. Abraham was the richest man of his time, so much so that kings asked him to depart because his possessions were affecting the wealth of their countries. The same was true of Isaac and Jacob. Joseph was a man who prospered and had super abundance. David gave to the Lord out of his own personal treasury over 2.5 billion dollars worth of gold and silver to build the temple. Solomon, David’s son, was the richest man that ever lived on the face of the earth. When you look at it scripturally, people who have really served God were blessed financially.

There are examples of people who struggled and did without. Paul said in Philippians 4:13 that he could do all things through Christ and had learned to be content in whatever situation he was in. He said he knew how to be abased and how to abound. There were times when God’s servants went through poverty and difficulty, but you cannot find in Scripture that the poorer you are, the more godly you are. That is not true, and you can go out on the streets and see it disproved. So, yes, there’s a truth here that greed is wrong. In 1 Timothy 6:10 it says, “For the love of money is the root of all evil …” Some people take that and say money is the root of all evil, but it says the love of money is the root of all evil. There are people who love money and don’t have a dime; others have great wealth but don’t love it. They just use it.

Deuteronomy 8:18 shows the real purpose of financial prosperity. The Lord was talking to the Israelites, who were about to enter into the Promised Land and were going to experience wealth and prosperity in a way they never had before. He told them, “But thou shalt remember the Lord thy God: for it is he that giveth thee power to get wealth, that he may establish his covenant which he sware unto thy fathers, as it is this day.” According to this passage of Scripture, the purpose of prosperity is not to have an abundance of things for your own selfish purposes, but so you can establish God’s covenant here on earth. In other words, God will bless you so that you can in turn be a blessing. In Genesis 12:2 the Lord
told Abraham, “I will bless thee, and make thy name great; and thou shalt be a blessing.”
Before you can be a blessing to anybody else, you have to be blessed yourself.

You need certain things and have certain needs that God wants to meet, but it goes beyond a selfish thing. He wants to prosper you so He can get His money through you and so you can be a blessing. In 2 Corinthians 9:8 it says, “And God is able to make all grace abound toward you; that ye, always having all sufficiency in all things, may abound to every good work.” This tells why God is going to prosper you – so you can abound to every good work. It’s actually like a scriptural definition of prosperity. What is prosperity? Is it having a nice home, a nice car, good clothes, and food on your table? According to this verse, it is having enough to meet all of your needs and abound unto every good work. If you are unable to give to things you feel God has touched your heart about, if you would like to be a blessing to someone but are unable, then you aren’t prospering financially according to what the Scripture says. God says He will bless you to the degree that all of your needs will be met, and you’ll be able to abound unto every good work.

True biblical prosperity is not just to get your needs met, but so you can be a blessing to other people. The person who thinks only of themselves is actually selfish. If someone says “I’m believing God for more,” others may think them greedy or selfish, but it depends on the motive. If you ask God for more so you can get a bigger house or a better car, that’s not the right scriptural attitude. But if you are believing God for more because you have gone beyond seeing your own needs met and want to be a blessing to others, that is the attitude He wants you to have. He wants you to prosper. It’s His will for you to prosper.

Matthew 6 talks about the things we need and then says if we will seek first the kingdom of God and His righteousness, all of these things will be added to us. As you begin to put God first, He will supply all of these other things. All of your needs will be met, and you will be a blessing to other people. God does want you to prosper, but it really is dependent on your motive and your actions in this area.

I pray that this has challenged you and that today you’re going to start believing God for His very best, which is for you to prosper.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read 2 Corinthians 8:7-8 (New Living Translation). When you give to others in need, this is one way that you can prove? _____________________________

2. Read 2 Corinthians 8:13-14 (New Living Translation). When all of us join together to give, God wants there to be some kind of what? _____________________________

3. Read 2 Corinthians 8:13-14 (New Living Translation). How will everyone’s needs be met? _____________________________

4. Read Ephesians 4:28. The person that has been a thief should steal no more, but rather should begin to work and make their own living. What does Ephesians 4:28 also say they should do? _____________________________

5. Read Genesis 13:2 and 12:2. God could trust Abraham with riches because Abraham was not just thinking about himself but was a _____________________________ to others.
6. Read 1 Timothy 6:17-18 (New Living Translation). What three things is the rich to do with their money? ____________________________

7. Can God trust you with finances? ____________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

2 Corinthians 8:7-8 (New Living Translation) – “[7] Since you excel in so many ways – you have so much faith, such gifted speakers, such knowledge, such enthusiasm, and such love for us – now I want you to excel also in this gracious ministry of giving. [8] I am not saying you must do it, even though the other churches are eager to do it. This is one way to prove your love is real.”

2 Corinthians 8:13-14 (New Living Translation) – “[13] Of course, I don’t mean you should give so much that you suffer from having too little. I only mean that there should be some equality. [14] Right now you have plenty and can help them. Then at some other time they can share with you when you need it. In this way, everyone’s needs will be met.”

Ephesians 4:28 – “Let him that stole steal no more: but rather let him labour, working with his hands the thing which is good, that he may have to give to him that needeth.”

Genesis 13:2 – “And Abram was very rich in cattle, in silver, and in gold.”

Genesis 12:2 – “And I will make of thee a great nation, and I will bless thee, and make thy name great; and thou shalt be a blessing.”

1 Timothy 6:17-18 (New Living Translation) – “[17] Tell those who are rich in this world not to be proud and not to trust in their money, which will soon be gone. But their trust should be in the living God, who richly gives us all we need for our enjoyment. [18] Tell them to use their money to do good. They should be rich in good works and should give generously to those in need, always being ready to share with others whatever God has given them.”

**Answer Key**

1. Read 2 Corinthians 8:7-8 (New Living Translation). When you give to others in need, this is one way that you can prove? **That your love is real.**

2. Read 2 Corinthians 8:13-14 (New Living Translation). When all of us join together to give, God wants there to be some kind of what? **Equality, everyone should give what they can.**

3. Read 2 Corinthians 8:13-14 (New Living Translation). How will everyone’s needs be met? **By giving what you can, when you can.**

4. Read Ephesians 4:28. The person that has been a thief should steal no more, but rather should begin to work and make their own living. What does Ephesians 4:28 also say they should do? **Give to the poor, those that are in need.**

5. Read Genesis 13:2 and 12:2. God could trust Abraham with riches because Abraham was not just thinking about himself but was a **blessing** to others.

6. Read 1 Timothy 6:17-18 (New Living Translation). What three things is the rich to do...
with their money? Do good, give generously to those in need, share with others whatever God has given them.

7. Can God trust you with finances?
Today I want to share more about finances with you. In the last session, I explained that it is God’s will for you to prosper. Now I want to give you some keys about how that works. Luke 6:38 says, “Give, and it shall be given unto you; good measure, pressed down, and shaken together, and running over, shall men give into your bosom. For with the same measure that ye mete withal it shall it be measured to you again.” There are many principles involved, but you can’t talk about prosperity without talking about giving.

When you talk about financial prosperity, a lot of people say, “All right, so God wants to prosper me, but I don’t have it to give.” You can see in the Bible where Jesus talked about the widow who put her last two mites into the offering. He had been watching the rich people put in huge sums of money, yet He called His disciples together and said this woman gave more than them all. He said this because they gave out of their abundance, but she gave out of her poverty. God does not evaluate the size of your gift by its monetary value but rather by the percentage of what you had to give. When a person says “I don’t have anything to give,” it’s not true. If nothing else, you could take a piece of clothing you have and give it away. Everyone has something to give, so do away with this argument that you don’t have anything to give. As a matter of fact, the time you seem to have little of anything is when your giving can be a greater percentage than any other time. A person who has ten dollars and gives away five has given a much larger gift than someone who gives a million dollars when they have billions and billions left. God set it up so every single person can give.

Why did God tell us to give? There are many things involved, but one of the main purposes is that God wants you to trust Him in every area of your life. If there isn’t a God, and if His Word isn’t true when He says “Give, and it shall be given unto you,” taking a portion of what you have and giving it away is the stupidest thing you could ever do. Instead of moving toward the goal of having all your needs met, you’re actually moving away from it if God hasn’t promised to bless you. It takes faith to be able to give the way God says, and that’s the reason He told you to do it.

In Luke 16 there is a parable about a steward who cheated his master, and it finally comes down to this: He says if you haven’t been faithful in the unrighteous mammon (talking about money), then who will commit to your trust the true riches? If you haven’t believed God in the smaller things, concerning money, how are you going to get to the more important things, such as spiritual values? Scriptures like this make money one of the least levels of stewardship. If you can’t trust God with your finances, how can you trust Him with your eternal destiny? How can you truly believe Jesus has forgiven your sins and that you’re going to spend eternity in heaven? In comparison, the spiritual things we supposedly put our faith in the Lord for are much more significant than money. Money is a minor thing, but it’s the bottom line of starting to trust God.

Proverbs 11:24 says there are some that give away more than it looks like is necessary, and yet they prosper, and there are others that tend to hoard what they have, and it only causes poverty on the inside of them.
If you seek the kingdom of God and His righteousness first, then He will add these things to you. If you say you want God to help you in your finances, and you're praying for His help – but aren’t seeking first the kingdom of God, and you aren’t taking a step of faith, trusting Him with your finances, and giving – then you really aren’t trusting Him.

Discipleship Questions


2. Read 1 Corinthians 13:3. The motivation behind our giving must be what?

3. Read James 2:15-16. Explain the meaning of this verse.

4. Read Luke 6:38 (New Living Translation). What is this verse saying to you?

5. Read Ephesians 1:7. Did God give out of His riches or according to His riches? Explain the difference. _______________________________________________________

6. Read Proverbs 19:17. When you give to the poor, what are you doing?

7. Read Psalm 41:1-3 (New Living Translation). Name five things that God does for those who give to the poor. ____________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

John 3:16 – “For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life.”

1 Corinthians 13:3 – “And though I bestow all my goods to feed the poor, and though I give my body to be burned, and have not charity, it profiteth me nothing.”

James 2:15-16 – “[15] If a brother or sister be naked, and destitute of daily food, [16] And one of you say unto them, Depart in peace, be ye warmed and filled; notwithstanding ye give them not those things which are needful to the body; what doth it profit?”

Luke 6:38 (New Living Translation) – “If you give, you will receive. Your gift will return to you in full measure, pressed down, shaken together to make room for more, and running over. Whatever measure you use in giving – large or small – it will be used to measure what is given back to you.”

Ephesians 1:7 – “In whom we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of sins, according to the riches of his grace.”

Proverbs 19:17 – “He that hath pity upon the poor lends unto the LORD; and that which he hath given will he pay him again.”

Psalm 41:1-3 (New Living Translation) – “[1] Oh, the joys of those who are kind to the poor. The LORD rescues them in times of trouble. [2] The LORD protects them and keeps them safe. [3] The LORD rewards the kind and generous with good things.”

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them alive. He gives them prosperity and rescues them from their enemies. [3] The LORD nurses them when they are sick and eases their pain and discomfort.”

Answer Key

1. Read John 3:16. What motivated God to give? **His love.**

2. Read 1 Corinthians 13:3. The motivation behind our giving must be what? **Love; i.e., seeking the welfare and benefit of others regardless of how we feel (Matt. 7:12).**

3. Read James 2:15-16. Explain the meaning of this verse. **Ninety-five percent of all love is nonverbal. It’s not in what we say but in the things that we do.**

4. Read Luke 6:38 (**New Living Translation**). What is this verse saying to you? **Whatever measure you use in giving (large or small), it will be used to measure what is given back to you.**

5. Read Ephesians 1:7. Did God give out of His riches or according to His riches? Explain the difference. **According to His riches. He gave everything to redeem us, His only begotten Son.**

6. Read Proverbs 19:17. When you give to the poor, what are you doing? **Lending to the Lord.** Will God pay you back? **Yes.**

7. Read Psalm 41:1-3 (**New Living Translation**). Name five things that God does for those who give to the poor. **He rescues them in times of trouble. He protects them. He gives them prosperity. He rescues them from enemies. He heals them; i.e., nurses them back to health.**
WHAT TO DO WHEN YOUR PRAYERS SEEM UNANSWERED
By Andrew Wommack

Today I want to share about what to do when your prayers seem unanswered, and I want to put the emphasis on the fact that your prayers “seem” to be unanswered. The truth is that God always, always answers any pray that is prayed according to His Word in faith. In 1 John 5:14-15 it says, “And this is the confidence that we have in him, that, if we ask any thing according to his will, he heareth us: And if we know that he hear us, whatsoever we ask, we know that we have the petitions that we desired of him.” That is a lot of confidence. God always answers prayer, but it doesn’t always look like it’s answered. Matthew 7:7-8 says, “Ask, and it shall be given you; seek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be opened to you: For every one that asketh receiveth; and he that seeketh findeth; and to him that knocketh it shall be opened.” Those verses are saying that God does answer prayer. Yet every one of us can think of a time in our lives when we asked for something that we believed was a right thing, a good thing, not totally selfish or outside of God’s will, yet we didn’t see the answer.

God’s Word says to ask, and it will be given to you; but our experience says we asked, and it wasn’t given to us. Which is true? The answer may surprise you, but the truth is that probably both are true. Most people think, Now, wait a minute, God’s Word says He will answer, and I didn’t see it happen. John 4:24 says, “God is a Spirit: and they that worship him must worship him in spirit and in truth.” God operates in the spiritual realm to answer our prayers, but it takes faith on our part to manifest. Faith is what takes things from the spiritual world and moves them into the physical world. This is basically what Hebrews 11:1 says, “Now faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen.” It didn’t say faith is the evidence of things that don’t exist. They do exist, but they are not in the seen, physical world but in the unseen, spiritual realm. Faith reaches over into the spiritual realm and draws those things into the physical world.

It’s like a radio signal. Radio and television stations are broadcasting constantly. You can be in a room where you can’t see or hear the signals, but that doesn’t mean they aren’t there. You have to turn a radio on and tune it to the frequency you want to hear. Then the radio pulls those signals out of a realm you can’t perceive and rebroadcasts them in a realm where you can hear them with your human ear. God answers our prayers in a similar way: He gives things in the spiritual realm, and by faith, you have to reach out and bring them into the physical world. The physical and spiritual worlds move parallel to each other. God moves and answers your prayer, but you may never see it manifest in the physical unless you let faith bridge the gap between the unseen spiritual realm and the physical world we live in.

For example, Daniel, a man of God, was praying and asking God to give him a revelation. For the sake of time, I’ll summarise the story. The Lord sent the angel, Gabriel, to appear to Daniel and answer his prayer. Daniel 9:22-23 says, “And he informed me, and talked with me, and said, O Daniel, I am now come forth to give thee skill and understanding. At the beginning of thy supplications the commandment came forth; and I am come to shew thee; for thou art greatly beloved: therefore understand the matter, and consider the vision.” Here is the point: Gabriel said that at the beginning of Daniel’s prayer, the commandment from God came for him to bring the answer. If you read how long it took
to bring the answer, it was about three minutes, a three-minute lag time between God’s command and the physical manifestation.

We make a lot of suppositions that if God is really God and something is His will, it just happens like the snap of a finger; but that’s not true. In this instance, God gave the command, and it took approximately three minutes for Gabriel to cover that distance. I don’t have all the reasons for this, and it’s really not essential. The point I’m trying to make is that from the time God gave the command, there was a lag time of approximately three minutes before it was manifest. Now if that was the longest we had to believe for an answer to prayer, most of us could probably hold on, but it’s not always that way.

In Daniel 10 we find the same man praying another prayer, and this time it took three weeks for the answer to come. Many people who read this would say, “Why did God answer one of Daniel’s prayers in three minutes and the next prayer in three weeks?” Daniel 10:11-12 says, “And he said unto me, O Daniel, a man greatly beloved, understand the words that I speak unto thee, and stand upright: for unto thee am I now sent. And when he had spoken this word unto me, I stood trembling. Then said he unto me, Fear not, Daniel: for from the first day that thou didst set thine heart to understand, and to chasten thyself before thy God, thy words were heard, and I am come for thy words.” This shows that God commanded the messenger from the very first day of Daniel’s prayer. It took three weeks for that answer to manifest, but God is faithful. Scripture that says He is the same yesterday, today, and forever (Heb. 13:8).

If you put chapters 9 and 10 together, I believe God answered both prayers instantly. One took three minutes and the other took three weeks, but God wasn’t the variable. Here’s the point: God answers our prayers. He does things, but there are a lot of variables that can happen between the time He answers prayers and you see the answers manifest. You have to believe; faith has to reach into the spiritual realm and bring the answer into the physical realm. So faith is one of the critical ingredients.

Also, you can see in verse 13 of Daniel, chapter 10, “But the prince of the kingdom of Persia withstood me one and twenty days: but, lo, Michael, one of the chief princes, came to help me; and I remained there with the kings of Persia.” This isn’t talking about a physical person but a demonic hindrance. Satan is another variable in the process. Sometimes God answers our prayers, but Satan hinders them through other people. For instance, if you’re believing for finances, God isn’t going to give you money personally. He’s not going to counterfeit United States currency or any other currency of this world. He’s not going to make money, rain it down from heaven, and put it in your pocket. Luke 6:38 says, “Give, and it shall be given unto you; good measure, pressed down, and shaken together, and running over, shall men give unto your bosom.” God will move and answer your prayer, but it’s going to come through people. Some people are bound by greed, and if they are angry with you or you’re doing things to offend them, Satan can hinder the manifestation of your prayer through them. When you’re praying, especially for finances, you need to recognise that other people may be a part of your financial miracle, and you may have to pray for them.

God is faithful. He has never failed to answer any prayer that was based on His Word and prayed in faith. He always gives, but you may not see the manifestation, depending on other variables. I pray this will help you to build your faith and let you know that God always answers your prayers.

Discipleship Questions
1. Read Matthew 7:7-8. What can we expect from God if we ask?
___________________________________________________________________

2. Read Matthew 7:7-8. If we seek God, what can we expect?_______________________

3. Read Matthew 7:7-8. What can we expect to happen if we knock?
___________________________________________________________________

4. Read John 10:35. Will God give anything less than what His Word has promised?
___________________________________________________________________

5. Read James 4:1-3. Why were these people hindered from receiving from God?
___________________________________________________________________

6. Read 1 Peter 3:7. If you are mistreating your mate, what will be the result in your prayer life?
___________________________________________________________________

7. Read 1 John 5:14-15. What is a key to have your prayers answered?
___________________________________________________________________

8. Read Mark 11:24. When you pray, what are you to do?
___________________________________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Matthew 7:7-8 – “[7] Ask, and it shall be given you; seek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be opened unto you: [8] For every one that asketh receiveth; and he that seeketh findeth; and to him that knocketh it shall be opened."

John 10:35 – “If he called them gods, unto whom the word of God came, and the scripture cannot be broken.”

James 4:1-3 – “[1] From whence come wars and fightings among you? come they not hence, even of your lusts that war in your members? [2] Ye lust, and have not: ye kill, and desire to have, and cannot obtain: ye fight and war, yet ye have not, because ye ask not. [3] Ye ask, and receive not, because ye ask amiss, that ye may consume it upon your lusts.”

1 Peter 3:7 – “Likewise, ye husbands, dwell with them according to knowledge, giving honour unto the wife, as unto the weaker vessel, and as being heirs together of the grace of life; that your prayers be not hindered.”

1 John 5:14-15 – “[14] And this is the confidence that we have in him, that, if we ask any thing according to his will, he heareth us: [15] And if we know that he hear us, whatsoever we ask, we know that we have the petitions that we desired of him.”

Mark 11:24 – “Therefore I say unto you, What things soever ye desire, when ye pray, believe that ye receive them, and ye shall have them.”
Answer Key

1. Read Matthew 7:7-8. What can we expect from God if we ask? **We can expect it to be given.**

2. Read Matthew 7:7-8. If we seek God, what can we expect? **To find.**

3. Read Matthew 7:7-8. What can we expect to happen if we knock? **That it shall be opened unto us.**

4. Read John 10:35. Will God give anything less than what His Word has promised? **No.**

5. Read James 4:1-3. Why were these people hindered from receiving from God? **Their motives and hearts were wrong. Everything was about them and for them. Total selfishness were their motives.**

6. Read 1 Peter 3:7. If you are mistreating your mate, what will be the result in your prayer life? **Your prayers will be hindered.**

7. Read 1 John 5:14-15. What is a key to have your prayers answered? **Asking according to His will.**

8. Read Mark 11:24. When you pray, what are you to do? **Believe that you receive, and you shall have.**

Level 3 - Lesson 1

**THE DIVINE FLOW**

By Andrew Wommack

I want to share some things about how you can begin to start letting God flow through you to minister to other people. You have the power and the anointing of God in you, but how do you get it out to other people? There are a number of scriptures we can start with. In Philemon 6, Paul is praying “that the communication of thy faith may become effectual by the acknowledging of every good thing which is in you in Christ Jesus.” The very first step in having the power of God flow through you to other people is that you first acknowledge the good things that are inside you. You can’t give away what you don’t have, but once you know what you have on the inside, things will automatically begin to happen. You’ll begin to share with others your excitement, give testimonies of what God has done in your life, and automatically some people will be helped.

In 1 John 4:7-8 it says, “Beloved, let us love one another: for love is of God; and everyone that loveth is born of God, and knoweth God...for God is love.” Anytime you feel love flow out of you toward another person, that’s God flowing out of you toward them. There are actually four major words for “love” in the Greek language, the highest form, *agape* love, is God’s supernatural kind of love. You need to recognise the difference between attraction, or desire, toward somebody and this supernatural, high form of God’s love. Whenever you discern God’s love flowing out of you toward someone else, it’s not self-serving. You can verify this by looking at 1 Corinthians 13:4-8, which gives the qualifications of God’s kind of love. It is not envious, selfish, self-serving, easily provoke, etc. You need to analyse what you call love and make sure it’s really God’s love – that it’s not selfish or self-serving – that you don’t love a person because of what they can do for you. But that love is a supernatural kind of love, pure and unselfish.
you. As you grow in this and literally begin to discern His kind of love, then when you feel it flow through you for somebody else, that’s God moving. Once you discern the love of God flowing through you for someone, all you have to do is follow it with some word of encouragement or action – do something.

There are times when I’ve been praying that a person would come to my mind, and I would have God’s kind of love and compassion for them. There was no reason for this to happen; it was supernatural. I’ve learned to call the person, write them a letter, or contact them in some way. Nearly every single time that person will say, “Boy, that was God speaking through you to me, and He touched my life through it.” Do you know how that happened? It happened because I sensed this love, this godly compassion flowing out of me toward that person. When I feel that now, I recognize it’s not me – it’s God. God is love, and when I love other people, it’s Him loving other people through me. This is the way Jesus ministered. Matthew 14:14 says, “And Jesus went forth, and saw a great multitude, and was moved with compassion toward them, and he healed their sick.” The way the power of God flowed through Jesus was through the compassion and love He felt toward the people He ministered to. In Matthew 8:2-3 a man with leprosy, who was unclean and could not be touched according to Jewish Law (no one could come in contact with him, or they would become contaminated and become unclean themselves) lifted up his voice and cried to Jesus from a distance, “Lord, if thou wilt, thou canst make me clean. And Jesus put forth his hand, and touched him, saying, I will; be thou clean. And immediately his leprosy was cleansed.” He was moved with compassion toward the man with leprosy and touched him. As you study the Scriptures, you’ll find this compassion, this godly love in many places. It’s not just an emotion, but a compassion that flows out through us.

When Jesus was hanging on the cross, He loved the people around Him so much that He said, “Father, forgive them; for they know not what they do” (Luke 23:34). These were the very people who were crucifying Him, yet He had compassion on them and asked God to forgive them. We know He didn’t have goose bumps – it wasn’t just a feeling, or an emotion – it was a choice. Nonetheless, He felt it and released it toward other people. Every one of you who is born again has God living inside of you. According to the verse we started with, 1 John 4:8, God is love, and He wants to flow through you to reach other people. To do that, He will release this compassion. You’ll feel it flow out of you toward other people, and when you do, you need to respond.

You don’t always have to do something special. It doesn’t have to be “thus saith the Lord.” Sometimes, if you have a feeling of compassion toward a person, just go over and put your arm around them and say, “God loves you and so do I.” I know one time this worked when I was on the receiving end, in a situation where I was about to be run out of a church. People had lied about me, and one person even threatened to kill me. I was feeling so discouraged like, “God, what’s the use? Nobody appreciates what I’m trying to do.” I was fighting the devil over this, and a friend called long distance. He talked for a few minutes, and I said, “Well, what did you call for?” He said, “I just wanted to call and let you know I love you. I was praying and felt the love of God toward you. I appreciate you.” That’s all he said. He didn’t know anything about the situation going on in my life, but God used that. I knew it was Him loving me through that person, and it kept me in the ministry and changed my life.

It doesn’t have to be profound or necessarily some great word. God is love, and whenever you discern that love flowing through you, it’s the divine flow…the divine life of God. When you sense that, you need to follow it up. Go do something, say something, be a blessing to some person. God will put words in your mouth. He will use you, and He will set people free as you are moved with compassion and minister to those around you.
Discipleship Questions

Note: In this lesson, we will examine how to let what God put in us flow out to others.

1. Read Philemon 6. What is the first step in allowing God to flow out of us?
____________________________________________________________________

2. Read 1 John 4:7-8. What is the real source of reaching out to love others?
____________________________________________________________________

3. Andrew states, “Anytime you feel love flowing out of you, that’s God flowing out of you.” What phrase in 1 John 4:7 proves this fact?
____________________________________________________________________

4. Read 1 Corinthians 13:4-8. What are some of the characteristics of God’s love?
____________________________________________________________________

5. Read Matthew 14:14. How was Jesus moved in ministering to others?
____________________________________________________________________

6. Read Matthew 25:37-40. When we reach out to others in love and compassion, in reality who are we loving and caring for?
____________________________________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Philemon 6 – “That the communication of thy faith may become effectual by the acknowledging of every good thing which is in you in Christ Jesus.”

1 John 4:7-8 – “[7] Beloved, let us love one another: for love is of God; and every one that loveth is born of God, and knoweth God. [8] He that loveth not knoweth not God; for God is love.”

1 John 4:7 – “Beloved, let us love one another: for love is of God; and every one that loveth is born of God, and knoweth God.”

1 Corinthians 13:4-8 – “[4] Charity suffereth long, and is kind; charity envieth not; charity vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up, [5] Doth not behave itself unseemly, seeketh not her own, is not easily provoked, thinketh no evil; [6] Rejoiceth not in iniquity, but rejoiceth in the truth; [7] Beareth all things, believeth all things, hopeth all things, endureth all things. [8] Charity never faileth: but whether there be prophecies, they shall fail; whether there be tongues, they shall cease; whether there be knowledge, it shall vanish away.”

Matthew 14:14 – “And Jesus went forth, and saw a great multitude, and was moved with compassion toward them, and he healed their sick.”

Matthew 25:37-40 – “[37] Then shall the righteous answer him, saying, Lord, when saw we thee an hungered, and fed thee? or thirsty, and gave thee drink? [38] When saw we thee a stranger, and took thee in? or naked, and clothed thee? [39] Or when saw we thee sick, or in prison, and came unto thee? [40] And the King shall answer and say unto them, Verily I say unto you, Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me.”

Hebrews 6:10 (New International Version) – “God is not unjust; he will not forget your work and the love you have shown him as you have helped his people and continue to help them.”

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Answer Key

Note: In this lesson, we will examine how to let what God put in us flow out to others.

1. Read Philemon 6. What is the first step in allowing God to flow out of us? To acknowledge every good thing He has put in us in Christ Jesus.

2. Read 1 John 4:7-8. What is the real source of reaching out to love others? God, for God is love (1 John 4:8).

3. Andrew states, “Anytime you feel love flowing out of you, that’s God flowing out of you.” What phrase in 1 John 4:7 proves this fact? “Love is of God” (He is the source).

4. Read 1 Corinthians 13:4-8. What are some of the characteristics of God’s love? Love is slow to anger and patient. It is in the present tense, meaning love continually behaves this way. Love is kind. It demonstrates itself in kindly acts. It is in the present tense, meaning love continually behaves this way. Envieth not. It doesn’t resent the good fortune or success of others. Vaunteth not itself. It does not boast, or brag, about one’s self. It is not proud. Not puffed up. It is not consumed with self. It is not proud, or arrogant. Does not behave itself unseemly. It doesn’t behave itself in violation of what is right. It is not rude. Seeketh not her own. It is not self-centred. Not easily provoked. It is not easily angered, or quick tempered. Thinketh no evil. It’s not always thinking the worst of others. It keeps no record of wrongs. Rejoiceth not in iniquity. It takes no pleasure in injustice, or that which is wrong. Love rejoiceth in the truth. Beareth all things. It is always supportive. It never gives up. Believeth all things. Love always trusts. Love never faileth. It always perseveres. It keeps going to the end and lasts forever.

5. Read Matthew 14:14. How was Jesus moved in ministering to others? He was moved with compassion toward others. The dictionary defines “compassion” as “sympathetic feeling; pity, mercy”.

Today we want to talk about how you can take the love of God you have received and share it with other people – how you can be an effective minister to others. In 1 Peter 4:11 it says, “If any man speak, let him speak as the oracles of God.” The term “oracles of God” refers back to the Old Testament when they had the Holy of Holies and put God’s Word in the Ark of the Covenant. That was called “the oracle”, so when it says “speak as the oracles of God,” it means speak as the mouthpiece of God. Speak as if you are speaking from God. The verse continues, “If any man minister, let him do it as of the ability which God giveth: that God in all things may be glorified through Jesus Christ, to whom be praise and dominion for ever and for ever.” What this says is that you need to minister to other people, not out of your own ability, but out of the ability that God gives.

One of the great things about the Christian life is that it isn’t just me or you talking to someone and sharing things from our own ability, but God Himself comes and lives on the inside of us. He begins to speak through us and flow through us. We can literally be God-possessed and have the Spirit of God flowing through us. As we start sharing with other people, we need to remember that this is what is called the gifts of the Spirit and is what they’re for. God takes every single person in the body of Christ and gives them specific gifts. In 1 Corinthians 12 it says every one of us has been given different gifts according to His will. In verses 4-6 it says, “Now there are diversities of gifts, but the same Spirit. And there are differences [diversities] of administrations [ministrations], but the same Lord. And there are diversities of operations [workings], but it is the same God which worketh all in all” (brackets mine). This means that God works these things in all of us, as verse 7 says, “But the manifestation of the Spirit is given to every man to profit withal,” or to profit everyone.

These verses say that God has put supernatural ability within every single one of us. You may not feel it, you may not be aware of it, but this is a promise of God’s Word. If you’ve come this far in the Discipleship Evangelism series, if you’ve already made Jesus your Lord, if you’ve learned how to receive from God and begin to apply it in your life, then I can promise that the power of the Holy Spirit is at work inside you. You have other people’s miracles on the inside of you. God has put the seed form of a miracle inside you for somebody else. It’s up to you to be able to release it and get it out into their lives. Scripture says this has been given to every one of us by the Spirit. Not a single person has been left out. Nine different gifts of the Spirit are listed in 1 Corinthians 12, such as a word of wisdom, a word of knowledge, discerning of spirits, working of miracles, gifts of healing, etc. There are other gifts listed in Romans 12, which I haven’t time to deal with. You need to study them on your own and be aware that every single one of you has had the Holy Spirit place within you special anointing – special ability – to be able to minister to other people. Not everyone will be able to minister the way I do, for instance. You may not have a teaching gift, but every person in the body of Christ can teach by sharing their faith with another person. There are people who are called specifically to teach, people who are called to preach and pastor churches. Another gift listed in Romans 12 says there are those whose gift is hospitality. Many of you may have an ability, or gift, without being aware of it. You just have a desire to be able to be a blessing to someone. You may be the kind of person who, when you walk into a room, picks out people who seem to be ill at ease. You
empathise with them, you know what they’re going through, and you have a desire to make them feel at ease and to minister to them. Did you know that’s a supernatural gift of God?

Romans 12 says some people have been called to the gift of giving, the ability to make money and give to support the Gospel. That is their gift, their call in life, and some of you may be called to that very thing. Some of you have the gift of exhortation. Others have the gift of administrations, typically called by the church a gift of helps. There are all kinds of things that can be done, not only in the church setting, but on a day-to-day basis dealing with people. There are some of you who have the ability to encourage those who are discouraged, something I would never be able to do just through teaching the Word. You just have a supernatural ability to go up, put your arm around somebody, bless them, and enable them. The point I’m making is that you don’t need to see this as just being natural, as, “Well, that’s just my personality type.” You may have classified yourself as this type of person, but you know what, it was a supernatural ability God placed inside you that gave you the gifts, the talents, and the perspective that makes you gravitate toward doing certain things.

When you are ministering to other people, Scripture says you need to be ministering the things God has placed on the inside of you. We all need to become ministers, whether as a full-time vocation, on our jobs, or wherever we are. If you do it with your neighbours or people at the store, you need to do it out of the ability God gives, not out of your own ability. So, I encourage you to seek God, discover the gifts He has placed inside you, and don’t discount them if you aren’t called to one of the ministry gifts that is a vocation. Recognise that every one of you has had the Holy Spirit place within you supernatural ability, and then minister to other people through the gifts that God has placed inside you.

It will take time and practice. You won’t be perfect the first time, so don’t be afraid to practice. If you make a mistake, God won’t fall off His throne, and other people will see the sincerity of your heart. Your love will minister to them even if you don’t do something perfectly. Start ministering to others. Recognise that you are gifted of God, and start sharing the supernatural ability He has given you with other people.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read 1 Peter 4:11. Whose ability are we supposed to minister from?

2. Read 1 Corinthians 12:4. There are varieties and different kinds of spiritual gifts, but who is the source of them all?

   A. God works in only one way.
   B. There are different ways that God works through people.
   C. God only works through the preacher.

4. Read 1 Corinthians 12:7. The Holy Spirit’s presence and spiritual gifts are given to each of us for the good of all. True or False.

5. Read 1 Corinthians 12:8-10. List and define some of the spiritual gifts that God gives people.

7. Have you noticed any of these gifts working through you? If so, what gifts?

8. Read 1 Corinthians 12:7. Who is supposed to profit from these gifts?

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

1 Peter 4:11 – “If any man speak, let him speak as the oracles of God; if any man minister, let him do it as of the ability which God giveth: that God in all things may be glorified through Jesus Christ, to whom be praise and dominion for ever and ever. Amen.”

1 Corinthians 12:4 – “Now there are diversities of gifts, but the same Spirit.”

1 Corinthians 12:6 – “And there are diversities of operations, but it is the same God which worketh all in all.”

1 Corinthians 12:7 – “But the manifestation of the Spirit is given to every man to profit withal.”

1 Corinthians 12:8-10 – “[8] For to one is given by the Spirit the word of wisdom; to another the word of knowledge by the same Spirit; [9] To another faith by the same Spirit; to another the gifts of healing by the same Spirit; [10] To another the working of miracles; to another prophecy; to another discerning of spirits; to another divers kinds of tongues; to another the interpretation of tongues.”

Acts 27:21-25 – “[21] But after long abstinence Paul stood forth in the midst of them, and said, Sirs, ye should have hearkened unto me, and not have loosed from Crete, and to have gained this harm and loss. [22] And now I exhort you to be of good cheer: for there shall be no loss of any man's life among you, but of the ship. [23] For there stood by me this night the angel of God, whose I am, and whom I serve, [24] Saying, Fear not, Paul; thou must be brought before Caesar: and, lo, God hath given thee all them that sail with thee. [25] Wherefore, sirs, be of good cheer: for I believe God, that it shall be even as it was told me.”

Acts 9:11-12 – “[11] And the Lord said unto him, Arise, and go into the street which is called Straight, and inquire in the house of Judas for one called Saul, of Tarsus: for, behold, he prayeth, [12] And hath seen in a vision a man named Ananias coming in, and putting his hand on him, that he might receive his sight.”

1 Corinthians 13:2 – “And though I have the gift of prophecy, and understand all mysteries, and all knowledge; and though I have all faith, so that I could remove mountains, and have not charity, I am nothing.”

Mark 16:18 – “They shall take up serpents; and if they drink any deadly thing, it shall not hurt them; they shall lay hands on the sick, and they shall recover.”

Hebrews 2:3-4 – “[3] How shall we escape, if we neglect so great salvation; which at the first began to be spoken by the Lord, and was confirmed unto us by them that heard him; [4] God also bearing them witness, both with signs and wonders, and with divers miracles, and gifts of the Holy Ghost, according to his own will?”
Acts 11:27-28 – “[27] And in these days came prophets from Jerusalem unto Antioch. [28] And there stood up one of them named Agabus, and signified by the Spirit that there should be great dearth throughout all the world: which came to pass in the days of Claudius Caesar.”

1 Corinthians 14:3 – “But he that prophesieth speaketh unto men to edification, and exhortation, and comfort.”

Acts 16:16-18 – “[16] And it came to pass, as we went to prayer, a certain damsel possessed with a spirit of divination met us, which brought her masters much gain by soothsaying: [17] The same followed Paul and us, and cried, saying, These men are the servants of the most high God, which show unto us the way of salvation. [18] And this did she many days. But Paul, being grieved, turned and said to the spirit, I command thee in the name of Jesus Christ to come out of her. And he came out the same hour.”

Acts 2:4-11 – “[4] And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance. [5] And there were dwelling at Jerusalem Jews, devout men, out of every nation under heaven. [6] Now when this was noised abroad, the multitude came together, and were confounded, because that every man heard them speak in his own language. [7] And they were all amazed and marvelled, saying one to another, Behold, are not all these which speak Galilaeans? [8] And how hear we every man in our own tongue, wherein we were born? [9] Parthians, and Medes, and Elamites, and the dwellers in Mesopotamia, and in Judaea, and Cappadocia, in Pontus, and Asia, [10] Phrygia, and Pamphylia, in Egypt, and in the parts of Libya about Cyrene, and strangers of Rome, Jews and proselytes, [11] Cretes and Arabians, we do hear them speak in our tongues the wonderful works of God.”

1 Corinthians 14:13-14 – “[13] Wherefore let him that speaketh in an unknown tongue pray that he may interpret. [14] For if I pray in an unknown tongue, my spirit prayeth, but my understanding is unfruitful.”

Romans 12:6-8 – “[6] Having then gifts differing according to the grace that is given to us, whether prophecy, let us prophesy according to the proportion of faith; [7] Or ministry, let us wait on our ministering: or he that teacheth, on teaching; [8] Or he that exhorteth, on exhortation: he that giveth, let him do it with simplicity; he that ruleth, with diligence; he that showeth mercy, with cheerfulness.”

2 Timothy 4:11 – “Only Luke is with me. Take Mark, and bring him with thee: for he is profitable to me for the ministry.”

Acts 13:1 – “Now there were in the church that was at Antioch certain prophets and teachers; as Barnabas, and Simeon that was called Niger, and Lucius of Cyrene, and Manaen, which had been brought up with Herod the tetrarch, and Saul.”

Acts 13:15 – “And after the reading of the law and the prophets the rulers of the synagogue sent unto them, saying, Ye men and brethren, if ye have any word of exhortation for the people, say on.”

Proverbs 22:9 – “He that hath a bountiful eye shall be blessed: for he giveth of his bread to the poor.”

Acts 20:28 – “Take heed therefore unto yourselves, and to all the flock, over the which the Holy Ghost hath made you overseers, to feed the church of God, which he hath purchased
“with his own blood.”

Matthew 5:7 – “Blessed are the merciful: for they shall obtain mercy.”

1 Corinthians 12:7 – “But the manifestation of the Spirit is given to every man to profit withal.”

Answer Key

1. Read 1 Peter 4:11. Whose ability are we supposed to minister from? **God’s ability.**

2. Read 1 Corinthians 12:4. There are varieties and different kinds of spiritual gifts, but who is the source of them all? **God/the Holy Spirit.**

3. Read 1 Corinthians 12:6. Choose the correct statement. B. **There are different ways that God works through people.**

4. Read 1 Corinthians 12:7. The Holy Spirit’s presence and spiritual gifts are given to each of us for the good of all. **True.**

5. Read 1 Corinthians 12:8-10. List and define some of the spiritual gifts that God gives people.
   - **The word of wisdom** = A supernatural revelation from God of His mind and purpose. See Acts 27:21-25.
   - **The word of knowledge** = A supernatural revelation from God of any fact or event. See Acts 9:11-12.
   - **The gift of faith** = The supernatural ability to believe God without doubt or reasoning. See 1 Cor. 13:2.
   - **Gifts of healing** = Supernatural ability to heal sickness without human aid or medication. See Mark 16:18.
   - **Working of miracles** = Supernatural intervention that produces miracles contrary to natural laws. See Heb. 2:3-4.
   - **Prophecy** = A supernatural utterance, inspired by God, spoken in a known language by the speaker. See Acts 11:27-28 and 1 Cor. 14:3.
   - **Discerning of spirits** = A supernatural revelation from God of the presence or activities of spirits. See Acts 16:16-18.
   - **Different kinds of tongues** = A supernatural utterance, inspired by God, in an unknown language (i.e., unknown to the person speaking). See Acts 2:4-11.
   - **The interpretation of tongues** = A supernatural utterance, inspired by God, interpreting an unknown tongue. See 1 Cor. 14:13-14.

   - **Prophecy** = A supernatural utterance, inspired by God, spoken in a known language by the speaker.
   - **Ministry** = Serving others, practical service. See 2 Tim. 4:11.
   - **Teaching** = To explain, expound, to impart instruction. See Acts 13:1.
   - **Exhortation** = To urge, advise, encourage, beseech, admonish, comfort, or warn. See Acts 13:15.
   - **Giving** = Sharing generously gifts offered to God and others. See Prov. 22:9.
   - **Ruling** = Leading or leadership. See Acts 20:28.
   - **Mercy** = Compassion shown to an offender or victim. See Matt. 5:7.
7. Have you noticed any of these gifts working through you? If so, what gifts?

8. Read 1 Corinthians 12:7. Who is supposed to profit from these gifts? **Everyone. By using gifts to help others, you are letting God work through you.**
We’ve talked about walking in the power of God and ministering to other people through the gifts that He gives us. I’d like to share some things about how this really glorifies God and how He expects us to use His supernatural ability. There are so many scriptures on this that I can only touch on a few. In Matthew 9 there’s an instance where Jesus healed a paralytic man, and I’ll deal with that in more detail in Mark 2. Matthew 9:8 says, “But when the multitudes saw it, they marvelled, and glorified God, which had given such power unto men.” Did you know that the gifts of the Spirit – miracles – glorify God, and that’s the reason He gave that miraculous ability to us?

When you start sharing with other people, there’s a natural tendency for them to doubt and begin to question, “Well, how do I know what you’re saying is true?” I once heard T. L. Osborne, a famous evangelist who led hundreds of thousands of people to the Lord, discuss his experience when he was first on the foreign missions field. He tried to witness to people, and they just didn’t believe what he said. Finally, one day he was talking to a man, saying “But the Bible says,” and the man said, “What makes your black book any different than any other black book?” Then T. L. Osborne thought, How do these people know the Bible is true? I have faith that the Bible is the Word of God, but how do I convince them?

He left the mission field defeated and discouraged, came home, and began to seek God. The Lord told him that he had to use His supernatural ability. Signs and wonders are for the purpose of validating the Word of God, which is what will change people’s lives. In 1 Peter 1:23 it says, “Being born again, not of corruptible seed, but of incorruptible, by the word of God, which liveth and abideth for ever.” God’s Word is what changes people’s lives, but how do you get them to believe that it really is God speaking? Well, that’s the purpose of miracles. When we preach and say that it’s God’s will for a person to be healed, we demonstrate it by speaking over them in the name of Jesus. Their blind eyes or deaf ears that are opened validate that it is God. Miracles aren’t going to change people, but they will cause them to believe that the word you’ve spoken is the Word of God.

A scriptural example of that is Mark 2:1-9, where there is further detail on the paralytic who was healed: “And again he [Jesus] entered into Capernaum after some days: and it was noised that he was in the house. And straightway many were gathered together, insomuch that there was no room to receive them, no, not so much as about the door: and he preached the word unto them. And they come unto him, bringing one sick of the palsy, which was borne of four. And when they could not come nigh unto him for the press, they uncovered the roof where he was: and when they had broken it up, they let down the bed wherein the sick of the palsy lay. When Jesus saw their faith, he said unto the sick of the palsy, Son, thy sins be forgiven thee. But there were certain of the scribes sitting there, and reasoning in their hearts, Why doth this man thus speak blasphemies? who can forgive sins but God only? And immediately when Jesus perceived in his spirit that they so reasoned within themselves, he said unto them, Why reason ye these things in your hearts? Whether it is easier to say to the sick of the palsy, Thy sins be forgiven thee; or to say, Arise, and take up thy bed, and walk” (brackets mine). The truth is that both of those things are technically impossible. It’s impossible for a man to forgive sins, and it’s also impossible for a man to
heal another person of paralysis. So if God could do one, He could certainly do the other.

Jesus said in verses 10-12, “But that ye may know that the Son of man hath power on earth to forgive sins, (he saith to the sick of the palsy,) I say unto thee, Arise, and take up thy bed, and go thy way into thine house. And immediately he arose, took up the bed and went forth before them all; insomuch that they were all amazed, and glorified God, saying, We never saw it on this fashion.” Jesus made it very clear when He said, “But that ye may know that the Son of man hath power on earth to forgive sins, (he saith to the sick of the palsy).” He produced the healing so people would know that if He could do things in the physical realm that they could see happen at His word, then spiritual things such as the forgiveness of sins could also take place. Jesus used miracles to validate His word.

This exact same thing is said in Hebrews 2:2-3: “For if the word spoken by angels was steadfast, and every transgression and disobedience received a just recompense of reward; How shall we escape, if we neglect so great salvation; which at the first began to be spoken by the Lord, and was confirmed unto us by them that heard him.” It says that God confirmed this word by the power of the Holy Spirit. Put this together with Mark 16:20, “The Lord working with them, and confirmed the word with signs following.” The point I’m making is that God wants you to use His supernatural ability and power to minister to other people. He uses the miracles that take place through the gifts of the Holy Spirit to confirm to people that He is actually speaking to them. Ultimately, He wants people to be set free in their hearts, but sometimes the way to a person’s heart is through their bodies and their emotions. If you can deal with those areas and see a person set free, then they will open up and allow the Lord to touch the rest of their lives and literally commit their entire being to Him.

In 1 Corinthians 2:1 Paul was writing to the Corinthians, telling them how he first approached them: “And I, brethren, when I came to you, came not with excellency of speech or of wisdom, declaring unto you the testimony of God. For I determined not to know any thing among you, save Jesus Christ, and him crucified. And I was with you in weakness, and in fear, and in much trembling. And my speech and my preaching was not with enticing words of man’s wisdom, but in demonstration of the Spirit and of power: that your faith should not stand in the wisdom of men, but in the power of God.” He made it very clear that the reason he didn’t come emphasising and using words only but came in demonstration of the Spirit and power, was so their faith would stand in the power of God and not in the wisdom of man.

Christianity has wonderful logic to it. Once you see the truth, you wonder how you ever missed it and why everybody doesn’t embrace it. But Christianity isn’t only logic…it is a real experience with a real God. He’s alive today, and He wants to manifest Himself in power exactly the same way He did in His Word. Hebrews 13:8 says, “Jesus Christ the same yesterday, and to day, and for ever.” Jesus came and He was a man approved of God among us by signs and wonders and miracles. Acts 10:38 says, “How God anointed Jesus of Nazareth with the Holy Ghost and with power: who went about doing good, and healing all that were oppressed of the devil; for God was with him.” He had his word confirmed, and those miracles rang like a bell to draw people to His message. They glorified God. Many scriptures say that these miracles glorified God, and if Jesus had to use the power of the Holy Spirit to minister and to change people’s lives, how do we think that we can do better than He did? If Jesus drew on miracles to draw people to Himself to receive His message, how can we possibly think that we can convince the world today without operating in the supernatural power of God? The truth is that miracles glorify God. They are a bell that draws people. It’s like ringing the dinner bell – it’s the food that will fill you, but it’s the bell that gets your attention. Without the bell, some people are going to miss the meal. Without the miraculous power of God, many people are going to miss out on the fact that
God is real and He can change their hearts and forgive their sins.

I encourage you to realise that God wants to flow through each one of us and work these miracles through us in other people’s lives. Some of you may say, “But that intimidates me. What happens if I pray for a person and they aren’t healed? How do I know this is going to happen?” You need to recognise it’s not you doing the miracles; God is doing them. You don’t take responsibility if the miracle works and the person gets set free, and you don’t take the blame if it doesn’t work. You just do the praying; God’s the one who does the healing, but He has to flow through you. God wants to use you in miraculous ways. You need to get into God’s Word, see how it worked for other people, apply those things in your life, and let the miraculous, supernatural power of God start flowing through you today.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. What is a miracle? ______________________________________________________

2. Read Mark 2:10-12. What did Jesus’ miracle demonstrate that He had power to do?
   __________________________________________________________

3. Read Mark 16:15-18. As believers, what are we to do?
   __________________________________________________________

4. Read Acts 8:5-8, 12. What did the people see, and how did they respond?
   __________________________________________________________

5. Read Acts 3:12. What did the Apostle Peter say about his own holiness producing miracles? __________________________________________________________

   __________________________________________________________

7. Are there instances of miracles happening in the New Testament that were not by the apostles? __________________________________________________________

8. Read 1 Corinthians 1:7. When will the gift of miracles cease?
   __________________________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Mark 2:10-12 – “[10] But that ye may know that the Son of man hath power on earth to forgive sins, (he saith to the sick of the palsy,) [11] I say unto thee, Arise, and take up thy bed, and go thy way into thine house. [12] And immediately he arose, took up the bed, and went forth before them all; insomuch that they were all amazed, and glorified God, saying, We never saw it on this fashion.”

Mark 16:15-18 – “[15] And he said unto them, Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature. [16] He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved; but he that believeth not shall be damned. [17] And these signs shall follow them that believe; In my name shall they cast out devils; they shall speak with new tongues; [18] They shall take up serpents; and if they drink any deadly thing, it shall not hurt them; they shall lay hands on the sick, and they shall recover.”
Acts 8:5-7 – “[5] Then Philip went down to the city of Samaria, and preached Christ unto them. [6] And the people with one accord gave heed unto those things which Philip spake, hearing and seeing the miracles which he did. [7] For unclean spirits, crying with loud voice, came out of many that were possessed with them: and many taken with palsies, and that were lame, were healed. [8] And there was great joy in that city. [12] But when they believed Philip preaching the things concerning the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Christ, they were baptized, both men and women.”

Acts 3:12 – “And when Peter saw it, he answered unto the people, Ye men of Israel, why marvel ye at this? or why look ye so earnestly on us, as though by our own power or holiness we had made this man to walk?”

Acts 3:16 – “And his name through faith in his name hath made this man strong, whom ye see and know: yea, the faith which is by him hath given him this perfect soundness in the presence of you all.”

Mark 9:38-39 – “[38] And John answered him, saying, Master, we saw one casting out devils in thy name, and he followeth not us: and we forbad him, because he followeth not us. [39] But Jesus said, Forbid him not: for there is no man which shall do a miracle in my name, that can lightly speak evil of me.”

Acts 8:5-7 – “[5] Then Philip went down to the city of Samaria, and preached Christ unto them. [6] And the people with one accord gave heed unto those things which Philip spake, hearing and seeing the miracles which he did. [7] For unclean spirits, crying with loud voice, came out of many that were possessed with them: and many taken with palsies, and that were lame, were healed.”

Acts 9:10-18 – “[10] And there was a certain disciple at Damascus, named Ananias; and to him said the Lord in a vision, Ananias. And he said, Behold, I am here, Lord. [11] And the Lord said unto him, Arise, and go into the street which is called Straight, and inquire in the house of Judas for one called Saul, of Tarsus: for, behold, he prayeth, [12] And hath seen in a vision a man named Ananias coming in, and putting his hand on him, that he might receive his sight. [13] Then Ananias answered, Lord, I have heard by many of this man, how much evil he hath done to thy saints at Jerusalem: [14] And here he hath authority from the chief priests to bind all that call on thy name. [15] But the Lord said unto him, Go thy way: for he is a chosen vessel unto me, to bear my name before the Gentiles, and kings, and the children of Israel: [16] For I will shew him how great things he must suffer for my name's sake. [17] And Ananias went his way, and entered into the house: and putting his hands on him said, Brother Saul, the Lord, even Jesus, that appeared unto thee in the way as thou camest, hath sent me, that thou mightest receive thy sight, and be filled with the Holy Ghost. [18] And immediately there fell from his eyes as it had been scales: and he received sight forthwith, and arose, and was baptized.”

1 Corinthians 1:7 – “So that ye come behind in no gift; waiting for the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ.”

Answer Key

1. What is a miracle? An extraordinary or unusual event that is considered to be a manifestation of divine power. It is also a supernatural intervention of God’s power over natural law.
2. Read Mark 2:10-12. What did Jesus’ miracle in Mark 2:10-12 demonstrate that He had power to do? To forgive sins.

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3. Read Mark 16:15-18. As believers, what are we to do? **Preach the Gospel, baptise converts, cast out devils, speak in tongues, and heal the sick.**

4. Read Acts 8:5-8, 12. What did the people see, and how did they respond? **They saw miracles (verse 7), they believed in Jesus, and were water baptised (verse 12).**

5. Read Acts 3:12. What did the Apostle Peter say about his own holiness producing miracles? **It was not his own holiness or power that healed the man; it was God’s.**


7. Are there instances of miracles happening in the New Testament that were not by the apostles? **Yes. An unnamed follower of Christ (Mark 9:38-39), Philip (Acts 8:5-7), Ananias (Acts 9:10-18).**

8. Read 1 Corinthians 1:7. When will the gift of miracles cease? **At the coming of the Lord Jesus; i.e., when He returns.**
Today we’re talking about the power of godly relationships. When you think about it, the entire Bible talks about this subject. For instance, the word “church” is the Greek word *ekklesia*, and it means “a called out group”. As you look in the Word of God, you’ll see that the church, or the people of God, are encouraged to meet together. They’re encouraged to pray together and to encourage one another daily. They’re encouraged by the power of godly relationships as they walk together. If you would also consider the word “elder”, it is used many times in Scripture, and it is used to describe someone who is older, someone who is mature, someone who has walked the life of Christ, and who has been successful in his family and in his marriage. If I were having a problem with my marriage, I would want to go to a man who was godly, who has obtained godly wisdom over the years.

We also have to realise that the Scripture describes the body of Christ as a physical body. It has hands, eyes, ears, and other different parts. We are all part of one another. And as part of one another, we draw strength from one another. Each ligament, each part of the body has its own gifting, its own talents, its own way of giving strength and knowledge.

The Bible says in James 5:16, “Confess your faults one to another, and pray one for another, that ye may be healed. The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much.” This is one example in Scripture of the power of godly relationships. You know, there’s something in the body of Christ that is missing. I think that because we’ve emphasised the priesthood of the believer, going directly to God and not to one another, we’ve lost some things. The Bible talks about confessing our faults one to another. I have a friend whose name is Dr. Loren Lewis. He’s an older gentleman, and we’ve spent a lot of time together. He’s a Greek scholar and reads directly from the Greek. When there’s something from the Scriptures that I can’t figure out, I’ll go to him and ask him what the Greek has to say about it. I’ll also ask him about the tenses of the Greek, and he helps me in my biblical studies a lot. I’ve spent hours and hours with this man. He’s a man of wisdom. He’s a godly man. He has a successful marriage. He has a successful family. And there’s times when all of us need to confess our faults. Now, I know the Bible says that we’re to confess our sins to God, and I’m not saying you should confess your sins to someone as if they could forgive them, because we need to go directly to God. But we need to have accountability in our lives.

The power of having godly relationships is the power that we need for accountability and for someone to encourage us to seek the Lord. In Hebrews, the Bible tells us to exhort one another daily, to not to forsake the assembling of ourselves together, to encourage one another, and to warn one another lest any of us be hardened through the deceitfulness of sin. All of this is speaking about the importance of godly relationships. On the negative side, the Bible warns us many times about ungodly relationships and how that ungodly relationships can affect our minds and our thinking. Before we know it, we can be led into things that we shouldn’t be in, it’s because we have not protected ourselves and surrounded ourselves with godly counsel (Prov. 11:14, 13:20, and 1 Cor. 15:33). The Bible says, “For what fellowship hath righteousness with unrighteousness” (2 Cor. 6:14).

As you walk this Christian life, be encouraged to surround yourself with godly
relationships and flee those who would influence you in a negative way. It is very important that we have godly believers in our lives with whom we can sharpen ourselves (Prov. 27:17) and be accountable to. God bless you as you continue to meditate and think on these things.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read 1 Corinthians 15:33. What does this verse teach us about relationships? ___________________________________________________________________

2. Read 1 Corinthians 12:12. What does this verse show us about our Christian life? ___________________________________________________________________

3. Read Hebrews 10:24. What can we learn about godly relationships from Hebrews 10:24? ________________________________________________________________

4. Read Hebrews 10:25. What can we learn from this verse about relationships? ___________________________________________________________________

5. Read Proverbs 5:22-23. Why must we guard our hearts from ungodly relationships? ________________________________________________________________

6. Read 2 Timothy 2:22. We are to pursue righteousness, faith, love, and peace with whom? ____________________________________________________________

7. Read Hebrews 13:7. Who are we to remember and pattern our lives after? ________________________________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

1 Corinthians 15:33 – “Be not deceived: evil communications corrupt good manners.”

1 Corinthians 12:12 – “For as the body is one, and hath many members, and all the members of that one body, being many, are one body: so also is Christ.”

Hebrews 10:24 – “And let us consider one another to provoke unto love and to good works.”

Hebrews 10:25 – “Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as the manner of some is; but exhorting one another: and so much the more, as ye see the day approaching.”

Proverbs 5:22-23 – “[22] His own iniquities shall take the wicked himself, and he shall be holden with the cords of his sins. [23] He shall die without instruction; and in the greatness of his folly he shall go astray.”

2 Timothy 2:22 – “Flee also youthful lusts: but follow righteousness, faith, charity, peace, with them that call on the Lord out of a pure heart.”

Hebrews 13:7 – “Remember them which have the rule over you, who have spoken unto you the word of God: whose faith follow, considering the end of their conversation.”

**Answer Key**
1. Read 1 Corinthians 15:33. What does this verse teach us about relationships? **Bad company corrupts good character.**

2. Read 1 Corinthians 12:12. What does this verse show us about our Christian life? **Just like the physical body, we all need the other members of the body of Christ.**

3. Read Hebrews 10:24. What can we learn about godly relationships from Hebrews 10:24? **Those in godly relationships spur on others to love and to good works.**

4. Read Hebrews 10:25. What can we learn from this verse about relationships? **We need to meet together, fellowship, and encourage one another.**

5. Read Proverbs 5:22-23. Why must we guard our hearts from ungodly relationships? **Lest we be led astray by folly (verse 23).**

6. Read 2 Timothy 2:22. We are to pursue righteousness, faith, love, and peace with whom? **With them that call on the Lord out of a pure heart.**

7. Read Hebrews 13:7. Who are we to remember and pattern our lives after? **Your leaders who have spoken the Word of God to you.**
Today we’re going to look at the subject of persecution and the words of Jesus in Matthew 10:16-23. He wanted to prepare His disciples for opposition; He wanted them to know opposition was going to come. All those who live godly, Christ-centred lives will suffer persecution (2 Tim. 3:12). It’s not something you can rebuke. The enemy may be behind it, but persecution is part of standing for righteousness. The Bible says those who live godly in Christ will suffer persecution. Jesus is preparing His disciples by saying, “Behold, I send you forth as sheep in the midst of wolves” (Matt. 10:16). The word “behold” is saying, “Listen to Me, guys. I want you to get this. I’m going to send you as sheep in the midst of wolves.” Sheep are the most defenceless, dependent animals I know of. A sheep doesn’t have fangs, doesn’t have venom like a snake – it has no defence whatsoever. The only defence it really has is the shepherd.

A shepherd’s responsibility is to keep wolves out of the flock of sheep, but Jesus is saying the very opposite: “I’m sending you out as sheep into a pack of wolves.” Isn’t that amazing? The reason He is saying it is that He’s preparing them for opposition. Ephesians 6:12 says, “For we wrestle not against flesh and blood, but against principalities, against powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world, against spiritual wickedness in high places.” There will be opposition. Part of the Christian life is opposition, and Jesus wants you to know that. He wants to prepare you for that by saying, “Be ye therefore wise as serpents” (Matt. 10:16). That word “wise” means in every situation, you will not needlessly incite problems but will have wisdom that you carry with you. Be wise as serpents and harmless as doves.

He then says, “But beware of men” (Matt. 10:17). The enemy is going to use men. Ephesians 2:2 says that there is “the prince of the power of the air, the spirit that now worketh in the children of disobedience.” Satan is going to use men to oppose us, to oppose the purposes of Jesus Christ, and to oppose the Word of God. “Beware of men: for they will deliver you up to the councils, and they will scourge you in their synagogues” (Matt. 10:17). Paul said, “Five times I was scourged, five times I was beaten with thirty-nine lashes, because of Jesus Christ, and the message of Jesus Christ, and the message of the gospel” (2 Cor. 11:23-24). Jesus said you will be brought before governors – even the government will sometimes be used to oppose the purposes of Jesus Christ. You’ll be brought before governors and kings for Jesus’ sake, for a testimony to them or against them.

I’m a teacher at Charis Bible College. I was teaching a course on evangelism, and I was showing the students how they could use an evangelism letter and personal testimony to reach out to the lost. I did one myself and sent it out to fifty to a hundred people. Just a couple of days after that, I got a phone call from a woman in town named Mary Anne. She said, “You’re not going to get away with it; you can’t tell me about Jesus Christ; you can’t get away with this. Where did you get my name, anyway?” I said, “Well, I got it right out of the phone book.” She said, “You’re a liar! My name and address are not in the phone book!” I said, “Well, that’s where I got it.” She said, “Tomorrow the police will contact you.” I thought to myself, Is the Bible really true? And the police did contact me the next day and they spent about two hours trying to interrogate me.

Do you see what I’m saying? When there are criminals out on the street, the police
wasted two hours of their time. Why? For the sake of Jesus Christ, for the sake of the Gospel. Is the Word of God really true? If you stand on the Word of God, if you’re bold to witness, if you’re bold to proclaim Jesus, if you’re bold to live a righteous life before men, there will be opposition. There are forces of evil, there are forces of good. Jesus wanted His disciples to be prepared.

Jesus said in Matthew 10:19, “But when they deliver you up, take no thought [be not anxious] how or what ye shall speak: for it shall be given you in that same hour what ye shall speak” (brackets mine). With God’s Spirit, you’ll have wisdom like Stephen of old. The people couldn’t handle the wisdom by which he spoke. Jesus says in verses 22-23, “And ye shall be hated of all men for my name’s sake: but he that endureth to the end shall be saved. But when they persecute you in this city, flee ye into another.” Opposition against righteousness, against the purposes of Jesus Christ, is a reality if you’re a doer of the Word and not just a hearer.

I was in a park a while back, and I saw an elderly lady sitting in the swing. I thought to myself, She's harmless; she can’t hurt me! I asked her if I could sit down in the swing with her, and I sat down and began a conversation with her. I found out her name was Jane, and I said, “By the way, Jane, what do you do?” She said, “Oh, I’m an old lady; I don’t work anymore. I’m retired.” Then she said, “And, by the way, what do you do?” I said, “I work for a parachurch ministry, a parachurch organisation.” Suddenly her countenance changed. She said, “Don’t you tell me about God! Don’t you tell me about Jesus!” I said “Oh, Jane, you shouldn’t talk that way,” and she said, “If Jesus Christ was in front of me, I would spit in His face!” I said, “Jane! You shouldn’t say things like that! You must have had a lot of people hurt you in churches for you to talk like that. Jane, you shouldn’t talk like that! Let me tell you about my family.” She said, “No! I said you can’t talk to me. You’re going to tell me about Jesus Christ and what God did in your family, and I’m not going to let you. You cannot speak.” I said, “Jane, please. I’ve got to tell you about Jesus.” She said, “No! I’m telling you to SHUT UP!”

She had a little dog on a leash, and she just pulled that little dog until he was sitting there going “Arrgh,” and away she went. Here was a woman out of control because a spirit rose up in her, the spirit of disobedience. She was controlled by the enemy. I thought to myself, I’m not used to having people yell at me. I’m not used to people getting in my face. But I had nothing but compassion, nothing but love for Jane. She was out of control, and I was totally in control. I went home and said, “Lord, You know what? The greatest miracle is that I was in control. When someone was in my face, I had nothing but love and compassion.”

Persecution and opposition will come when we go out in the name of Jesus. The same Spirit of God that gives boldness to proclaim Jesus even when we’re rejected for His sake, that same Spirit will give us comfort and strength in any situation.

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read 2 Timothy 3:12. Those who live a godly life will experience what?

2. How would you define “persecution”?

3. Read Mark 4:16-17. Affliction and persecution come for what reason?
4. Read Acts 8:1, 4. The persecution in Jerusalem resulted in what?

5. Read Matthew 5:10-12. There is a blessing upon those who are persecuted for:

6. Read Matthew 5:12. When believers are persecuted for righteousness’ sake, what can they expect in the future?

7. Read Acts 9:4-5. Who was Saul persecuting?

8. Read Acts 9:1. In reality, who was Saul persecuting?


**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

2 Timothy 3:12 – “Yea, and all that will live godly in Christ Jesus shall suffer persecution.”

Mark 4:16-17 – “[16] And these are they likewise which are sown on stony ground; who, when they have heard the word, immediately receive it with gladness; [17] And have no root in themselves, and so endure but for a time: afterward, when affliction or persecution ariseth for the word's sake, immediately they are offended.”

Acts 8:1, 4 – “[1] And Saul was consenting unto his death. And at that time there was a great persecution against the church which was at Jerusalem; and they were all scattered abroad throughout the regions of Judaea and Samaria, except the apostles. [4] Therefore they that were scattered abroad went every where preaching the word.”

Matthew 5:10-12 – “[10] Blessed are they which are persecuted for righteousness' sake: for theirs is the kingdom of heaven. [11] Blessed are ye, when men shall revile you, and persecute you, and shall say all manner of evil against you falsely, for my sake. [12] Rejoice, and be exceeding glad: for great is your reward in heaven: for so persecuted they the prophets which were before you.”

Matthew 5:12 – “Rejoice, and be exceeding glad: for great is your reward in heaven: for so persecuted they the prophets which were before you.”

Acts 9:4-5 – “[4] And he fell to the earth, and heard a voice saying unto him, Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou me? [5] And he said, Who art thou, Lord? And the Lord said, I am Jesus whom thou persecutest: it is hard for thee to kick against the pricks.”

Acts 9:1 – “And Saul, yet breathing out threatenings and slaughter against the disciples of the Lord, went unto the high priest.”

Galatians 6:12 – “As many as desire to make a fair show in the flesh, they constrain you to be circumcised; only lest they should suffer persecution for the cross of Christ.”
Answer Key

1. Read 2 Timothy 3:12. Those who live a godly life will experience what? **Persecution.**

2. How would you define “persecution”? **To harass; to cause to suffer because of belief.**

3. Read Mark 4:16-17. Affliction and persecution come for what reason? **For the Word’s sake; i.e. to take away the Word.**

4. Read Acts 8:1, 4. The persecution in Jerusalem resulted in what? **People going everywhere preaching the Word.**

5. Read Matthew 5:10-12. There is a blessing upon those who are persecuted for **righteousness’ sake.**

6. Read Matthew 5:12. When believers are persecuted for righteousness’ sake, what can they expect in the future? **A great reward in heaven.**

7. Read Acts 9:4-5. Who was Saul persecuting? **Jesus.**

8. Read Acts 9:1. In reality, who was Saul persecuting? **The disciples (Christians) of the Lord.**

9. Read Galatians 6:12. The Judaisers in the book of the Galatians tried to add the keeping of religious Law to the Gospel. In so doing, they avoided what? **Suffering persecution for the cross of Christ. In other words, they avoided the persecution that came from preaching that salvation is by grace through faith in Christ alone.**
THE KING AND HIS KINGDOM

By Don Krow

In the Old Testament, what made Israel distinct from all other nations was that it was a theocracy. In other words, it was ruled directly by God (Is. 43:15). Later in Israel’s history, they wanted to be like the other nations of the world, to be ruled by an earthly king (1 Sam. 8:5-19). So God granted their request and chose for them a king named Saul (1 Sam. 10:24-25). Later, because of Saul’s disobedience, God raised up David to be king, a man after His own heart (Acts 13:21-22 and 1 Kin. 15:3).

The king was to be the visible representative of the invisible God (Deut. 17:14-20). When the king followed the Lord, he and his kingdom would prosper. When the king failed to follow the Lord, he and his kingdom would go into captivity and ruin (1 Sam. 15:22-23).

When God chose a king, He would send a prophet to anoint that one with oil. This typified the Holy Spirit coming upon this one to empower and anoint him to rule. At this time, the Spirit of God would come upon him and change his heart to rule in righteousness, for God was with him (1 Sam. 10:1, 6-7, and 9). This anointing to rule (or to be king) is where the idea of the Messiah comes from. The word “anointed” in Hebrew is _Mashiach_ (Messiah) and translated _christos_ (Christ) in Greek. The Old Testament prophets prophesied that in the future, the Messiah (or Anointed One) would come, and the God of heaven would set up a kingdom which would never be destroyed (Dan. 2:44, 7:14, and 27). In the Scriptures, if you notice, Jesus never explained to the Jews what He meant when speaking about the kingdom. It was an Old Testament concept that they were already looking for (Is. 9:6-7, 11:1-6; Dan. 2:44, 7:13-14, 18, and 27).

It is impossible to understand the message of Jesus without a basic understanding of the kingdom. The kingdom was the message that Jesus spoke and the only one He instructed His disciples to preach (Mark 1:14-15, Luke 9:1-2, Acts 28:23-31, Luke 16:16, and Matt. 24:14). This message was also referred to as “salvation” or the offer of “eternal life” (Heb. 2:3; Matt. 19:16 cp., 19:23; Acts 28:23-24, 28, and 30-31). Within the phrase “the kingdom of God” is the idea of a group of people that would be ruled by God. In order to enter God’s kingdom, conditions had to be met. A change of heart was required. This change of heart is what the Bible calls repentance. It was a change of heart toward God; that is, it was a turning away from Satan, sin and its ways, unto God, Christ and His ways. As one turns, God offers (as a gift through Jesus’ shed blood) the forgiveness of sins and everlasting life (Rom. 6:23). This “good news” is referred to as the “Gospel of grace” or the preaching of the “kingdom of God” (Acts 20:24-25). The kingdom of God is characterised by grace (Matt. 20:1-16) and has come quietly and secretly in the ministry of Jesus (Matt. 13:33). It will one day in the future come to a glorious and visible consummation (Matt. 13:36-43).
Discipleship Questions

1. Read Daniel 2:44. The Old Testament prophets prophesied that in the future, the Messiah (or Anointed One) would come, and the God of heaven would set up a kingdom which:
   A. would last for 1,000 years.
   B. would never be destroyed.
   C. would be temporal.

2. Read Matthew 4:17, 23. What was Jesus’ message?

3. Read Mark 1:14-15. Jesus preached the Gospel of ________________________________

4. Read Luke 4:43. The reason that Jesus was sent from God was to ________________________________

5. Read John 4:25. In the Scriptures, Jesus never explained to the Jews what He meant when speaking about the kingdom. It was an Old Testament concept that they:
   A. knew little about.
   B. thought would never come.
   C. were already looking for.


8. Read Luke 23:2. According to the Jews’ own definition, the word “Christ” means one that is a ________________________________

9. Read Acts 17:7. Contrary to Roman law, the Jews said that the Apostle Paul taught that there was another ________________________________ one ________________________________

10. Read Acts 19:8-10. Paul spoke boldly in Ephesus disputing and persuading others concerning ________________________________

11. Read Acts 28:23-31. In verse 31, what was it that the Apostle Paul was preaching?

12. Read Matthew 24:14. What is the message that is to be preached in all the world?

13. Read Acts 20:24-25. Sometimes the Gospel of the kingdom is referred to as the Gospel of ________________________________

14. Read Luke 16:16. It is impossible to understand the message of Jesus without a basic understanding of the kingdom. The kingdom was the message that Jesus spoke and the only one He instructed His disciples to:
   A. preach.
   B. disregard.
   C. ponder.
15. Read Matthew 6:10. Basically, the kingdom of God is the rule of God. How is this expressed in this verse?

16. Read Colossians 1:13-14 and Romans 14:9. Within the phrase “the kingdom of God” is the idea of a group of people that would:
   A. ask Jesus into their hearts.
   B. accept God’s rule (and reject Satan’s) and receive His forgiveness.
   C. join the church.

17. Read Matthew 4:17. In order to enter God’s kingdom, a change of heart is required. This change of heart is what the Bible calls:
   A. penance.
   B. works of the Law.
   C. repentance.

18. Read Acts 26:18. Have you turned from ________________ to light, from the ____________ of Satan unto ____________ to receive the forgiveness of your sins?

19. Read Ezekiel 36:26-27 and Acts 11:15-18. Have you been given a new heart and a new spirit that causes you to walk in God’s ways?


Scriptures to Use with Questions

Daniel 2:44 – “And in the days of these kings shall the God of heaven set up a kingdom, which shall never be destroyed: and the kingdom shall not be left to other people, but it shall break in pieces and consume all these kingdoms, and it shall stand for ever.”

Matthew 4:17, 23 – “[17] From that time Jesus began to preach, and to say, Repent: for the kingdom of heaven is at hand. [23] And Jesus went about all Galilee, teaching in their synagogues, and preaching the gospel of the kingdom, and healing all manner of sickness and all manner of disease among the people.”

Mark 1:14-15 – “[14] Now after that John was put in prison, Jesus came into Galilee, preaching the gospel of the kingdom of God, [15] And saying, The time is fulfilled, and the kingdom of God is at hand: repent ye, and believe the gospel.”

Luke 4:43 – And he said unto them, I must preach the kingdom of God to other cities also: for therefore am I sent.”

John 4:25 – “The woman saith unto him, I know that Messias cometh, which is called Christ: when he is come, he will tell us all things.”

Luke 9:1-2 – “[1] Then he called his twelve disciples together, and gave them power and authority over all devils, and to cure diseases. [2] And he sent them to preach the kingdom of God, and to heal the sick.”

Luke 10:1-2, 8-9 – “[1] After these things the Lord appointed other seventy also, and sent them two and two before his face into every city and place, whither he himself would come. [2] Therefore said he unto them, The harvest truly is great, but the labourers are few: pray
ye therefore the Lord of the harvest, that he would send forth labourers into his harvest. [8] And into whatsoever city ye enter, and they receive you, eat such things as are set before you: [9] And heal the sick that are therein, and say unto them, The kingdom of God is come nigh unto you.

Luke 23:2 – “And they began to accuse him, saying, We found this fellow perverting the nation, and forbidding to give tribute to Caesar, saying that he himself is Christ a King.”

Acts 17:7 – “Whom Jason hath received: and these all do contrary to the decrees of Caesar, saying that there is another king, one Jesus.”

Acts 19:8-10 – “[8] And he went into the synagogue, and spake boldly for the space of three months, disputing and persuading the things concerning the kingdom of God. [9] But when divers were hardened, and believed not, but spake evil of that way before the multitude, he departed from them, and separated the disciples, disputing daily in the school of one Tyrannus. [10] And this continued by the space of two years; so that all they which dwelt in Asia heard the word of the Lord Jesus, both Jews and Greeks.”

Acts 28:23-31 – “[23] And when they had appointed him a day, there came many to him into his lodging; to whom he expounded and testified the kingdom of God, persuading them concerning Jesus, both out of the law of Moses, and out of the prophets, from morning till evening. [24] And some believed the things which were spoken, and some believed not. [25] And when they agreed not among themselves, they departed, after that Paul had spoken one word, Well spake the Holy Ghost by Esaias the prophet unto our fathers, [26] Saying, Go unto this people, and say, Hearing ye shall hear, and shall not understand; and seeing ye shall see, and not perceive: [27] For the heart of this people is waxed gross, and their ears are dull of hearing, and their eyes have they closed; lest they should see with their eyes, and hear with their ears, and understand with their heart, and should be converted, and I should heal them. [28] Be it known therefore unto you, that the salvation of God is sent unto the Gentiles, and that they will hear it. [29] And when he had said these words, the Jews departed, and had great reasoning among themselves. [30] And Paul dwelt two whole years in his own hired house, and received all that came in unto him. [31] Preaching the kingdom of God, and teaching those things which concern the Lord Jesus Christ, with all confidence, no man forbidding him.”

Matthew 24:14 – “And this gospel of the kingdom shall be preached in all the world for a witness unto all nations; and then shall the end come.”

Acts 20:24-25 – “[24] But none of these things move me, neither count I my life dear unto myself, so that I might finish my course with joy, and the ministry, which I have received of the Lord Jesus, to testify the gospel of the grace of God. [25] And now, behold, I know that ye all, among whom I have gone preaching the kingdom of God, shall see my face no more.”

Luke 16:16 – “The law and the prophets were until John: since that time the kingdom of God is preached, and every man presseth into it.”

Matthew 6:10 – “Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, as it is in heaven.”

Colossians 1:13-14 – “[13] Who hath delivered us from the power of darkness, and hath translated us into the kingdom of his dear Son: [14] In whom we have redemption through his blood, even the forgiveness of sins.”

Romans 14:9 – “For to this end Christ both died, and rose, and revived, that he might be Lord both of the dead and living.”
Matthew 4:17 – “From that time Jesus began to preach, and to say, Repent: for the kingdom of heaven is at hand.”

Acts 26:18 – “To open their eyes, and to turn them from darkness to light, and from the power of Satan unto God, that they may receive forgiveness of sins, and inheritance among them which are sanctified by faith that is in me.”

Ezekiel 36:26-27 – “[26] A new heart also will I give you, and a new spirit will I put within you: and I will take away the stony heart out of your flesh, and I will give you an heart of flesh. [27] And I will put my spirit within you, and cause you to walk in my statutes, and ye shall keep my judgments, and do them.”

Acts 11:15-18 – “[15] “And as I began to speak, the Holy Ghost fell on them, as on us at the beginning. [16] Then remembered I the word of the Lord, how that he said, John indeed baptized with water; but ye shall be baptized with the Holy Ghost. [17] Forasmuch then as God gave them the like gift as he did unto us, who believed on the Lord Jesus Christ; what was I, that I could withstand God? [18] When they heard these things, they held their peace, and glorified God, saying, Then hath God also to the Gentiles granted repentance unto life.”

Luke 18:13-14 – “[13] And the publican, standing afar off, would not lift up so much as his eyes unto heaven, but smote upon his breast, saying, God be merciful to me a sinner. [14] I tell you, this man went down to his house justified rather than the other: for every one that exalteth himself shall be abased; and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted.”

Answer Key

1. Read Daniel 2:44. The Old Testament prophets prophesied that in the future, the Messiah (or Anointed One) would come, and the God of heaven would set up a kingdom which: B. would never be destroyed.

2. Read Matthew 4:17, 23. What was Jesus’ message? Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand.


4. Read Luke 4:43. The reason that Jesus was sent from God was to preach the kingdom of God.

5. Read John 4:25. In the Scriptures, Jesus never explained to the Jews what He meant when speaking about the kingdom. It was an Old Testament concept that they: C. were already looking for.


8. Read Luke 23:2. According to the Jews’ own definition, the word “Christ” means one that is a King.

9. Read Acts 17:7. Contrary to Roman law, the Jews said that the Apostle Paul taught that
there was another **King** one **Jesus**.

10. Read Acts 19:8-10. Paul spoke boldly in Ephesus disputing and persuading others concerning **the kingdom of God**.

11. Read Acts 28:23-31. In verse 31, what was it that the Apostle Paul was preaching? **The kingdom of God and teaching those things which concern the Lord Jesus Christ.**

12. Read Matthew 24:14. What is the message that is to be preached in all the world? **The Gospel of the kingdom.**

13. Read Acts 20:24-25. Sometimes the Gospel of the kingdom is referred to as the Gospel of **the grace of God**.

14. Read Luke 16:16. It is impossible to understand the message of Jesus without a basic understanding of the kingdom. The kingdom was the message that Jesus spoke and the only one He instructed His disciples to: A. **preach**.

15. Read Matthew 6:10. Basically, the kingdom of God is the rule of God. How is this expressed in this verse? **God’s will being done in earth like His will is done in heaven.**

16. Read Colossians 1:13-14 and Romans 14:9. Within the phrase “the kingdom of God” is the idea of a group of people that would: B. **accept God’s rule (and reject Satan’s) and receive His forgiveness.**

17. Read Matthew 4:17. In order to enter God’s kingdom, a change of heart is required. This change of heart is what the Bible calls: C. **repentance.**

18. Read Acts 26:18. Have you turned from **darkness** to light, from the **power** (authority or rule) of Satan unto **God** to receive the forgiveness of your sins?

19. Read Ezekiel 36:26-27 and Acts 11:15-18. Have you been given a new heart and a new spirit that causes you to walk in God’s ways?

THE OBJECT OF SAVING FAITH

By Don Krow

Suppose that on a man’s wedding day as he stood before the pastor, the pastor suddenly began to say these words: “Do you take this woman to be your personal cook, to clean your house, and do your dishes? Do you take her from this day forth to vacuum the floors and to dust the furniture as long as you both shall live?” Suddenly his wife-to-be says, “Stop! If you want me as a person that only does things for you, you can hire a maid. I want you to love me and take me for who I am. If you take me for who I am, I will do all those things for you, but I want you to take me! All of me! I don’t want you to just take my benefits and not my person.”

A.W. Tozer said this, “Now, it seems odd that some teachers never notice that the only true object of saving faith is none other than Christ Himself; not the ‘saviourhood’ of Christ nor the ‘lordship’ of Christ, but Christ Himself. God does not offer salvation to the one who will believe on one of the offices of Christ, nor is an office of Christ ever presented as an object of faith. Neither are we exhorted to believe on the atonement, nor on the cross, nor on the priesthood of the Saviour. All of these are embodied in the person of Christ, but they are never separated nor is one ever isolated from the rest. Much less are we permitted to accept one of Christ’s offices and reject another. The notion that we are so permitted is a modern-day heresy, I repeat, and like every heresy it has had evil consequences among Christians” (The Root of the Righteous, pp. 84-86).

Do you get the point? Why do we emphasise a part of Christ (His benefits), an office of Christ, and not Christ? That’s like taking a wife in marriage as your personal cook and not for her person.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read John 1:12. “As many as received:
   A. Him (the Lord Jesus Christ),
   B. Jesus as Saviour,
   C. Jesus as Lord,
   D. Jesus as priest,
   to them gave He power to become the sons (or children) of God.

2. Read Acts 16:31. We are to believe (that is, trust or entrust) ourselves to whom?


4. Read Matthew 1:21. What does the word “Jesus” imply?

5. Read Luke 23:2. What does the word “Christ” imply?
6. Read Romans 1:16. According to this verse, the Gospel, or good news, is
______________________________________________________________________.

7. Read Romans 1:1-3. The Gospel of God centres around, or is concerning,
_______________________________________________________________________. Part of His Son or all of His Son?

8. Read John 6:54. When you eat something, what does that imply?
______________________________________________________________________

9. Read Galatians 3:27. When a person is baptised into Christ, they put on
_______________________________________________________________________. What part of Christ do they put on? _________________.

10. Read Acts 9:5-6. When Saul was converted, what two questions did he ask Jesus?
_______________________________________________________________________.

11. Read Romans 7:4. To whom are we to be married? _________________. To what part of Him are we married? _________________.

12. Are you enjoying a good marriage with Christ? _________________. Do you talk, communicate, love, and worship Him? _________________.

Scriptures to Use with Questions

John 1:12 – “But as many as received him, to them gave he power to become the sons of God, even to them that believe on his name.”

Acts 16:31 – “And they said, Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved, and thy house.”

Luke 6:46 – “And why call ye me, Lord, Lord, and do not the things which I say?”

Matthew 1:21 – “And she shall bring forth a son, and thou shalt call his name JESUS: for he shall save his people from their sins.”

Luke 23:2 – “And they began to accuse him, saying, We found this fellow perverting the nation, and forbidding to give tribute to Caesar, saying that he himself is Christ a King.”

Romans 1:16 – “For I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ: for it is the power of God unto salvation to every one that believeth; to the Jew first, and also to the Greek.”

Romans 1:1-3 – “[1] Paul, a servant of Jesus Christ, called to be an apostle, separated unto the gospel of God, [2] (Which he had promised afore by his prophets in the holy scriptures,) [3] Concerning his Son Jesus Christ our Lord, which was made of the seed of David according to the flesh.”

John 6:54 – “Whoso eateth my flesh, and drinketh my blood, hath eternal life; and I will raise him up at the last day.”

Galatians 3:27 – “For as many of you as have been baptized into Christ have put on Christ.”

Acts 9:5-6 – “[5] And he said, Who art thou, Lord? And the Lord said, I am Jesus whom
thou persecutest: it is hard for thee to kick against the pricks. [6] And he trembling and astonished said, Lord, what wilt thou have me to do? And the Lord said unto him, Arise, and go into the city, and it shall be told thee what thou must do."

Romans 7:4 – “Wherefore, my brethren, ye also are become dead to the law by the body of Christ; that ye should be married to another, even to him who is raised from the dead, that we should bring forth fruit unto God.”

Answer Key

1. Read John 1:12. “As many as received: A. Him (the Lord Jesus Christ), to them gave He power to become the sons (or children) of God.”

2. Read Acts 16:31. We are to believe (that is, trust or entrust) ourselves to whom? The Lord Jesus Christ.

3. Read Luke 6:46. What does the word “Lord” imply? Master, ruler, boss, the one who has the right to control our lives. This word also implies deity.


6. Read Romans 1:16. According to this verse, the Gospel, or good news, is Christ Himself, which includes all His benefits.

7. Read Romans 1:1-3. The Gospel of God centres around, or is concerning, God’s Son. Jesus Christ our Lord. Part of His Son or all of His Son? All of Him.

8. Read John 6:54. When you eat something, what does that imply? That you take all of it in. In a sense, what you eat becomes your life, your strength.

9. Read Galatians 3:27. When a person is baptised into Christ, they put on Christ. What part of Christ do they put on? All of Him.

10. Read Acts 9:5-6. When Saul was converted, what two questions did he ask Jesus? Who are you, and what would you have me do?

11. Read Romans 7:4. To whom are we to be married? To the Lord Jesus Christ. To what part of Him are we married? All of Him.

12. Are you enjoying a good marriage with Christ? Do you talk, communicate, love, and worship Him?
THE PROPER USE OF GOD’S LAW
By Don Krow

One day Joe and I were talking to Bill and Steve at the lake. The question was brought up, “How could people possibly be held accountable before God who have never heard of God or Jesus Christ?” I said, “Bill, suppose you went to visit Steve at his home, but he was gone and his wife was there. If you entered into an adulterous affair with her, would you feel guilty for violating your friend’s wife? Even though you had never heard of the Ten Commandments or read the Bible? Where did that sense of guilt and feeling of accountability come from?”

You see, God has given every person, through the Law and your conscience, the ability to sense right and feel guilt for your wrong. The Law and the conscience are the self-judging functions that either accuse or excuse oneself in regard to one’s conduct (Rom. 2:14-15).

Bill had been telling me up to that point what a good person he was. He didn’t really see any need for the Saviour. I turned to Exodus 20 and began to read to Bill the Ten Commandments. “Bill, has God always been first in your life, and have you always loved Him more than anything in the world? If not, you have broken the first commandment” (Ex. 20:3). “Have you ever exalted anything before God? If so, you have broken the second commandment” (Ex. 20:4). “Have you ever used the name of Jesus Christ as a four-letter word? You are guilty of breaking the third commandment.” (Ex. 20:7) “Have you always set aside a day to honour and worship God? You have broken the fourth commandment” (Ex. 20:8). “Did you always honour your father and mother in your youth? You have broken the fifth commandment” (Ex. 20:12). “Have you ever become extremely angry with a person? You have broken the sixth commandment” (compare Ex. 20:13 with Matt. 5:21-22). “Have you ever looked upon a woman and lusted after her? You have broken the seventh commandment” (compare Ex. 20:14 with Matt. 5:27-28). “Have you ever taken something that did not belong to you? You have broken the eighth commandment” (Ex. 20:15). “Have you always told the truth? If not, you have broken the ninth commandment” (Ex. 20:16). “Have you ever had a desire to have what belongs to someone else? You have broken the tenth commandment” (Ex. 20:17). “Do you see why Jesus said He came to save sinners?” (Mark 2:16-17).

The problem with thinking we are good enough, or trying to be good enough to go to heaven, is the fact that we have all broken the Ten Commandments. James 2:10 tells us that whoever keeps the whole Law yet fails to keep just one point is GUILTY of breaking the Law. The Law was never meant to make you righteous but only to reveal your sin (Rom. 3:19-20).

We all need a Saviour! The word “Saviour” has the idea of one that can rescue you from the penalty of sin. Jesus rescues the perishing so that they might have eternal life (Matt. 1:21).

To be good enough to go to heaven, we must have a righteousness that equals God’s (2 Cor. 5:21). The good news of the Gospel is that not only will Jesus forgive your sins, but He is offering — freely — His very own righteousness to us as a gift (Rom. 5:17: “For if by one man’s offence death reigned by one; much more they which receive abundance of grace and of
Discipleship Questions

1. Read Mark 2:16-17. Who did Jesus come to save? ________________________________

2. Read Romans 2:1. When we judge others, what are we doing to ourselves? ____________________________________ Why? ____________________________________

3. Read James 2:10. If we keep most of God’s Law but just miss the mark on a few things, what are we guilty of? __________________________________________

4. Read Galatians 3:10. If we are going to be righteous by keeping God’s Law, how much of it do we have to keep? ___________________________ And how long must we keep these commandments? ______________________________________ Do you see why we cannot be saved by trying to be good enough? ______________________

5. Read Galatians 2:16. Justification is the gift of righteousness, supplied by God, that brings a person into right standing and relationship with God. Justification of sinners is offered through faith in Jesus Christ and is accomplished once and for all through His death and resurrection (1 Cor. 15:3-4 and Rom. 4:25). What is a man not justified by? ______________________________________ How is a person saved? __________________________________________ How many people will be justified by the Law? __________________________________________

6. Read Romans 6:14. As a Christian, you are:
   A. under the Law.
   B. under grace.

7. Read Ezekiel 18:20. If you were under the Law, what would be the punishment for your sins? __________________________________________


9. Read Romans 5:1. Now that we are justified, what benefit do we enjoy? __________________________________________

10. Read Romans 5:9. Now that we have been saved by Jesus’ blood, what will we be saved from? __________________________________________


12. Read 1 Corinthians 1:30. God made Jesus Christ to be our ________________________, and ________________________, and ________________________.

13. Read Philippians 3:9. When you go under the Law of Moses, you are trying to obtain your own ______________________________.

14. Read 1 Corinthians 11:1. As Christians, we are living under the law of Christ. The law of Christ is not a set of rules to obey; it is living a life in response to a person. That person is ______________________________.
15. Read Romans 8:3. The Law could never save us, not because the Law was wrong, but because in the weakness of our _________________________, we could not keep it.

Scripture to Use with Questions

Mark 2:16-17 – “[16] And when the scribes and Pharisees saw him eat with publicans and sinners, they said unto his disciples, How is it that he eateth and drinketh with publicans and sinners? [17] When Jesus heard it, he saith unto them, They that are whole have no need of the physician, but they that are sick: I came not to call the righteous, but sinners to repentance.”

Romans 2:1 – “Therefore thou art inexcusable, O man, whosoever thou art that judgest: for wherein thou judgest another, thou condemnest thyself; for thou that judgest doest the same things.”

James 2:10 – “For whosoever shall keep the whole law, and yet offend in one point, he is guilty of all.”

Galatians 3:10 – “For as many as are of the works of the law are under the curse: for it is written, Cursed is every one that continueth not in all things which are written in the book of the law to do them.”

Galatians 2:16 – “Knowing that a man is not justified by the works of the law, but by the faith of Jesus Christ, even we have believed in Jesus Christ, that we might be justified by the faith of Christ, and not by the works of the law: for by the works of the law shall no flesh be justified.”

Romans 6:14 – “For sin shall not have dominion over you: for ye are not under the law, but under grace.”

Ezekiel 18:20 – “The soul that sinneth, it shall die. The son shall not bear the iniquity of the father, neither shall the father bear the iniquity of the son: the righteousness of the righteous shall be upon him, and the wickedness of the wicked shall be upon him.”

Romans 4:6-8 – “[6] Even as David also describeth the blessedness of the man, unto whom God imputeth righteousness without works, [7] Saying, Blessed are they whose iniquities are forgiven, and whose sins are covered. [8] Blessed is the man to whom the Lord will not impute sin.”

Romans 5:1 – “Therefore being justified by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ.”

Romans 5:9 – “Much more then, being now justified by his blood, we shall be saved from wrath through him.”

Romans 10:4 – “For Christ is the end of the law for righteousness to every one that believeth.”

1 Corinthians 1:30 – “But of him are ye in Christ Jesus, who of God is made unto us wisdom, and righteousness, and sanctification, and redemption.”

Philippians 3:9 – “And be found in him, not having mine own righteousness, which is of the law, but that which is through the faith of Christ, the righteousness which is of God by faith.”
1 Corinthians 11:1 – “Be ye followers of me, even as I also am of Christ.”

Romans 8:3 – “For what the law could not do, in that it was weak through the flesh, God sending his own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh, and for sin, condemned sin in the flesh.”

Answer Key

1. Read Mark 2:16-17. Who did Jesus come to save? Sinners.

2. Read Romans 2:1. When we judge others, what are we doing to ourselves? Condemning ourselves; that is, pronouncing judgment against ourselves. Why? Because although we judge others, we do the same things they do.

3. Read James 2:10. If we keep most of God’s Law but just miss the mark on a few things, what are we guilty of? We are guilty of all.

4. Read Galatians 3:10. If we are going to be righteous by keeping God’s Law, how much of it do we have to keep? All. And how long must we keep these commandments? We must always continue in them (without one slip). Do you see why we cannot be saved by trying to be good enough? Yes.

5. Read Galatians 2:16. Justification is the gift of righteousness, supplied by God, that brings a person into right standing and relationship with God. Justification of sinners is offered through faith in Jesus Christ and is accomplished once and for all through His death and resurrection (1 Cor. 15:3-4 and Rom. 4:25). What is a man not justified by? His own works; that is, the works of the Law. How is a person saved? Through faith (trust) in Jesus Christ. How many people will be justified by the Law? No flesh; that is, no person.


7. Read Ezekiel 18:20. If you were under the Law, what would be the punishment for your sins? Death.

8. Read Romans 4:6-8. Under grace what three things does God do with your sins? Forgives them, covers them, and does not impute them (put them) to my account.

9. Read Romans 5:1. Now that we are justified, what benefit do we enjoy? Peace with God (He is not mad at us).

10. Read Romans 5:9. Now that we have been saved by Jesus’ blood, what will we be saved from? Wrath (judgment for our sins).


12. Read 1 Corinthians 1:30. God made Jesus Christ to be our wisdom, righteousness, sanctification, and redemption.

13. Read Philippians 3:9. When you go under the Law of Moses, you are trying to obtain your own righteousness.

14. Read 1 Corinthians 11:1. As Christians, we are living under the law of Christ. The law
of Christ is not a set of rules to obey; it is living a life in response to a person. That person is Christ.

15. Read Romans 8:3. The Law could never save us, not because the Law was wrong, but because in the weakness of our flesh, we could not keep it.
NOT UNDER LAW, BUT UNDER GRACE
Don Krow

Last night I dreamed about a woman who kept being punished for all the things she did wrong (her sins). A man followed her around, and whenever she would make a mistake, he would shake his head in disgust, take off his belt, and beat her. If she said a wrong word or did something wrong, he’d punish her. She was limping around trying to smile and have a good attitude, but she kept on doing things that would get her in trouble. They were not big things, but every little thing that this man saw her doing wrong would get her a beating. It seemed hopeless. She couldn’t keep from doing things that got her in trouble. I remember feeling sorry for her. I wanted to help her get away from the mean man who always beat her. And then I woke up.

I started thinking about God’s grace, the unearned, undeserved favour and ability of God. When the heart is established in grace, we no longer try to earn God’s acceptance through our performance or by trying to keep His Law in our own strength and ability. We are finally able to get away from the beatings we earned from breaking the Law of God. We are rescued by Jesus.

Think about favour. It means getting someone’s approval, support, or blessing. When you want someone’s favour, what do you do? You try to do and say everything that would please them, and nothing that would displease them. It’s acting right all the time. Is that really possible to accomplish? It’s like defying gravity. You can do it for a little while, but in the end, you will fail. It’s stronger than you are.

I related to the woman in my dream. I’ve felt like that when I’ve tried hard to do everything right but missed one little detail and failed. I thought that if only I could make it through the day without messing up, I would’ve accomplished something. But no, my shortcomings always caused me to be imperfect. I thought that not only had I disappointed my heavenly Father, but I would condemn myself and beat myself up. I was self-defeated. I was focused on my abilities and inabilities. Never measuring up, never good enough to make the grade, I needed someone to rescue me!

God in His mercy sent us help; His name is Jesus. God sent Him to deliver us from ourselves and our powerless attempts to fulfil His Law. Jesus took the punishment for the Law we could not keep, so we wouldn’t have to die, but could go free and have eternal life with Him. Jesus gave us the gift of righteousness so we could be righteous and holy before God the Father and meet all the requirements of the Law. We have peace with God through what He did for us in His death, burial, and resurrection. We have favour with God, unearned and undeserved. That’s grace.

Believing this, your heart must be settled without a doubt, knowing that He did this because He loves you. Make your heart sound, secure, stable, and firm in His grace; that is, be established without question or doubt that He has given us everything we need to live an abundant life in and through Jesus.

If we continue to look at and focus on our shortcomings, mistakes, and sins, instead of Jesus the author and finisher of our faith, our hearts will be sad and powerless to believe
we can receive anything from God. It is with the heart that we believe and receive His righteousness and grace. Our hearts must be wholly His. That is when we will be fulfilled and at rest.

“Above all else, guard your heart. For it affects everything you do” (Prov. 4:23, *The Living Bible*).

**Discipleship Questions**

1. How was “grace” defined in this lesson?

2. When the heart is established in grace, we no longer try to earn God’s acceptance through our ____________________________.

3. Read Hebrews 10:14. Don’s shortcomings always caused him to be imperfect. How are we made perfect, according to this verse?

4. Read Romans 5:17. Jesus gave us the ______ of righteousness so we could be righteous and holy before God the Father and meet all the requirements of the Law.

5. Read Isaiah 26:3. If we continue to look at and focus on our shortcomings, mistakes, and sins, instead of Jesus the author and finisher of our faith, our hearts will be sad and powerless to believe we can receive anything from God. What must we keep our minds stayed on? ____________________________

6. Read Ephesians 3:17. Our hearts must be wholly His. That is when we will be ____________________________.

7. Read Romans 4:5. Is salvation a reward to be earned or a free gift of God’s grace?

8. Read Romans 5:17. Righteousness (right standing with God) is a gift. Do you have to work for a gift? ____________________________ How do you obtain a gift? ____________________________

9. Read Romans 6:23. What is the free gift of God’s grace in this verse?

10. Read Titus 3:5. How many of your good works and deeds contribute to your salvation?

11. Read Romans 6:14. Explain in your own words what it means to be under God’s grace.

12. Read Romans 11:6. If God’s blessings are given to us by grace, they are not by our ____________________________.

13. Read Romans 3:24. Explain in your own words the meaning of this verse.

14. Read Ephesians 1:7. The forgiveness of our sins was according to 159
Scriptures to Use with Questions

Hebrews 10:14 – “For by one offering he hath perfected for ever them that are sanctified.”

Romans 5:17 – “For if by one man’s offence death reigned by one; much more they which receive abundance of grace and of the gift of righteousness shall reign in life by one, Jesus Christ.”

Isaiah 26:3 – “Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace, whose mind is stayed on thee: because he trusteth in thee.”

Ephesians 3:17 – “That Christ may dwell in your hearts by faith; that ye, being rooted and grounded in love.”

Romans 4:5 – “But to him that worketh not, but believeth on him that justifieth the ungodly, his faith is counted for righteousness.”

Romans 6:23 – “For the wages of sin is death; but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord.”

Titus 3:5 – “Not by works of righteousness which we have done, but according to his mercy he saved us, by the washing of regeneration, and renewing of the Holy Ghost.”

Romans 6:14 – “For sin shall not have dominion over you: for ye are not under the law, but under grace.”

Romans 11:6 – “And if by grace, then is it no more of works: otherwise grace is no more grace. But if it be of works, then is it no more grace: otherwise work is no more work.”

Romans 3:24 – “Being justified freely by his grace through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus.”

Ephesians 1:7 – “In whom we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of sins, according to the riches of his grace.”

Answer Key

1. How was “grace” defined in this lesson? **The unearned, undeserved favour and ability of God.**

2. When the heart is established in grace, we no longer try to earn God’s acceptance through our **performance.**

3. Read Hebrews 10:14. Don’s shortcomings always caused him to be imperfect. How are we made perfect, according to this verse? **By Jesus’ offering, He has perfected us forever.**

4. Read Romans 5:17. Jesus gave us the **gift** of righteousness so we could be righteous and holy before God the Father and meet all the requirements of the Law.
5. Read Isaiah 26:3. If we continue to look at and focus on our shortcomings, mistakes, and sins, instead of Jesus the author and finisher of our faith, our hearts will be sad and powerless to believe we can receive anything from God. What must we keep our minds stayed on? **Our minds must be stayed on the Lord.**

6. Read Ephesians 3:17. Our hearts must be wholly His. That is when we will be **fulfilled and at rest.**

7. Read Romans 4:5. Is salvation a reward to be earned or a free gift of God’s grace? **A free gift of God’s grace.**

8. Read Romans 5:17. Righteousness (right standing with God) is a gift. Do you have to work for a gift? **No.** How do you obtain a gift? **By simply reaching out and taking it.**

9. Read Romans 6:23. What is the free gift of God’s grace in this verse? **Eternal life (instead of eternal death).**

10. Read Titus 3:5. How many of your good works and deeds contribute to your salvation? **None.**

11. Read Romans 6:14. Explain in your own words what it means to be under God’s grace. **We are not getting what our sins deserve but rather God’s best through Christ. Righteousness, acceptance, forgiveness are ours (all as a gift of God’s mercy).**

12. Read Romans 11:6. If God’s blessings are given to us by grace, they are not by our **works.**

13. Read Romans 3:24. Explain in your own words the meaning of this verse. **Righteousness (justification) is a free gift of God’s grace given to the believer because of Christ’s redeeming work on the cross.**

14. Read Ephesians 1:7. The forgiveness of our sins was according to **the riches of God’s grace.**
NO MORE CONSCIOUSNESS OF SIN
By Don Krow

One day a drunken man got into his automobile, started driving in the wrong direction, and had a head on collision with a party in another car. In this accident, a young eighteen-year-old girl was killed. The family of this girl sued the man and won £1.5 million in the lawsuit.

Instead of taking the money the family settled for £936. The reason was that they wanted the man to pay this sum in a specific manner. They wanted the man who had been drunk to remember what he had done. He was to write out a cheque, in the name of the girl he had killed, for £1 each week and send it to the family. You would think that a settlement of £936 would be a good deal in the light of £1.5 million. At first paying the £1 a week was easy, but after awhile, writing a cheque in the name of the girl he had killed began to dominate his thinking. Every week he went into depression, thinking about the girl he had killed.

After years of this, he finally quit making the payments. The family took him back to court and ordered him to resume making payments. In the last six or seven years, he quit making payments four or five times. However, each time he was taken back to court and again made to resume making payments.

The family said they were not angry anymore, but they just wanted to remind him of what he had done.

If you think about it, the family is in bondage as well as the man making the payments. Every week they get a cheque that reminds them of their loss, so in a sense, they can’t put their daughter’s death behind them either.

The man is now suing the family for what he calls “cruel and unusual punishment.” He says, “This is killing me! It’s destroying my life! I can never put the past behind me and go on with my life.”

In light of this story, I have met a lot of Christians who feel they are under the same kind of judgment. They were told “Jesus paid it all,” but still feel as if they have to make a weekly payment of religious duties, or God will not accept them.

Discipleship Questions

1. What kind of relationship can this man have with the family while this kind of thing is going on? ________________________________________________________________

2. Read Hebrews 10:1. What could the Law not do? _________________________

3. Read Hebrews 10:1. What does this verse say that gives us an indication that the sacrifices of the Old Testament were inadequate to make us perfect?
______________________________________________________________________

4. Read Hebrews 10:2. If a sacrifice came that could really deal with sin, what would it do
for the worshipers?

5. What was the drunk driver forced to do?

6. Read Hebrews 10:14. God perfects His people by:
   A. good works.
   B. going to church.
   C. keeping the Ten Commandments.
   D. the offering (sacrifice) of Jesus.

7. Read Hebrews 10:14. Jesus’ offering (received by faith) perfects the believer:
   A. until the next time they sin.
   B. from their past sins.
   C. forever.

8. Read Genesis 20:1-18. Who are the two men mentioned in this story?

9. Read Genesis 20:2, 5. Who was the man who lied and deceived the other in this story?


11. Read Genesis 20:7, 17-18. Even though Abraham was in the wrong, who did God say should pray for the other?
   A. Abraham was to pray for Abimelech.
   B. Abimelech was to pray for Abraham.
   C. They were to pray for each other.

12. Read Romans 8:31. Even though we sometimes fail, who is on our side?

13. Read Romans 4:8. Even though we make mistakes, what did God say He would not do?

14. Read Hebrews 8:12-13. In the New Covenant, what did God promise He would not do?

15. Read Ephesians 2:5, 8-9. How are we saved?

16. Read Titus 3:5. How are we not saved? How are we saved?

17. Read Ephesians 1:6. We will praise God throughout all eternity for saving us by His. For He hath made us in the beloved (Christ Jesus).
Scriptures to Use with Questions

Hebrews 10:1 – “For the law having a shadow of good things to come, and not the very image of the things, can never with those sacrifices which they offered year by year continually make the comers thereunto perfect.”

Hebrews 10:2 – “For then would they not have ceased to be offered? because that the worshippers once purged should have had no more conscience of sins.”

Hebrews 10:14 – “For by one offering he hath perfected for ever them that are sanctified.”

Genesis 20:1-18 – “[1] And Abraham journeyed from thence toward the south country, and dwelled between Kadesh and Shur, and sojourned in Gerar. [2] And Abraham said of Sarah his wife, She is my sister: and Abimelech king of Gerar sent, and took Sarah. [3] But God came to Abimelech in a dream by night, and said to him, Behold, thou art but a dead man, for the woman which thou hast taken; for she is a man’s wife. [4] But Abimelech had not come near her: and he said, Lord, wilt thou slay also a righteous nation? [5] Said he not unto me, She is my sister? and she, even she herself said, He is my brother: in the integrity of my heart and innocency of my hands have I done this. [6] And God said unto him in a dream, Yea, I know that thou didst this in the integrity of thy heart; for I also withheld thee from sinning against me: therefore suffered I thee not to touch her. [7] Now therefore restore the man his wife: for he is a prophet, and he shall pray for thee, and thou shalt live: and if thou restore her not, know thou that thou shalt surely die, thou, and all that are thine. [8] Therefore Abimelech rose early in the morning, and called all his servants, and told all these things in their ears: and the men were sore afraid. [9] Then Abimelech called Abraham, and said unto him, What hast thou done unto us? and what have I offended thee, that thou hast brought on me and on my kingdom a great sin? thou hast done deeds unto me that ought not to be done. [10] And Abimelech said unto Abraham, What sawest thou, that thou hast done this? [11] And Abraham said, Because I thought, Surely the fear of God is not in this place; and they will slay me for my wife’s sake. [12] And yet indeed she is my sister; she is the daughter of my father, but not the daughter of my mother; and she became my wife. [13] And it came to pass, when God caused me to wander from my father’s house, that I said unto her, This is thy kindness which thou shalt show unto me; at every place whither we shall come, say of me, He is my brother. [14] And Abimelech took sheep, and oxen, and menservants, and womenservants, and gave them unto Abraham, and restored him Sarah his wife. [15] And Abimelech said, Behold, my land is before thee: dwell where it pleaseth thee. [16] And unto Sarah he said, Behold, I have given thy brother a thousand pieces of silver: behold, he is to thee a covering of the eyes, unto all that are with thee, and with all other: thus she was reproved. [17] So Abraham prayed unto God: and God healed Abimelech, and his wife, and his maidservants; and they bare children. [18] For the LORD had fast closed up all the wombs of the house of Abimelech, because of Sarah Abraham’s wife.”

Genesis 20:2, 5 – “[2] And Abraham said of Sarah his wife, She is my sister: and Abimelech king of Gerar sent, and took Sarah. [5] Said he not unto me, She is my sister? and she, even she herself said, He is my brother: in the integrity of my heart and innocency of my hands have I done this.”

Genesis 20:7 – “Now therefore restore the man his wife; for he is a prophet, and he shall pray for thee, and thou shalt live: and if thou restore her not, know thou that thou shalt surely die, thou, and all that are thine.”

Genesis 15:1, 18 – “[1] After these things the word of the LORD came unto Abram in a vision, saying, Fear not, Abram: I am thy shield, and thy exceeding great reward. [18] In
the same day the LORD made a covenant with Abram, saying, Unto thy seed have I given this land, from the river of Egypt unto the great river, the river Euphrates.”

James 2:23 – “And the scripture was fulfilled which saith, Abraham believed God, and it was imputed unto him for righteousness: and he was called the Friend of God.”

Genesis 20:7, 17-18 – “[7] Now therefore restore the man his wife; for he is a prophet, and he shall pray for thee, and thou shalt live: and if thou restore her not, know thou that thou shalt surely die, thou, and all that are thine. [17] So Abraham prayed unto God: and God healed Abimelech, and his wife, and his maidservants; and they bare children. [18] For the LORD had fast closed up all the wombs of the house of Abimelech, because of Sarah Abraham’s wife.”

Romans 8:31 – “What shall we then say to these things? If God be for us, who can be against us?”

Romans 4:8 – “Blessed is the man to whom the Lord will not impute sin.”

Hebrews 8:12-13 – “[12] For I will be merciful to their unrighteousness, and their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more. [13] In that he saith, A new covenant, he hath made the first old. Now that which decayeth and waxeth old is ready to vanish away.”

Ephesians 2:5, 8-9 – “[5] Even when we were dead in sins, hath quickened us together with Christ, (by grace ye are saved;) [8] For by grace are ye saved through faith; and that not of yourselves: it is the gift of God: [9] Not of works, lest any man should boast.”

Titus 3:5 – “Not by works of righteousness which we have done, but according to his mercy he saved us, by the washing of regeneration, and renewing of the Holy Ghost.”

Ephesians 1:6 – “To the praise of the glory of his grace, wherein he hath made us accepted in the beloved.”

**Answer Key**

1. **What kind of relationship can this man have with the family while this kind of thing is going on? A relationship full of unforgiveness, bitterness, and strife.**

2. Read Hebrews 10:1. What could the Law not do? **Make those that worship perfect (without defect or flaw).**

3. Read Hebrews 10:1. What does this verse say that gives us an indication that the sacrifices of the Old Testament were inadequate to make us perfect? **They were repeated continually – daily, weekly, monthly. The very fact that they were repeated proved they couldn’t permanently deal with the problem of sin.**

4. Read Hebrews 10:2. If a sacrifice came that could really deal with sin, what would it do for the worshippers? **It would cause them to no longer be sin conscious (always beat down by failure).**

5. What was the drunk driver forced to do? **Think about his sin always.**

6. Read Hebrews 10:14. God perfects His people by: **D. the offering (sacrifice) of Jesus.**

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9. Read Genesis 20:1-18. Answer the following questions. Who are the two men mentioned in this story? Abraham and Abimelech.

10. Read Genesis 20:2, 5. Who was the man who lied and deceived the other in this story? Abraham.


12. Read Genesis 20:7, 17-18. Even though Abraham was in the wrong, who did God say should pray for the other? A. Abraham was to pray for Abimelech.

13. Read Romans 8:31. Even though we sometimes fail, who is on our side? God.

14. Read Romans 4:8. Even though we make mistakes, what did God say He would not do? Impute our sin to us; that is, hold our sins against us.

15. Read Hebrews 8:12-13. In the New Covenant, what did God promise He would not do? God will not remember our sins or hold them against us.

16. Read Ephesians 2:5, 8-9. How are we saved? By His grace; that is, by His undeserved favour and kindness toward us.

17. Read Titus 3:5. How are we not saved? By works of righteousness we have done. How are we saved? According to His mercy. He washed us by the new birth (regeneration) and made us new by His Holy Spirit.

18. Read Ephesians 1:6. We will praise God throughout all eternity for saving us by His grace. For He hath made us accepted in the beloved (Christ Jesus).
One day, Michael came into my office to tell me some very confidential information about one of his fellow students. As I was lecturing in one of my sessions at Charis Bible College, it appeared that Patricia was writing herself some notes on her legal pad. Her notes contained these statements: “I am loved, I am pretty,” etc. Patricia was also the kind of person that always dressed in a way that brought attention to herself. The real reason that Patricia expressed these words was the fact that she didn’t feel loved or pretty, but felt rejected and unloved.

As humans, we all have the same basic needs – the desire to be loved, accepted, and valued, as well as having a sense of self-worth and knowing that we are right with God. A lot of religion today makes us feel unloved, not valued, and not accepted. One of the greatest strongholds that Satan uses against believers is the feeling of guilt and condemnation, while all along making us feel quite spiritual about it.

Here’s a question: How many of you when you first came to Jesus were told that not only did He love you, but by accepting Him, He would become your perfect righteousness? In fact, the righteousness He would supply would be all the righteousness you would ever need (1 Cor. 1:30 says, “But of him are ye in Christ Jesus, who of God is made unto us wisdom, and righteousness, and sanctification, and redemption”). This is the good news of the Gospel: “For I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ: for it is the power of God unto salvation to every one that believeth; to the Jew first, and also to the Greek. For therein is the righteousness of God revealed from faith to faith: as it is written, The just shall live by faith” (Rom. 1:16-17). “But to him that worketh not, but believeth on him that justifieth the ungodly, his faith is counted for righteousness” (Rom. 4:5). God did not call us to have faith in faith or faith for stuff, but a confident, reliant, dependent trust in Him.

God can’t love you anymore than He already does. He is love (1 John 4:8). But you can receive it more, feel it more, and experience it more. The more you believe it, the more you will find yourself loving God. The Scripture says, “We love Him, because He first loved us” (1 John 4:19). Think about this, believe it, and receive it!

Discipleship Questions

1. What was the Apostle Paul persuaded of?

2. When I was in Bible college, I had a professor who passed out some notes that stated: “Justification is the judicial act whereby God declares righteous anyone who believes, not makes righteous.” As I studied the Scriptures for myself, I became convinced that justification is a gift of righteousness that makes you righteous in God’s sight. Read Romans 5:19. Through Jesus Christ’s obedience (of keeping the Law and going to the cross), many will be:

   A. declared righteous    B. thought to be righteous    C. made righteous

3. Read 2 Corinthians 5:21. “For he [God] hath made him [Jesus Christ] to be sin for us, who knew no sin [He never sinned]; that we might be
4. Read Colossians 1:21-22. Jesus Christ came to earth and died for our sins. Because of this, we stand in God’s presence as people who are holy, faultless, and innocent in:
   A. your spouse’s sight   
   B. your friends’ sight   
   C. God’s sight

5. Read Ephesians 1:6. We will praise God throughout all eternity for His grace because He has made us _________________________________.

6. Read Hebrews 10:14. Through Jesus and His sacrifice on the cross, we have been perfected for how long?
   A. Until you sin again   
   B. Until you go to church   
   C. Forever

7. Read Hebrews 10:15-17. In the New Covenant, God promises to remember our sins:
   A. every time we commit one   
   B. when we don’t pay our tithes   
   C. no more

8. Read Romans 6:1-2. God’s grace is greater than all our sin. Should we continue in sin so that God’s grace can be shown to be great? __________________________

9. Read Hebrews 9:12. What kind of redemption (freedom from the penalty of our sins) did Jesus obtain for us?
   A. Temporal redemption   
   B. Partial redemption   
   C. Eternal redemption

10. Read Romans 8:33. Name someone who can bring a charge against God’s chosen ones. _____________________________________________________________

11. Read Romans 8:34. Name someone who can condemn (that is, bring into judgment) God’s people. _____________________________________________________________

12. Read Romans 8:35. Name someone who can separate a Christian from God’s love. _____________________________________________________________

13. Read Romans 8:31. What is the conclusion to this discipleship lesson? _____________________________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Romans 8:38-39 – “[38] For I am persuaded, that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor powers, nor things present, nor things to come, [39] Nor height, nor depth, nor any other creature, shall be able to separate us from the love of God, which is Christ Jesus our Lord.”

Romans 5:19 – “For as by one man's disobedience many were made sinners, so by the obedience of one shall many be made righteous.”

2 Corinthians 5:21 – “For he hath made him to be sin for us, who knew no sin; that we might be made the righteousness of God in him.”

Colossians 1:21-22 – “[21] And you, that were sometime alienated and enemies in your mind by wicked works, yet now hath he reconciled [22] In the body of his flesh through death, to present you holy and unblameable and unreproveable in his sight.”

Ephesians 1:6 – “To the praise of the glory of his grace, wherein he hath made us accepted
in the beloved.”

Hebrews 10:14 – “For by one offering he hath perfected for ever them that are sanctified.”

Hebrews 10:15-17 – “[15] Whereof the Holy Ghost also is a witness to us: for after that he had said before, [16] This is the covenant that I will make with them after those days, saith the Lord, I will put my laws into their hearts, and in their minds will I write them; [17] And their sins and iniquities will I remember no more.”

Romans 6:1–2 – “[1] What shall we say then? Shall we continue in sin, that grace may abound? [2] God forbid. How shall we, that are dead to sin, live any longer therein?”

Hebrews 9:12 – “Neither by the blood of goats and calves, but by his own blood he entered in once into the holy place, having obtained eternal redemption for us.”

Romans 8:33 – “Who shall lay any thing to the charge of God’s elect? It is God that justifieth.”

Romans 8:34 – “Who is he that condemneth? It is Christ that died, yea rather, that is risen again, who is even at the right hand of God, who also maketh intercession for us.”

Romans 8:35 – “Who shall separate us from the love of Christ? shall tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or peril, or sword?”

Romans 8:31 – “What shall we then say to these things? If God be for us, who can be against us?”

**Answer Key**

1. Read Romans 8:38-39. What was the Apostle Paul persuaded of? **He was persuaded that nothing can separate us from God’s love – not life or death, angels or spirits, the present or the future, powers above or powers below. Nothing can separate us from God’s love found in Christ Jesus our Lord.**

2. When I was in Bible college, I had a professor who passed out some notes that stated: “Justification is the judicial act whereby God declares righteous anyone who believes, not makes righteous.” As I studied the Scriptures for myself, I became convinced that **justification is a gift of righteousness that makes you righteous in God’s sight.** Read Romans 5:19. Through Jesus Christ’s obedience (of keeping the Law and going to the cross), many will be: C. made righteous.

3. Read 2 Corinthians 5:21. “For he [God] hath made him [Jesus Christ] to be sin for us, who knew no sin [He never sinned]; that we might be **made the righteousness of God in Christ**” (emphasis mine).

4. Read Colossians 1:21-22. Jesus Christ came to earth and died for our sins. Because of this, we stand in God’s presence as people who are holy, faultless, and innocent in: C. God’s sight.

5. Read Ephesians 1:6. We will praise God throughout all eternity for His grace because He hath made us **accepted in the Beloved (that is, Christ).**

6. Read Hebrews 10:14. Through Jesus and His sacrifice on the cross, we have been perfected for how long? C. **Forever**

7. Read Hebrews 10:15-17. In the New Covenant God promises to remember our sins: C. 169
8. Read Romans 6:1-2. God’s grace is greater than all our sin. Should we continue in sin so that God’s grace can be shown to be great? God forbid. No!

9. Read Hebrews 9:12. What kind of redemption (freedom from the penalty of our sins) did Jesus obtain for us? C. Eternal redemption

10. Read Romans 8:33. Name someone who can bring a charge against God’s chosen people. There is no one.

11. Read Romans 8:34. Name someone who can condemn (that is, bring into judgment) God’s people. There is no one.

12. Read Romans 8:35. Name someone who can separate a Christian from God’s love. There is no one.

13. Read Romans 8:31. What is the conclusion to this discipleship lesson? That God is for us, and no one can be against us.
Level 3 - Lesson 12

THE FRUIT OF SALVATION (Part 1)

By Don Krow

Can a one-time act of faith “save” if it does not continue? Can it cease and still receive the promise? Abraham believed God and it was imputed to him as righteousness (Gen. 15:6). If Abraham’s faith ceased (stopped), would itimized righteousness cease?

From Scripture, we know that “faith” begins as a complete one-time action (aorist tense) but continues in the Christian life as is brought out by the Greek present tense. Commands that are given in the present tense are expected to have continuous, or repeated, application. When using the present tense, if we would supply the following words or phrases to the Bible reader, we would significantly enhance his or her understanding of Bible passages. These words are: repeatedly; that is, over and over again, constantly, continuously, customarily, as a habit or lifestyle, or uninterruptedly.

Consider the following passages and how the Greek present tense affects them:

John 3:16 – For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth (present tense: believes and continues to believe) in him should not perish, but have everlasting life.

Hebrews 10:14 – For by one offering he hath perfected for ever them that are sanctified (present tense: those that are set apart and continue to be set apart, that one offering has perfected forever. The New King James Version says “being sanctified.” The New International Version says “being made holy.”).

1 John 3:9 – Whosoever is born of God doth not (present tense: i.e., he does not continue to sin as his lifestyle, showing an unrepentant heart) commit sin; for his seed remaineth (present tense: God’s seed remains and continues to remain) in him: and he cannot (present tense: as his lifestyle or uninterruptedly) sin, because he is born of God.

Mark 1:15 – And saying, The time is fulfilled, and the kingdom of God is at hand: repent ye (present tense: i.e., repent and continue to repent as often as the situation or need arises), and believe (present tense: i.e., believe and continue to believe) the gospel.

John 5:24 – Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that heareth my word, and believeth (present tense: and continues to believe) on him that sent me, hath everlasting life, and shall not come into condemnation; but is passed from death unto life.

Luke 15:7 – I say unto you, that likewise joy shall be in heaven over one sinner that repenteth (present tense: and continues in repentance), more than over ninety and nine just persons, which need no repentance.

Acts 17:30 – And the times of this ignorance God winked at; but now commandeth (present tense: and continues to command) all men every where to repent (present tense: and to continue in repentance).

John 6:47 – Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that believeth (present tense: and continues to believe) on me hath everlasting life.

Romans 4:5 – But to him that worketh not, but believeth (present tense: and continues to
believe) on him that justifieth the ungodly, his faith is counted for righteousness.

Acts 26:20 – But shewed first unto them of Damascus, and at Jerusalem, and throughout all the coasts of Judaea, and then to the Gentiles, that they should repent (present tense: and continues in repentance) and turn (present tense: and continues to turn) to God, and do (present tense: and continues to do works, or deeds, that prove your repentance) works meet for repentance.

Conclusion: The present tense is used hundreds of times in Scripture. It is not my intention to show all the scriptures that relate to this subject. The truth about saving faith is that it is continuous and is taught by both Arminianism and Calvinism theology, although they come from different perspectives.

Calvinism, which professes eternal security, teaches that genuine believers may stumble or fall, but they will nevertheless persevere in the Christian faith (1 Cor. 1:8). Those who believe in eternal security believe also that true Christians have experienced a death to sin and will not continue in it (Rom. 6:1-3). Those who would later turn completely away from Christ show that they were never truly born again (1 John 2:19).

Arminian theology teaches that genuine believers can fall away from the Christian faith. They generally believe and teach that those who do fall away lose, or forfeit, their salvation. Their system makes no room for so-called Christians (those by name only) to live in continuous rebellion or deliberate sin with no fruit that proves their repentance.

The Apostle John said “If we say that we have no sin, we deceive ourselves” (1 John 1:8), but he also said, “Whosoever is born of God doeth not commit sin” (1 John 3:9). Here we have a paradox, but not an inconsistency in Scripture. All Christians sin (1 John 1:8), but all Christians also obey (1 John 2:3). Sin and carnality are still present with Christians, but sin cannot be their master or distinguishing trait (1 John 3:9). True repentance and faith requires a change of mind, a change of heart, a change of direction, even though it is not perfection (Acts 26:18 and 1 John 1:8). “Fruit” is still a test of faith’s reality and genuineness. Faith is a firm supernatural conviction that governs the true believer’s behaviour and results in accompanying actions. This is shown from the examples of faith in Hebrews, chapter 11, that results in corresponding actions. In other words, what we do is the outcome of what we believe. The book of James 2:18 says, “Show me thy faith without thy works, and I will show thee my faith by my works.”

When the apostles speak in a negative way about works, they are referring to “works of the Law”; that is, anything one is doing to earn, or work for, their salvation.

The Scriptures also speak of the fruit of salvation, which is good works, or works of faith. Those are the works, or actions, that proceed from repentance and faith (Acts 26:20, Matt 3:7-10, 1 Thess. 1:3, and James 2:14-26), they show the evidence of salvation. The unity that is expressed between both repentance and faith is that they both have the same fruit or evidence: good works. We are not saved by good works, but we are saved unto good works (Eph. 2:8-10 for the contrast of being saved by and unto). Works are a test of faith’s reality, and grace that does not eventually affect one’s life and actions cannot be considered being the true grace of God (Titus 2:11-12). Jesus teaches that by fruit, true believers will be known (Matt. 3:8, 7:16-20, 25:34-40; John 13:35, 14:23; Acts 26:20; Rom. 2:6-11; James 2:14-18; and 1 John 3:10).

Discipleship Questions
1. Commands that are given in the present tense are expected to have

______________________________________________________________________.

2. Read John 3:16. According to the present tense in the Greek, what is John 3:16 stating?

______________________________________________________________________

3. Read 1 John 3:9. Whosoever is born of God doth not commit sin. What does this mean?

______________________________________________________________________

4. Read Luke 15:7. There is joy in heaven over one sinner that

______________________________________________________________________

5. Read Acts 17:30. God commands all men everywhere to

______________________________________________________________________

6. Read Acts 26:20. What is this verse stating?

______________________________________________________________________

7. Read 1 John 2:3. What is the outcome of having a personal relationship with God, that
is, knowing Him?

______________________________________________________________________

8. Read James 2:18. James says, “Show me your faith without your works (which is impossible to do), and I will show you my faith by __________________________.”

9. Read 1 Thessalonians 1:3. Works, or actions, that proceed from faith are referred to as

______________________________________________________________________

10. Read Galatians 2:16, 21. Works of the Law are works that people do in order to try to obtain salvation or __________________________ (verse 21). They cannot save, they have no saving power.

11. Read Romans 2:7-10. These verses are describing the fruit of what two groups of people?

______________________________________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

John 3:16 – “For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life.”

1 John 3:9 – “Whosoever is born of God doth not commit sin; for his seed remaineth in him: and he cannot sin, because he is born of God.”

Luke 15:7 – “I say unto you, that likewise joy shall be in heaven over one sinner that repenteth, more than over ninety and nine just persons, which need no repentance.”

Acts 17:30 – “And the times of this ignorance God winked at; but now commandeth all men every where to repent.”

Acts 26:20 – “But showed first unto them of Damascus, and at Jerusalem, and throughout all the coasts of Judaea, and then to the Gentiles, that they should repent and turn to God, and do works meet for repentance.”
1 John 2:3 – “And hereby we do know that we know him, if we keep his commandments.”

James 2:18 – “Yea, a man may say, Thou hast faith, and I have works: show me thy faith without thy works, and I will show thee my faith by my works.”

1 Thessalonians 1:3 – “Remembering without ceasing your work of faith, and labour of love, and patience of hope in our Lord Jesus Christ, in the sight of God and our Father.”

Galatians 2:16, 21 – “[16] Knowing that a man is not justified by the works of the law, but by the faith of Jesus Christ, even we have believed in Jesus Christ, that we might be justified by the faith of Christ, and not by the works of the law: for by the works of the law shall no flesh be justified. [21] I do not frustrate the grace of God: for if righteousness come by the law, then Christ is dead in vain.”

Romans 2:7-10 – “[7] To them who by patient continuance in well doing seek for glory and honour and immortality, eternal life: [8] But unto them that are contentious, and do not obey the truth, but obey unrighteousness, indignation and wrath, [9] Tribulation and anguish, upon every soul of man that doeth evil, of the Jew first, and also of the Gentile; [10] But glory, honour, and peace, to every man that worketh good, to the Jew first, and also to the Gentile.”

Answer Key

1. Commands that are given in the present tense are expected to have **continuous, or repeated, application**.

2. Read John 3:16. According to the present tense in the Greek, what is John 3:16 stating? **For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth (present tense: believes and continues to believe) in him should not perish, but have everlasting life.**

3. Read 1 John 3:9. Whosoever is born of God doth not commit sin. What does this mean? **Whosoever is born of God doth not (present tense: i.e., he does not continue to sin as his lifestyle, showing an unrepentant heart) commit sin.**

4. Read Luke 15:7. There is joy in heaven over one sinner that **repents and continues in repentance.**

5. Read Acts 17:30. God commands all men everywhere to **repent and continue in repentance.**

6. Read Acts 26:20. What is this verse stating? **But shewed first unto them of Damascus, and at Jerusalem, and throughout all the coasts of Judaea, and then to the Gentiles, that they should repent (present tense: and continue in repentance) and turn (present tense: and continue to turn) to God, and do (present tense: and continue to do works or deeds that prove your repentance) works meet for repentance.**

7. Read 1 John 2:3. What is the outcome of having a personal relationship with God, that is, knowing Him? **Doing what He says, keeping His commandments.**

8. Read James 2:18. James says, “Show me your faith without your works (which is impossible to do), and I will show you my faith by **works, or by what I do.**
9. Read 1 Thess. 1:3. Works, or actions, that proceed from faith are referred to as **works of faith**.

10. Read Galatians 2:16, 21. Works of the law are works that people do in order to try to obtain salvation or **righteousness** (verse 21). They cannot save, they have no saving power.

11. Read Romans 2:7-10. These verses are describing the fruit of what two groups of people? **Believers and non-believers.**
THE FRUIT OF SALVATION (Part 2)
By Don Krow

Notice this scripture: “This is how we know who the children of God are and who the children of the devil are: Anyone who does not do what is right is not a child of God; nor is anyone who does not love his brother” (1 John 3:10, New International Version). It did not say, “This is how we save ourselves.” It says, “This is how we know who the children of God are…” (1 John 3:10, emphasis mine).

Jesus said it like this, “By their fruits ye shall know them” (Matt. 7:20, emphasis mine).

In Scripture, God speaks of salvation in two ways: (1) that salvation is by grace through faith (Eph. 2:8-9) and (2) in terms of the good works that every saved person will perform (Eph. 2:10). Why are we afraid to speak of the fruit of the believer? The Bible does not shy away from such a subject. Here is how we can know we are in God’s kingdom and under God’s rule:

1 John 2:3-5 – [3] We know that we have come to know him if we obey his commands. [4] The man who says, “I know him,” but does not do what he commands is a liar, and the truth is not in him. [5] But if anyone obeys his word, God’s love is truly made complete in him. This is how we know we are in him.

If you know that He is righteous, you know that everyone who does what is right has been born of Him (1 John 2:29). (Doesn’t this make sense? The nature of God and Christ is righteousness, and everyone who practices righteousness is giving evidence of sharing His nature or, as John says, has been born of Him).

1 John 3:5-10 – [5] But you know that he appeared so that he might take away our sins. And in him is no sin. [6] No-one who lives in him keeps on sinning. (In Greek, this is in the present tense; this conveys continuous, or habitual, action. The Bible reader can significantly enhance their understanding of the passage by supplying the words: continuously, repeated, over and over again, uninterruptedly, constantly, keep on, customarily, habitually, as a lifestyle.) No-one who continues to sin (present tense) has either seen him or known him. [7] Dear children, do not let anyone lead you astray. He who does (present tense: repeatedly, over and over again does) what is right is righteous, just as he is righteous. [8] He who does what is sinful (present tense: habitual as a lifestyle because it’s their nature) is of the devil, because the devil has been sinning from the beginning. The reason the Son of God appeared was to destroy the devil’s work. [9] No-one who is born of God will continue to sin (present tense: that is, as their lifestyle, showing an unrepentant heart), because God’s seed remains in him; he cannot go on sinning (present tense: uninterruptedly), because he has been born of God. [10] This is how we know who the children of God are and who the children of the devil are: Anyone who does (present tense) not do what is right is not a child of God; nor is anyone who does not love (present tense) his brother. (John says, “This is how we know who the children of God are and who the children of the devil are.” Those who do not practice righteousness and love show that they do not have the nature of the Father. Is evidence of the new birth not important?)
1 John 3:14 – *We know that we have passed from death to life, because we love our brothers. Anyone who does not love remains in death.*

1 John 4:6 – *We are from God, and whoever knows God listens to us (the apostles); but whoever is not from God does not listen to us (the apostles). This is how we recognize the Spirit (or spirit) of truth and the spirit of falsehood.*

1 John 4:8 – He that loveth not knoweth not God; for God is love. *(Love is the mark of a believer, for the nature of God is love.)*

1 John 5:2 – This is how we know that we love the children of God: by loving God (present tense: and continually loving Him) and carrying out (present tense: and continuing to keep) his commands.

1 John 5:18-19 – *We know that anyone born of God does not continue to sin (present tense: as a lifestyle, showing an unrepentant heart); the one who was born of God keeps him safe* (King James Version – keepeth himself, present tense: and continues to keep himself), and the evil one cannot harm him. [19] We know that we are children of God, and that the whole world is under the control of the evil one.

**WHY DID THE APOSTLE JOHN SHARE ALL THESE THINGS WITH US?**

“I write these things to you who believe in the name of the Son of God so that you may know that you have eternal life” (1 John 5:13).

**Conclusion:** Righteousness, holiness, love, the fruit of God’s Spirit are evidences of the new birth. You yourself have no confidence that you belong to Him (God) while practicing an ungodly lifestyle. The conscience condemns, and there is no confidence toward God. The Apostle Peter admonishes you to make your calling and election sure (2 Pet. 1:10); i.e., assure your heart that you really do belong to Him by a lifestyle that corresponds to the glorious Gospel. I did not say, “This is how we are saved”; I said, “This is how we know we belong to Him.”

**Discipleship Questions**

1. Read Acts 8:13, 18-22. First John is speaking about the “fruit,” or evidence, of a true believer. These are all issues that spring from the heart. When a believer’s heart is found not to be right (such as Simon’s), what are they to do?

2. Read 2 Peter 1:5-11. What is the proof, or evidence, that a person is really among those God has called and chosen?

3. Read Matthew 25:34-40. What are the qualities demonstrated by the believer in these verses?

4. Read John 13:35. Jesus’ disciples are known by what?

5. Read Matthew 7:21-23. Why were these individuals turned away from God’s kingdom?

6. Read John 14:23. If a person loves Jesus, what will they do?
7. Read Acts 26:20. What is this verse saying?

8. Read James 2:17. If your faith is not followed by good works, or actions, then what kind of faith is it? ____________________________________________

Scripture to Use with Questions

Acts 8:13, 18-22 – “[13] Then Simon himself believed also: and when he was baptized, he continued with Philip, and wondered, beholding the miracles and signs which were done. [18] And when Simon saw that through laying on of the apostles’ hands the Holy Ghost was given, he offered them money, [19] Saying, Give me also this power, that on whomsoever I lay hands, he may receive the Holy Ghost. [20] But Peter said unto him, Thy money perish with thee, because thou hast thought that the gift of God may be purchased with money. [21] Thou hast neither part nor lot in this matter: for thy heart is not right in the sight of God. [22] Repent therefore of this thy wickedness, and pray God, if perhaps the thought of thine heart may be forgiven thee.”

2 Peter 1:5-11 – “[5] And beside this, giving all diligence, add to your faith virtue; and to virtue knowledge; [6] And to knowledge temperance; and to temperance patience; and to patience godliness; [7] And to godliness brotherly kindness; and to brotherly kindness charity. [8] For if these things be in you, and abound, they make you that ye shall neither be barren nor unfruitful in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus Christ. [9] But he that lacketh these things is blind, and cannot see afar off, and hath forgotten that he was purged from his old sins. [10] Wherefore the rather, brethren, give diligence to make your calling and election sure: for if ye do these things, ye shall never fall: [11] For so an entrance shall be ministered unto you abundantly into the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.”

Matthew 25:34-40 – “[34] Then shall the King say unto them on his right hand, Come, ye blessed of my Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world: [35] For I was an hungered, and ye gave me meat: I was thirsty, and ye gave me drink: I was a stranger, and ye took me in: [36] Naked, and ye clothed me: I was sick, and ye visited me: I was in prison, and ye came unto me. [37] Then shall the righteous answer him, saying, Lord, when saw we thee an hungered, and fed thee? or thirsty, and gave thee drink? [38] When saw we thee a stranger, and took thee in? or naked, and clothed thee? [39] Or when saw we thee sick, or in prison, and came unto thee? [40] And the King shall answer and say unto them, Verily I say unto you, Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me.”

John 13:35 – “By this shall all men know that ye are my disciples, if ye have love one to another.”

Matthew 7:21-23 – “[21] Not every one that saith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven; but he that doeth the will of my Father which is in heaven. [22] Many will say to me in that day, Lord, Lord, have we not prophesied in thy name? and in thy name have cast out devils? and in thy name done many wonderful works? [23] And then will I profess unto them, I never knew you: depart from me, ye that work iniquity.”

John 14:23 – “Jesus answered and said unto him, If a man love me, he will keep my words: and my Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our abode with him.”
Acts 26:20 – “But showed first unto them of Damascus, and at Jerusalem, and throughout all the coasts of Judaea, and then to the Gentiles, that they should repent and turn to God, and do works meet for repentance.”

James 2:17 – “Even so faith, if it hath not works, is dead, being alone.”

Answer Key

1. Read Acts 8:13, 18-22. First John is speaking about the “fruit,” or evidence of a true believer. These are all issues that spring from the heart. When a believer’s heart is found not to be right (such as Simon’s), what are they to do? Repent of your sin (wickedness) and pray to God that the thought of your heart be forgiven.

2. Read 2 Peter 1:5-11. What is the proof, or evidence, that a person is really among those God has called and chosen? They add to their faith all the qualities of the Spirit, the qualities of their new nature.

3. Read Matthew 25:34-40. What are the qualities demonstrated by the believer in these verses? Practical works that proceed from faith – such as giving food to the hungry, hospitality toward others, clothing the destitute, caring for the sick, reaching out to those in prison, etc.

4. Read John 13:35. Jesus’ disciples are known by what? The love they show one another.

5. Read Matthew 7:21-23. Why were these individuals turned away from God’s kingdom? They were workers of iniquity. In Greek, the present tense is used, which indicates that iniquity was their lifestyle, their nature. Jesus said He never knew them. They were lost religious people that had never had a change of heart, a change of mind that turned them toward God.

6. Read John 14:23. If a person loves Jesus, what will they do? Keep His Words, or do His sayings.

7. Read Acts 26:20. What is this verse saying? Prove your repentance by what you do.

8. Read James 2:17. If your faith is not followed by good works, or actions, then what kind of faith is it? Dead faith, Non-saving faith (James 2:14).
Today we’re going to talk about being a disciple and how to make disciples of other people. I want to remind you that the Lord gave us a command not to go make converts, not to just get people to confess Jesus as their Lord and receive forgiveness of sins, but to make disciples. Although those first two are vital, and I’m not minimising that at all, the real purpose has to be to go beyond being born again and to go on to maturity. The goal of a Christian, who is a disciple, should be to go and make disciples of other people.

Jesus told us to go and make disciples, to bring people to maturity and able to reproduce. Our church world today hasn’t done this. We’ve put the responsibility of getting people born again on what we call the clergy, or ministers. We have evangelists who travel around, hold large crusades, and see thousands of people make decisions for the Lord. Though some of them are not really born again but are just experiencing emotions, I’m sure there are people who are truly born again and have a relationship with the Lord. Most of the time, however, there’s not an emphasis on going on and becoming a disciple, and that’s not the way God intended it to be.

I compare this to a person who loves babies. It would be totally irresponsible to have a baby, be excited about it, but only like seeing it born. When you have a child, you have to assume responsibility to train and raise it. We tell people, “The main thing is to get born again, to confess Jesus as your Lord.” When that happens, we pat them on the back and say, “Now you’re a Christian. Believe God, study the Bible, and everything will be okay.” That is not the Lord’s emphasis.

Because of this, we’ve produced people, many of whom have made heartfelt commitments to the Lord, but have no maturity. They are unable to reproduce their faith because there is no material to help them. Instead of being positive witnesses for Jesus, they actually become negative witnesses. He intends for us to go out and reach people in a way that they become full-fledged disciples and are able to reproduce their faith in others.

If you led one person to the Lord every six months, separated yourself and discipled them to the point that they became a mature Christian who could reproduce their faith, at the end of six months there’d only be two Christians. Then, if each one of you led one person to the Lord, separated yourselves and discipled them for six months, at the end of a year there’d be four Christians. This doesn’t look comparable to a person who could lead a thousand people to the Lord in a crusade and get them to confess Jesus. Most people would say, “Well, this discipleship method only produces four converts in the first year, whereas the other method would produce a thousand converts. We have to go with the other one.” The man who could lead a thousand people to the Lord would have led 35,000 people to the Lord. That’s good, and nobody would criticise it; but it’s just a drop in the bucket compared to the world population. Basically, that’s the way the church has been functioning.

If we emphasise discipleship, the person who leads one person to the Lord every six months and those two do the same, in just a little over twelve and a half years they would evangelise more than the population of the world. Some people think That can’t be, but I challenge you to figure it out. I’ve multiplied it out, and in a little over twelve-and-a-half years, one person discipling another person every six months, making them a reproducing
member of the body of Christ, could evangelise five and a half billion people versus twelve-and-a-half thousand people with the other method.

If we could get you to where you not only experienced victory and maturity yourself but had a desire to go out and reproduce it in other people, if you became the trainer instead of the trainee, here are some of the things that could happen if only one person got a hold of this concept, followed the Lord to a place of maturity, and started discipling another person. If you only did this with one person per year, at the end of one year, there would be you and the person you discipled – two. At the end of two years, there’d be four. But, if you could continue to follow that, at the end of ten years there’d be 1,024 people who had been discipled and were reproducing members of the body of Christ. If you continued, with only one person originally receiving this, at the end of twenty years there’d be over a million people. That’s awesome. This is the method of multiplication that the Lord established – going and making disciples, not going and making converts. It’s by far the best way to expand the kingdom to reach people, but our mindset is looking for the quick fix.

How many people go to large crusades, make commitments, go proclaim to be Christians, still have anger, bitterness, and jealousy, and become negative witnesses? If we want to count statistics, how many people have been turned away from the true Gospel because they saw someone who proclaimed Christianity and thought, I’m as good as the hypocrites down there at church. I don’t need it.

The whole point is that discipleship is the method God set down for evangelising the world. The truth doesn’t make you free until you continue in the Word (John 8:31-32). That’s what God wants for each individual so they can experience His fullness, but it’s also the method of evangelism that He set down. Whoever decided that was not the way to do it has substituted another method that hasn’t worked.

I pray today that God speaks this to your heart to show you the value of discipleship. I encourage you to go on and become a disciple and a discipler of other people.

Discipleship Questions

1. It may surprise you to know that Jesus never called anyone to become a “Christian,” rather His call was for people to become “disciples.” Look through the Gospels (Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John), and on a separate sheet of paper, find and list as many scriptures as you can that show Jesus’ calling was to discipleship.

2. In the book of Acts, people were not invited to be “Christians,” rather their call was to become “disciples.” Look through the book of Acts, and on a separate sheet of paper, find and list as many scriptures as you can that show people being called to discipleship.

3. In Scripture, the word “disciple(s)” is used a total of 273 times. In all the Bible, the word “Christian(s)” is used a total of three times. List and write out on a separate sheet of paper the three times that the word “Christian(s)” is used in Scripture.

4. Read Matthew 10:25. What is a disciple, according to this verse?


6. Read Luke 14:33. In at least some cases, being Jesus’ disciple meant the literal abandonment of everything, to put the claim of Jesus first. True or False.

7. Read Matthew 19:29. Everyone that has forsaken houses, brothers, sisters, father, mother, wife, children, or lands, for Jesus’ sake, will receive a hundred times as much,
and shall inherit everlasting life. True or False.

8. Read Acts 14:22. Disciples need to continue in the faith. True or False.

9. Read Hebrews 10:14. The real objection that some have to the Scriptures that emphasise discipleship is that to be a “Christian” requires no effort (it is by grace), but to be a “disciple” requires real sacrifice and commitment. The truth is that the redemption of Christ required no effort on our part; it is perfect and requires no effort from us, but Christ’s call was always for our whole and absolute life. True or False.

10. Read Acts 11:26. Christ’s call was not for two kinds of believers, some to be Christians that remain carnal and some to be disciples. In reality, Christians and disciples were supposed to be the same. True or False.

11. Read Matthew 28:19. Jesus’ commission to the believers was to go and make: A. disciples. B. converts of all nations.

12. Read Matthew 28:20. Believers are to teach others to obey everything that Jesus commanded. True or False.

13. Read John 1:12. Jesus did offer His benefits (forgiveness, justification, etc.), but not without taking His person. True or False.

Scriptures to Use with Questions

Matthew 10:25 – “It is enough for the disciple that he be as his master, and the servant as his lord. If they have called the master of the house Beelzebub, how much more shall they call them of his household?”

Luke 14:26 – “If any man come to me, and hate not his father, and mother, and wife, and children, and brethren, and sisters, yea, and his own life also, he cannot be my disciple.”

Luke 14:33 – “So likewise, whosoever he be of you that forsaketh not all that he hath, he cannot be my disciple.”

Matthew 19:29 – “And every one that hath forsaken houses, or brethren, or sisters, or father, or mother, or wife, or children, or lands, for my name’s sake, shall receive an hundredfold, and shall inherit everlasting life.”

Acts 14:22 – “Confirming the souls of the disciples, and exhorting them to continue in the faith, and that we must through much tribulation enter into the kingdom of God.”

Hebrews 10:14 – “For by one offering he hath perfected for ever them that are sanctified.”

Acts 11:26 – “And when he had found him, he brought him unto Antioch. And it came to pass, that a whole year they assembled themselves with the church, and taught much people. And the disciples were called Christians first in Antioch.”

Matthew 28:19 – “Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost.”

Matthew 28:20 – “Teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world. Amen.”
John 1:12 – “But as many as received him, to them gave he power to become the sons of God, even to them that believe on his name.”

Answer Key

1. It may surprise you to know that Jesus never called anyone to become a “Christian,” rather His call was for people to become “disciples.” Look through the Gospels (Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John), and on a separate sheet of paper, find and list as many scriptures as you can that show Jesus’ calling was to discipleship.

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3. In Scripture, the word “disciple(s)” is used a total of 273 times. In all the Bible, the word “Christian(s) is used a total of three times. List and write out on a separate sheet of paper the three times that the word “Christian(s)” is used in Scripture. Acts 11:26, Acts 26:28, and 1 Peter 4:16.

4. Read Matthew 10:25. What is a disciple, according to this verse? **A disciple is one who becomes like his teacher or master.**


6. Read Luke 14:33. In at least some cases, being Jesus’ disciple meant the literal abandonment of everything, to put the claim of Jesus first. **True.**

7. Read Matthew 19:29. Everyone that has forsaken houses, brothers, sisters, father, mother, wife, children, or lands, for Jesus’ sake, will receive a hundred times as much, and shall inherit everlasting life. **True.**

8. Read Acts 14:22. Disciples need to continue in the faith. **True.**

9. Read Hebrews 10:14. The real objection that some have to the Scriptures that emphasise discipleship, is that to be a “Christian” requires no effort (it is by grace), but to be a “disciple” requires real sacrifice and commitment. The truth is that the redemption of Christ required no effort on our part; it is perfect and requires no effort from us, but Christ’s call was always for our whole and absolute life. **True.**

10. Read Acts 11:26. Christ’s call was not for two kinds of believers, some to be Christians that remain carnal and some to be disciples. In reality, Christians and disciples were supposed to be the same. **True.**

11. Read Matthew 28:19. Jesus’ commission to the believers was to go and make: **A. disciples.**

12. Read Matthew 28:20. Believers are to teach others to obey everything that Jesus commanded. **True.**

13. Read John 1:12. Jesus did offer His benefits (forgiveness, justification, etc.), but not without taking His person. **True.**
Today I want to talk to you about using your personal testimony. Acts 5:42 says, “And every day in the temple and from house to house, they kept right on teaching and preaching Jesus as the Christ” (New American Standard Version). Notice that the disciples of the early church met in the temple every day, and from house to house, they kept right on teaching and preaching Jesus as the Christ. Many people feel a house-to-house or door-to-door type of approach is unnatural or uncomfortable. I want to share a few things we’ve learned in actually going out, having doors opened for discipleship, and seeing people converted and turning to Jesus Christ.

It’s not nearly as hard as you’ve been told, and one of the things I noticed in the Scriptures is that the Apostle Paul used his personal testimony three times when talking to an unconverted person. In Acts 9, 22, and 26, he gave his testimony, his experience, and what happened to him as he talked to unbelievers. One of the best approaches we have found in bringing the message of Jesus Christ to other people is what we call “prayer-walking.” We go to a door, knock, and tell them, “We’re just in the area praying for people. We believe God hears and answers prayer, and we wondered if you’re having any problems in your family – health or other problems – and would like for us to pray for you.” Sometimes they say “Well, yes, I have a problem” and want us to pray; other times they feel a little uncomfortable or embarrassed and say, “No, we don’t have any prayer requests at this time.” Then we just begin to tell them our personal testimony.

I say, “I notice you have children. I have three of my own. On December 14, 1981, my girls who were twins were born. The second twin born was stillborn.” They reply, “Oh, I’m so sorry to hear about that.” Then I say, “Don’t be sorry. Let me tell you what happened.” I begin to tell the story. The second twin to be born had a breech birth; that is, she was born feet first. Oxygen was cut off from her sometime during the birth process. She was stillborn; that is, she was born dead.

The midwife picked her up, slapped her (hitting her as hard as she could), suctioned her lungs in case fluid had filled them, did everything she could, and finally gave up. I was like any other father. I just lost my daughter – what am I going to do? At this point, I say to the people at the door, “I would like to ask you, have you ever read much of the Bible?” They say “Well, I’ve read a little bit” or sometimes “No, not really.” I explain, “The reason I’m asking is because the Bible says in Acts 10:38 that Jesus went about doing good, healing all who were oppressed of the devil, for God was with Him. I’m just going to tell you what happened. You can take it or leave it for whatever it means to you, but my baby was dead, and I was thinking that in a few days, we would bury her.” I thought to myself, I just want to hold her. As I went to pick her up, there was an evil presence over her, which the Bible calls a demonic spirit. It physically attacked me and paralysed me momentarily. Immediately when that happened, I said, “In the name of Jesus Christ, I command you, unclean spirit, to get off this baby, and I command life into this child in Jesus’ name.” That little baby, who had never breathed, gasped, took one breath, and then ceased to breathe. I said again, “In the name of Jesus Christ, you unclean spirit, I command you off of this child right now, and life to come into her!” This time she gasped several times, breathed, and continued to breathe.

I call the person I am talking to by name and say, “You know, after a period of about
three minutes, a person without oxygen to the brain has brain damage. My daughter is perfectly normal in every way. We named her Vita, which in Latin means “life,” because we wanted to tell the story of what God did for her. He brought life back into her. From that time on, I’ve studied the Bible a lot, and this is what I’ve discovered: Just like the unclean spirit over my child, there is a kingdom of darkness, a dominion of Satan and his rule, and there is a kingdom of God’s dear Son.

“When Jesus came to the earth, He began to call people out of the kingdom of darkness into His own kingdom through repentance and faith in Him – receiving the forgiveness of sins and turning to follow Him. I don’t know what you believe, but I’m just telling you what happened in my family and in my life. I want to tell you the real reason we’re at your door. Jesus told us to go make disciples. I realise a lot of people are busy and can’t go to church or don’t want to. If you have a question there, you can’t raise your hand and say, ‘Pastor (or priest), what does what you just said mean?’ So this is why we’re coming to your door. In ten minutes we have a concentrated teaching from God’s Word. Then we go to the Scriptures and ask some questions to make sure we all understand. It’s really a dialog that goes back and forth. We’re not preaching at people or telling them what the Bible says but trying to help them discover what it says by asking a few questions.

“Would that interest you? We’ll set up a time at your convenience, come here to your home, and just talk to you and give you the lesson. If you don’t get something out of the very first lesson, if it doesn’t help, encourage, and build you up, you’ll never see our faces again. We’re not here to bother you, to get you to join a church or organisation, or anything like that. We’re only here to tell you what Jesus Christ did for you personally and help you come to understand the Word of God for yourself. There are a lot of things in the Bible we don’t know or understand completely, but we’re here to offer you a short study. Would you be interested in that?” A lot of people have said “Yes, I would be interested,” so we set up a time to go into their homes and begin these discipleship lessons. We’re not there to do what I call “microwave evangelism,” twist their arm, and get them to say a little prayer when they don’t even understand what they’re doing. We follow the discipleship lessons and help them understand Christ and Him crucified.

I told a pastor about our discipleship lessons, and he said, “Don, what happens after the first lesson?” After the first lesson, a person understands what they need to do to respond to Jesus Christ and to receive the mercy and pardon He offers. We’re not high-pressure salesmen. That’s not our approach, but through the first lesson, they’ll come to a realisation of what they need to do from their heart. He then asked, “Well, what happens after lesson 15?” I said, “After lesson 15, if a person has stayed with us, they will have repented of their sins and been water-baptised and baptised with the Holy Spirit. We’re seeing that kind of thing happen, not after lesson 15, but even after lesson 6.”

In Matthew 28, Jesus said to go into the nations and make disciples and, in the process, baptise them in the name of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit. In the midst of discipling, we bring understanding of Jesus Christ and Him crucified to the unbeliever. In bringing that understanding week after week, we build a relationship with them, a friendship. They come to love and trust us. We’re bringing God’s Word to them, not coming to preach at them. We’re reading the Scriptures, getting them to read them, and asking questions in a way that they see the answers from God’s Word for themselves. Week after week, we see people come to a place where they’re willing to openly confess Christ because they know what it means to accept Him, to follow Him, and to be committed to Him. It’s much different than many of the evangelism approaches today.

The way we go out to reach the lost is first of all by personal testimony, and each of us has a personal testimony. Many times we write our own tracts. I wrote one called “The
Death of My Daughter,” which I leave at doors many times. Other people on our Discipleship Evangelism team have written tracts, like “A Slave Set Free,” by Joe Rose, who was bound by alcohol and drugs and “The Death of a Dope Fiend,” by Rocky Forry, who was bound by drugs since he was fifteen years old and Jesus set him free. We tell these testimonies at people’s doors.

Some people say, “But I don’t have a dynamic testimony. I didn’t see my baby raised from the dead after eight minutes.” I realise a lot of people don’t have those kinds of testimonies. You might have a testimony like Andrew Wommack who had the power of God sustain his life, which, throughout his childhood, kept him out of the sin, filth, and ungodliness most people deal with. Each one of us has a testimony, and if you don’t think yours is dynamic enough, use mine. When we first began our Discipleship Evangelism teams and started reaching out to people, Joe Rose used my testimony. After a while, he gave it better than I did, so I’d just say, “Hey, Joe, go ahead and tell them what happened to me.”

If the Apostle Paul used his personal testimony three times in the New Testament in reaching the lost, you can do it too. We have computers today with all kinds of programs: Word Perfect, Microsoft Word, or whatever. It’s very easy to set up a tract of your own personal testimony. It’s much more effective to say, “This is not something I bought at a Bible book store. It’s what happened to me that I’m sharing with you.”

I’d like for you to sit down and begin to write your personal testimony – what happened to you – how you came to Jesus Christ. Then give your testimony to someone as if you were presenting it at someone’s door.

If you need more information on this subject, go to my website: www.krowtracts.com and look at the information on “Tips on Sharing Your Faith.” Write your personal testimony, practice presenting it, and study “Tips on Sharing Your Faith.” It is very important that you study it – not just read it – as you go out and evangelise the nations, one person at a time. God bless you.

Discipleship Questions

1. Read Mark 16:15. Who is the Gospel to be proclaimed to?

2. Read Matthew 28:19-20. Who should be discipled?


4. Read Mark 4:11-12. Before true conversion can take place, a person must:
   A. see
   B. perceive
   C. hear
   D. understand
   E. all of the above

5. Read Acts 28:23-24. When Paul expounded and testified about the Gospel, how long did he do so in order to convince people of the claims of Jesus?
6. Read Acts 16:14. When someone truly turns to Christ, what has to be opened?

_______________________________________________________________________

7. Read Acts 2:37. What happens when a person’s heart is opened and they are convicted?

_______________________________________________________________________

8. Read Acts 16:31, 2:38. And what is a person to do?

_______________________________________________________________________

9. Read Acts 2:42 and John 8:31-32. And then what is a person to do?

_______________________________________________________________________

10. Read Romans 10:14-15. In reverse order (in these scriptures), how does a person come to Christ?

_______________________________________________________________________

**Scriptures to Use with Questions**

Mark 16:15 – “And he said unto them, Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature.”

Matthew 28:19-20 – “[19] Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost: [20] Teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world. Amen.”

Acts 8:5, 26 – “[5] Then Philip went down to the city of Samaria, and preached Christ unto them. [26] And the angel of the Lord spake unto Philip, saying, Arise, and go toward the south unto the way that goeth down from Jerusalem unto Gaza, which is desert.”

Acts 16:13-15, 23 – “[13] And on the sabbath we went out of the city by a river side, where prayer was wont to be made; and we sat down, and spake unto the women which resorted thither. [14] And a certain woman named Lydia, a seller of purple, of the city of Thyatira, which worshipped God, heard us: whose heart the Lord opened, that she attended unto the things which were spoken of Paul. [15] And when she was baptized, and her household, she besought us, saying, If ye have judged me to be faithful to the Lord, come into my house, and abide there. And she constrained us. [23] And when they had laid many stripes upon them, they cast them into prison, charging the jailer to keep them safely.”

Acts 20:20-21 – “[20] And how I kept back nothing that was profitable unto you, but have shown you, and have taught you publicly, and from house to house, [21] Testifying both to the Jews, and also to the Greeks, repentance toward God, and faith toward our Lord Jesus Christ.”

Mark 4:11-12 – “[11] And he said unto them, Unto you it is given to know the mystery of the kingdom of God: but unto them that are without, all these things are done in parables: [12] That seeing they may see, and not perceive; and hearing they may hear, and not understand; lest at any time they should be converted, and their sins should be forgiven them.”

Acts 28:23-24 – “[23] And when they had appointed him a day, there came many to him into his lodging; to whom he expounded and testified the kingdom of God, persuading them concerning Jesus, both out of the law of Moses, and out of the prophets, from morning till
evening. [24] And some believed the things which were spoken, and some believed not.”

Acts 16:14 – “And a certain woman named Lydia, a seller of purple, of the city of Thyatira, which worshipped God, heard us: whose heart the Lord opened, that she attended unto the things which were spoken of Paul.”

Acts 2:37 – “Now when they heard this, they were pricked in their heart, and said unto Peter and to the rest of the apostles, Men and brethren, what shall we do?”

Acts 16:31 – “And they said, Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved, and thy house.”

Acts 2:38 – “Then Peter said unto them, Repent, and be baptized every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins, and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost.”

Acts 2:42 – “And they continued steadfastly in the apostles' doctrine and fellowship, and in breaking of bread, and in prayers.”

John 8:31-32 – “[31] Then said Jesus to those Jews which believed on him, If ye continue in my word, then are ye my disciples indeed; [32] And ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free.”

Romans 10:14-15 – “[14] How then shall they call on him in whom they have not believed? and how shall they believe in him of whom they have not heard? and how shall they hear without a preacher? [15] And how shall they preach, except they be sent? as it is written, How beautiful are the feet of them that preach the gospel of peace, and bring glad tidings of good things!”

Answer Key

1. Read Mark 16:15. Who is the Gospel to be proclaimed to? Every creature, everyone.

2. Read Matthew 28:19-20. Who should be discipled? The people of all nations.


4. Read Mark 4:11-12. Before true conversion can take place, a person must: E. All of the above

5. Read Acts 28:23-24. When Paul expounded and testified about the gospel, how long did he do so in order to convince people of the claims of Jesus? From morning till evening, probably around six to eight hours.

6. Read Acts 16:14. When someone truly turns to Christ, what has to be opened? The heart, the centre-most part of man’s being.

7. Read Acts 2:37. What happens when a person’s heart is opened and they are convicted? If they respond correctly, they will ask, “What shall I do?”

8. Read Acts 16:31, 2:38. And what is a person to do? Repent and believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and be baptised.
9. Read Acts 2:42 and John 8:31-32. And then what is a person to do? **Continue in the apostle’s doctrine (teaching). Continue to learn and practice Jesus’ words.**

10. Read Romans 10:14-15. In reverse order (in these scriptures), how does a person come to Christ? **Someone is sent. Someone is preached, or proclaimed, to. Because they hear the message of Christ, they can believe. Because they believe, they call on the name of the Lord for salvation.**
Level 3 - Lesson 16

USING EVERYONE’S GIFTS TO DISCIPLE

By Don Krow

Today we want to talk about using everyone’s gifts to disciple. They can be used. We’ve been working with this discipleship program for many months with great success, seeing people’s lives changed by being born again, baptised in the Holy Spirit, and water baptised. One day I was talking to a friend and said, “We’re missing some things – they’re falling through the cracks.” He said, “I thought everything was working great. What do you mean?”

What I’m going to share with you is how to bring an inward church – where people just sit, listen to the pastor, and go home – to be an outward church where they reach beyond the four walls of the church building. These are the real statistics: 95 percent of all Christians have never led anybody to the Lord and 90 percent of evangelism is directed toward Christians. The church building is the most evangelised area in the world. We evangelise the Sunday school rooms, and we evangelise the sanctuary. The way we evangelise the building, you would think the church needs converting.

It wasn’t until the third century under Constantine that church buildings came into being. Since that time, as far as reaching out to the lost, the church has gone inward and hid behind the walls of the church buildings. We want to talk about reaching out beyond those walls to turn an inward church into an outward church. Statistically, there are only 0.5 percent (less than one percent) of programmes that reach beyond the four walls of our buildings. That says there is no major denomination in the United States today that has a plan to really reach the lost. Reaching and discipling people outside our church buildings is a part of Christianity that needs to be rediscovered.

Through the Reformation, Martin Luther brought the revelation of justification through faith to the church’s attention. In the 1800s, mass evangelism came through John Wesley. But it seems that personal one-on-one discipling and evangelism has not been rediscovered since the Apostles. You may say, “I don’t know how.” Through this programme, we definitely will show you how – it’s very easy. We’ll show you how easy it is to work with people and to meet new people at the door through using your testimony. This is what I want to focus on now. This is the good news.

How would you like to do just what you want to do, not what somebody else wants you to do (that you really don’t want to do), but exactly what you want to do? That’s what we’re talking about. When I show people how Discipleship Evangelism works, saying, “Look, this is what we’re doing: We’re touching people’s lives. They’re being saved, born again, filled with the Holy Spirit, and water-baptised,” People say, “That’s great!” But if I said “Now, how many of you want to go with me,” there would be maybe three of you out of two hundred, because the rest of them are scared or don’t know how to do it. Or, if I said, “Now, forget about it. Don’t worry about it; you don’t have to be afraid. We’ll go out and get the Bible studies and set up discipleship lessons for you.” How many would want to teach? There would be more then – about ten or twelve – saying, “Yes, I want to teach.” But it wouldn’t go beyond that.

What we want to do is show you how every gift in the body of Christ can be used to reach the lost, to love and disciple them. It will take every gift, and those gifts are found
only in the body of Christ, the local church. Some of you say, “I like to pray for the baptism of the Holy Spirit, healing, and things like that.” Well, there’s a time in our discipleship when we can bring you in just for that purpose. Other people say, “I’m not comfortable with that,” but can you bake a pie? Can you send a card? Can you make a phone call? Can you paint a fence? Can you baby-sit for a single mom we’re ministering to and give her an hour to herself so she can get out of the house? Can you do the practical things? What about intercession? Some of you are called to intercede, to pray. We’ll show you the people we’re ministering to, give you their names, and you can be praying and interceding, alone or in groups, for them and for the Discipleship Evangelism teams that go out each week.

There is room for everyone to reach out to others, to disciple. We have a programme where every gift can be used. We’re developing teams of a teacher and a teacher’s assistant who go out in a discipleship capacity to minister. Then two people in the helps ministry come in behind them to do practical things, like giving food, baking a pie, or calling to see how things are going. We also have people who are interceding for us and the people we minister to.

Do you know what we’re seeing? We’re seeing God change people’s lives because they are being pastored and cared for, because His love is being shown to them. And do you know who is doing the work of the ministry? It’s being done by the ones who are supposed to do it – the people. Ephesians 4:11 says the apostle, prophet, evangelist, pastor, and teacher are given to perfect the saints so they can do the work of the ministry. The church is doing the work of the ministry, not only the man at the front called “the pastor.” When the pastor teaches and equips the church for works of service and they go and do them, that is true success.

Let me illustrate. If we declared war on another nation and our president said, “We lose too many men in war, so I have decided to do away with the army and send just the generals out there to fight.” The rest of the world would laugh at us, and really that’s what’s happening. The devil is laughing at us because we have sent the generals, the five-fold ministry, to do it all. “Let them do it – we’re paying them to do it.” We have failed to develop an army. God wants to develop that army, and every one of our gifts can be used in Discipleship Evangelism.

We want to help create an army, equipped with powerful tools to disciple – not just here in our city – but reaching around the world. It can be done through the tools we have developed, the discipleship lessons and all of the strategies God has given us.

God bless you as everyone comes together to use their gifts to minister to the lost, to the new believer, and to keep Jesus’ commandment to go and disciple the nations.

Discipleship Questions

1. The following is a brief description of the way that we put teams together to evangelise, disciple, and reach the lost. Your church body may sign up for any of these teams. If you continue with follow up, using all of your gifts to minister, you can bring a person into the kingdom and onto maturity quickly. The following is a questionnaire that you are to give to your church members. Then organise teams to do the follow up.

   This is what I am interested in doing: (tick one or more)
   ___ Contacting new people at their door.
   ___ Teaching discipleship lessons.
   ___ Intercession: Praying for the lost and the Discipleship Evangelism teams.
Giving food or other items to families in need.

Contacting others by phone or visitation.

Kindness Evangelism: Baking food for others, sending a card, helping in any way you can.

Working with single moms and children.

Providing transportation to church, etc.

Other: I want to _____________________________________________________

2. The following is a sample of a discipleship follow up form that is to be used after teaching a discipleship lesson. This form will show the pastor or those in authority how many lessons have been taught and the results in each study.

Discipleship Follow-Up Results Form

Date of visit/lesson: ______________________________________________________

Person(s) teaching the lesson: ______________________________________________

Name(s) of persons being visited/taught: ______________________________________

Location of presentation: __________________________________________________

Subject of Lesson: _______________________________________________________

How did this study go?
_______________________________________________________________________
_______________________________________________________________________
_______________________________________________________________________

3. Read James 1:22. If we just hear God’s Word but never put it into practice, what have we done? ______________________________________________________________

4. Read Matthew 7:24-27. In order to be a wise man, we must not only hear the sayings of Jesus, but we must do what? ____________________________

5. Read Ephesians 4:11-12. Who is to do the work of the ministry?
______________________________________________________________________

6. Read Acts 8: 1, 4. Who went everywhere preaching the Word?
______________________________________________________________________

7. Read Acts 8:1, 4. Who did not go everywhere preaching the Word?
______________________________________________________________________

8. Read Acts 11:19-22. In the early New Testament church, the believers did the work of the ministry, and it was followed up by apostolic leadership and instruction. In our churches today, it’s the leadership that starts things and the believers then follow. How does Acts 11:19-22 verify this statement?
______________________________________________________________________

9. Read 1 Corinthians 12:14-18. Each part of the body of Christ is necessary. We should not compare ourselves among ourselves. Rather, total commitment to Christ is not doing everything but doing what God has equipped you to do. What will you do with the information you’ve received in this lesson?
______________________________________________________________________

Scriptures to Use with Questions
James 1:22 – “But be ye doers of the word, and not hearers only, deceiving your own selves.”

Matthew 7:24-27 – “[24] Therefore whosoever heareth these sayings of mine, and doeth them, I will liken him unto a wise man, which built his house upon a rock: [25] And the rain descended, and the floods came, and the winds blew, and beat upon that house; and it fell not: for it was founded upon a rock. [26] And every one that heareth these sayings of mine, and doeth them not, shall be likened unto a foolish man, which built his house upon the sand: [27] And the rain descended, and the floods came, and the winds blew, and beat upon that house; and it fell: and great was the fall of it.”

Ephesians 4:11-12 – “[11] And he gave some, apostles; and some, prophets; and some, evangelists; and some, pastors and teachers; [12] For the perfecting of the saints, for the work of the ministry, for the edifying of the body of Christ.”

Acts 8:1, 4 – “[1] And Saul was consenting unto his death. And at that time there was a great persecution against the church which was at Jerusalem; and they were all scattered abroad throughout the regions of Judaea and Samaria, except the apostles. [4] Therefore they that were scattered abroad went every where preaching the word.”

Acts 11:19-22 – “[19] Now they which were scattered abroad upon the persecution that arose about Stephen travelled as far as Phenice, and Cyprus, and Antioch, preaching the word to none but unto the Jews only. [20] And some of them were men of Cyprus and Cyrene, which, when they were come to Antioch, spake unto the Grecians, preaching the Lord Jesus. [21] And the hand of the Lord was with them: and a great number believed, and turned unto the Lord. [22] Then tidings of these things came unto the ears of the church which was in Jerusalem: and they sent forth Barnabas, that he should go as far as Antioch.”

1 Corinthians 12:14-18 – “[14] For the body is not one member, but many. [15] If the foot shall say, Because I am not the hand, I am not of the body; is it therefore not of the body? [16] And if the ear shall say, Because I am not the eye, I am not of the body; is it therefore not of the body? [17] If the whole body were an eye, where were the hearing? If the whole were hearing, where were the smelling? [18] But now hath God set the members every one of them in the body, as it hath pleased him.”

**Answer Key**

1. The following is a brief description of the way that we put teams together to evangelise, disciple, and reach the lost. Your church body may sign up for any of these teams. If you continue with follow up, using all of your gifts to minister, you can bring a person into the kingdom and onto maturity quickly. The following is a questionnaire that you are to give to your church members. Then organise teams to do the follow up.

   This is what I am interested in doing: (Check one or more)
   - ___ Contacting new people at their door
   - ___ Teaching discipleship lessons
   - ___ Intercession: Praying for the lost and the Discipleship Evangelism teams
   - ___ Giving food or other items to families in need
   - ___ Contacting others by phone or visitation
   - ___ Kindness Evangelism: Baking food for others, sending a card, helping in any way you can.
   - ___ Working with single moms and children
   - ___ Providing transportation to church, etc.
2. The following is a sample of a discipleship follow up form that is to be used after teaching a discipleship lesson. This form will show the pastor or those in authority how many lessons have been taught and the results in each study.

Discipleship Follow-Up Results Form

Date of visit/lesson: ________________________________________________
Person(s) teaching the lesson: ____________________________________________
Name(s) of persons being visited/taught: _________________________________
Location of presentation: ________________________________________________
Subject of Lesson: _____________________________________________________
How did this study go?
_____________________________________________________________________
_____________________________________________________________________
_____________________________________________________________________

3. Read James 1:22. If we just hear God’s Word but never put it into practice, what have we done? **We have deceived ourselves.**

4. Read Matthew 7:24-27. In order to be a wise man, we must not only hear the sayings of Jesus, but we must do what? **We must do them.**

5. Read Ephesians 4:11-12. Who is to do the work of the ministry? **The saints, not a certain class of people referred to as clergy.**

6. Read Acts 8:1, 4. Who went everywhere preaching the Word? **The believers that were scattered abroad.**

7. Read Acts 8:1, 4. Who did not go everywhere preaching the Word? **The apostles. We see from this that the early New Testament church were the ones responsible for discipleship and evangelism.**

8. Read Acts 11:19-22. In the early New Testament church, the believers did the work of the ministry, and it was followed up by apostolic leadership and instruction. In our churches today, it’s the leadership that starts things and the believers then follow. How does Acts 11:19-22 verify this statement? **The church heard of the conversion of new believers and sent Barnabas to go and help them (verse 22).**

9. Read 1 Corinthians 12:14-18. Each part of the body of Christ is necessary. We should not compare ourselves among ourselves. Rather, total commitment to Christ is not doing everything but doing what God has equipped you to do. What will you do with the information you’ve received in this lesson? **Hopefully, putting it into practice by going out and using my gifts to help others.**
Charis Bible College Discipleship Follow-Up
Results Form

Date of Visit: __________________________________
Trainer Name: _________________________________

Name(s) of person(s) attending study:

________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

Location where study took place: _________________________________________

Age Group:  Adult _____________ Teen _______________ Child _______________

Marital Status:   ____ Single        ____Married         ____ Divorced          ____ Unknown

Children at home: ________________________________________________________

Occupation: ______________________________________________________________

Church Affiliation: _________________________________________________________

Lesson No: _________________     Subject of Lesson: __________________________

How did the study go?
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

(Use back of page if needed.)

Appointment made for next study?   Yes    No

Appointment Date and Time ________________________________________________